Results Presentation

For the half year ended 31 December 2008

Ralph Norris CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

David Craig CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER



Determined to be different

11 February 2009

Commonwealth Bank of Australia ACN 123 123 124

Disclaimer

The material that follows is a presentation of general background information about the Bank's activities current at the date of the presentation, 11 February 2009. It is information given in summary form and does not purport to be complete. It is not intended to be relied upon as advice to investors or potential investors and does not take into account the investment objectives, financial situation or needs of any particular investor. These should be considered, with or without professional advice when deciding if an investment is appropriate.









David Craig, CFO – Financial Overview

Questions and Answers







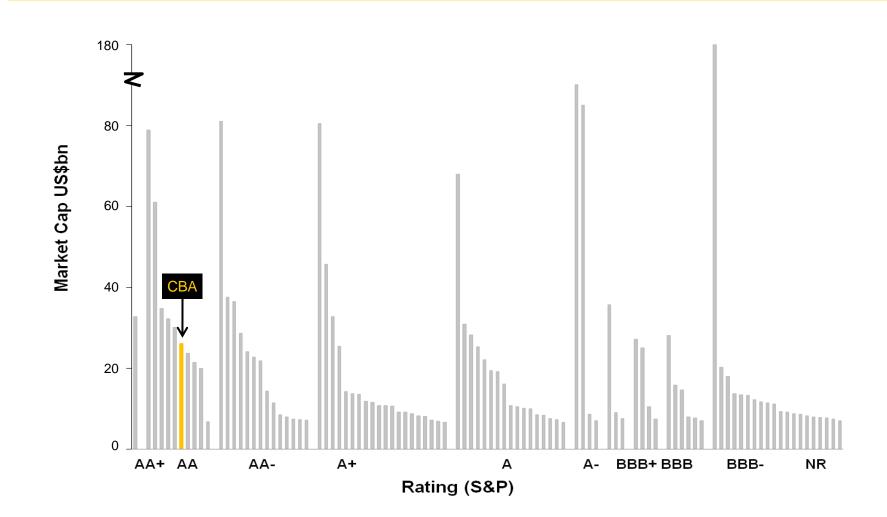
Strength in uncertain times

- A solid operating result in an increasingly difficult environment:
 - Strong Banking income result
 - Good volume and market share gains
 - Cost discipline
- Strong capital and funding positions
- Increased provisions
- Strategy on track and delivering
- Well positioned for medium to longer term





Credit ratings of largest 100 banks







A solid operating result

	Dec 08	Dec 08 vs Dec 07	
Operating Income (\$m)	8,016	15%	
Statutory NPAT (\$m)	2,573	9%	
Cash NPAT (\$m)	2,013	(16%)	
Cash EPS (cents)	146.3	(19%)	
Return on Equity – Cash (%)	15.0	(580)bpts	
Dividend per Share – Fully Franked (cents)	113	-	









Managing in uncertain times

Co-ordinated risk management response:

- Overseen by CFO and CRO
- > Daily management meetings during liquidity crunch
- Weekly Executive Risk Committee meetings
- > Extensive and ongoing portfolio review across sectors/industries/geographies
- Ongoing stress testing

Treasury and funding:

- Consistent/disciplined approach to funding in difficult markets
- Responsive asset re-pricing as funding costs change
- Effective management of interest rate risk

Focused management:

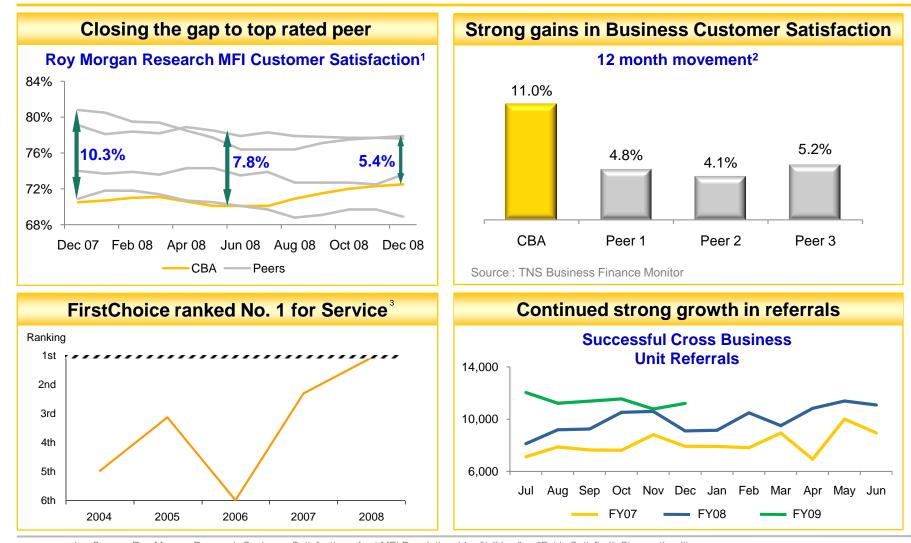
- Determined not to be distracted from day-to-day business and strategy
- Reflecting in strong volumes, market share gains and income growth
- Disciplined cost management







Strong customer satisfaction gains





Source: Roy Morgan Research Customer Satisfaction. Aust MFI Population 14+, % "Very" or "Fairly Satisfied". Six month rolling average. Source: TNS Business Finance Monitor Dec 08. Customer satisfaction with MFI – businesses with annual turnover to \$100m (ex Agribusinesses). All time periods refer to a 12 month rolling average. Percentage point change refers to the increase / decrease of each bank's customers who are satisfied. Satisfaction is based on business customers who said they were Very or Fairly Satisfied with their relationship with their MF.

Source: Wealth Insights 2004-08 Mastertrust Service Level Survey - as ranked by financial advisers.

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Market shares

		Dec 08		Jun 08	Dec 07	
	СВА	BankWest	Combined	CBA	CBA	
Retail Banking Services						Adjusting for restatements, Jun 08 Home loan market share
Home loans	20.3%	3.0%	23.3%	19.2%	18.8%	would be 19.4% and Dec 07
Credit cards	18.2%	2.7%	20.9%	18.3%	18.5%	Home loan market share would
Personal lending	14.2%	6.1%	20.3%	15.8%	16.7%	be 19.0%
Household deposits	29.1%	3.5%	32.6%	29.1%	28.9%-	
Retail deposits	23.2%	n/a	23.2%	23.4%	22.0%	Adjusting for restatements,
						Jun 08 Household deposit
Premium Business Services						market share would be 29.3%
Business lending - APRA	13.5%	4.7%		13.6%	13.9%	and Dec 07 Household deposit market share would be 28.4%
Business lending - RBA	13.2%	n/a	13.2%	13.3%	13.8%	market share would be 20.4%
Business deposits - APRA	17.2%	4.8%	22.0%	16.6%	15.9%	
Equities trading (CommSec): Total	6.0%	n/a	6.0%	6.3%	6.4%	
Equities trading (CommSec): On-line	62.6%	n/a	62.6%	59.9%	57.0%	
Wealth Management						
Australian retail funds - administrator view	14.0%	n/a	14.0%	14.0%	14.1%	
FirstChoice platform	9.6%	n/a	9.6%	9.7%	9.6%	
Australia life insurance (total risk)	14.8%	n/a	14.8%	14.7%	14.1%	
Australia life insurance (individual risk)	13.2%	n/a	13.2%	13.2%	13.0%	
International Financial Services						
NZ lending for housing	23.4%	n/a	23.4%	23.3%	23.0%	
NZ retail deposits	21.6%	n/a	21.6%	21.2%	21.3%	
NZ life insurance	31.7%	n/a	31.7%	31.7%	31.8%	





Strong growth in key markets

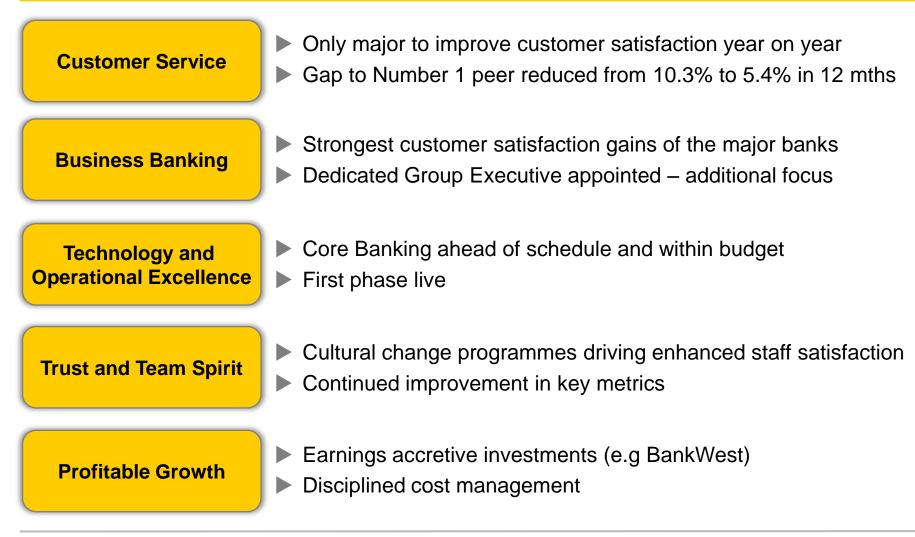
	Dec 08 v	Balance Growth ec 08 vs Dec 07 %			CBA et Share %	CBA + BankWest Market Share %	
	СВА	System		Dec 08	Dec 08 vs Dec 07		Dec 08
Home Lending*	15.8	7.9		20.3	1.35 1		23.3
Household Deposits*	21.7	19.0		29.1	0.64 🕇		32.6
Business Lending	8.8	11.9		13.5	(0.40)		18.2
Business Deposits	21.4	12.1		17.2	1.30 🕇		22.0





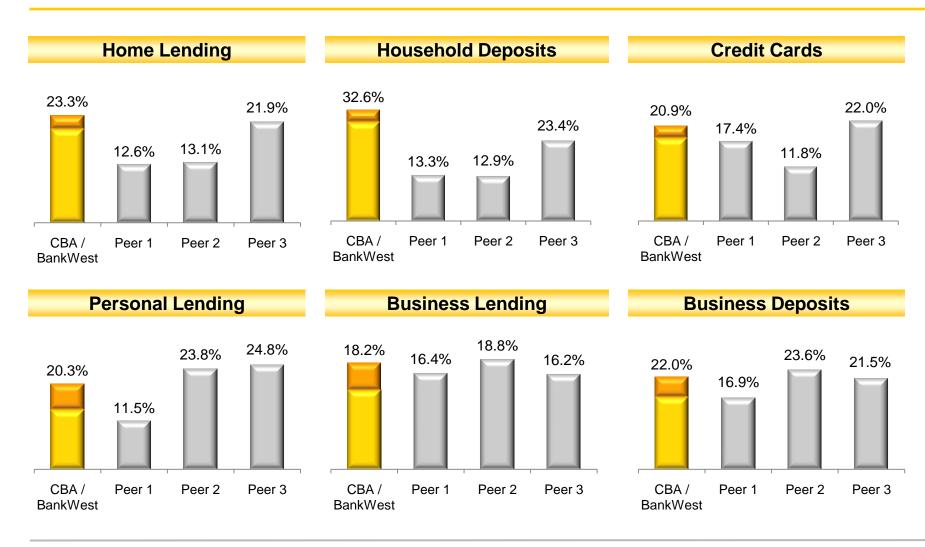


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Market shares







Profitable growth

- Low-risk strategic agenda
- Targeted investment and acquisition programme
- Focus on key growth opportunities / markets
- Earnings accretive investments
- Well positioned for medium to longer term













Outlook

- Increasingly difficult global and domestic outlook
- Slowing domestic economy, with broad customer impacts
- Interest rate cuts and Government stimulatory actions to soften impact
- Group remains cautious about the short to medium term outlook
- Continued focus on managing for difficult times:
 - Strong capital position
 - Broad funding base
 - High levels of liquidity
 - Increased provisioning









Results Presentation

For the half year ended 31 December 2008

David Craig CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER



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11 February 2009

Commonwealth Bank of Australia ACN 123 123 124



A solid operating result

	Dec 08 \$m	Dec 07 \$m	Dec 08 vs Dec 07
Operating income	8,016	6,974	15%
Operating expenses	3,551	3,378	5%
Operating performance	4,465	3,596	24%
Impairment expense	1,607	333	Large
Net profit before tax and investment experience	2,858	3,263	(12%)
Tax and Minorities	713	906	(21%)
Underlying NPAT	2,145	2,357	(9%)
Investment experience	(132)	28	Large
Cash NPAT	2,013	2,385	(16%)





Other key information

Gain on BankWest acquisition:

 Provisional estimates included in 1H09 result. Fair value procedures to be completed by Jun 09

Treasury shares valuation adjustment:

- CBA shares held within life insurance statutory funds (on behalf of policyholders) result in an Income Statement mismatch
- When the Bank's share price falls, income is recognised for the decrease in liability to policyholders, with no offsetting loss recognised on the "treasury shares"

Hedging and AIFRS volatility:

 Unrealised accounting gains and losses arising from the application of "AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement"





Statutory Profit up 9%

	Dec 0 \$n		Dec 07 \$m	Dec 08 vs Dec 07
Cash NPAT	2,01	3	2,385	(16%)
Gain on BankWest acquisition	54	7	-	
Defined Benefits superannuation plan	(13	3)	(4)	
Treasury shares valuation adjustment	3	4	(13)	
Hedging AIFRS volatility	8)	3)	3	
Statutory NPAT	2,57	3	2,371	9%

- Provisional estimate, net of \$450m overlay to the collective provision
- Fair value procedures to be completed by Jun 09, including valuation of intangible assets and restructuring provisions





Other key information

	6 months			
% of total group operating income	D)ec 08	Jun 08	Dec 07
Net interest income		57%	54%	56%
Other banking income		25%	24%	22%
Funds management income		13%	16%	16%
Insurance income		5%	6%	6%
Total		100%	100%	100%

Dec 08 vs Dec 07

18%

Av interest earning assets (\$m) *	436,722	400,678	370,819
Net interest income (\$m)	4,543	4,008	3,899
Net interest margin (AIFRS)	2.04%	1.98%	2.06%

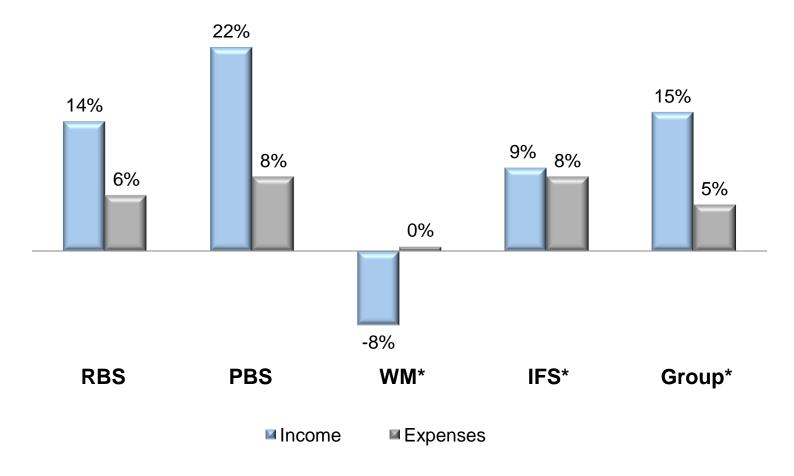
* Excluding securitisation





Strong "Jaws" at Group level









Investing for the future

Investment spend (\$m)

		Expensed	Capitalised	Total
Growth projects	 Core Banking Modernisation Finest online Scheme debit card First Choice Plus 	82	229	311
Productivity projects	 Straight through process (WM) Home loan simplification Retail collections transformation Darling park relocation 	108	102	210
Risk and compliance projects	 Data direct charging CommSec remediation Anti-Money Laundering IT Infrastructure 	18	38	56
	1H09	208	369	577
	1H08	302	136	438
			Increase	139





32%

Expenses down 3% on prior half

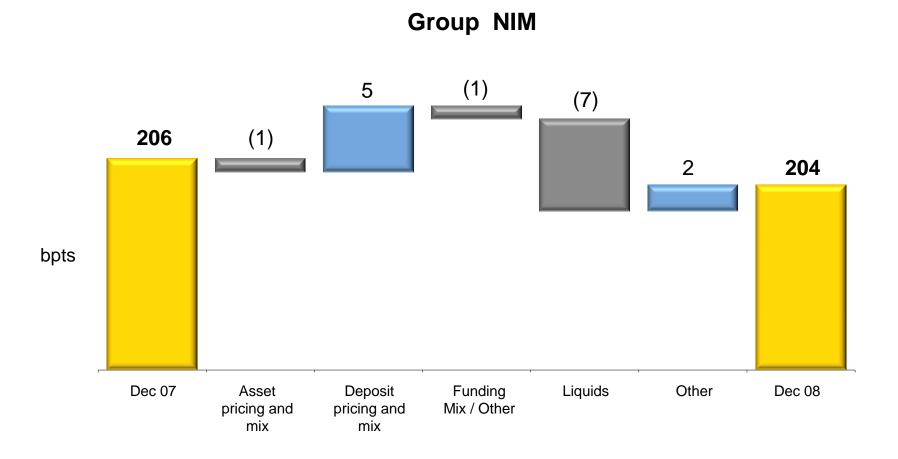
	Dec 08 \$m	Jun 08 \$m	Dec 07 \$m	Dec 08 vs Jun 08	Dec 08 vs Dec 07	
Staff expenses	1,881	1,881	1,780	-	6%	
Occupancy and equipment	409	394	373	4%	10%	
IT Services	380	410	416	(7%)	(9%)	
Postage and stationery	108	109	108	(1%)	-	
Fees and commissions	390	428	390	(9%)	-	Underlying growth of 3%
Advertising, marketing etc	177	188	160	(6%)	11%	ex GST credits and
Other	206	233	151	(12%)	36%	IWL/ANK investments
Total operating expenses	3,551	3,643	3,378	(3%)	5%	





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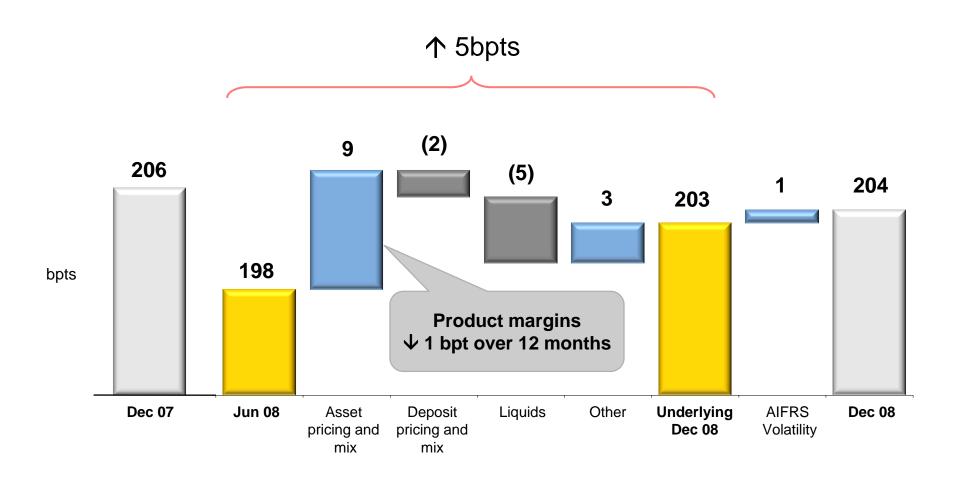
NIM - 12 month movement







Underlying NIM up 5bpts since Jun 08





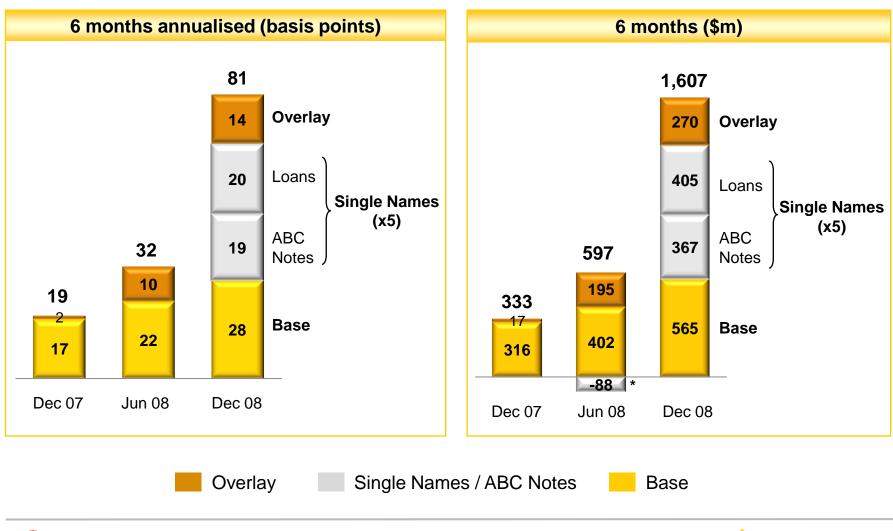


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Impairment expense



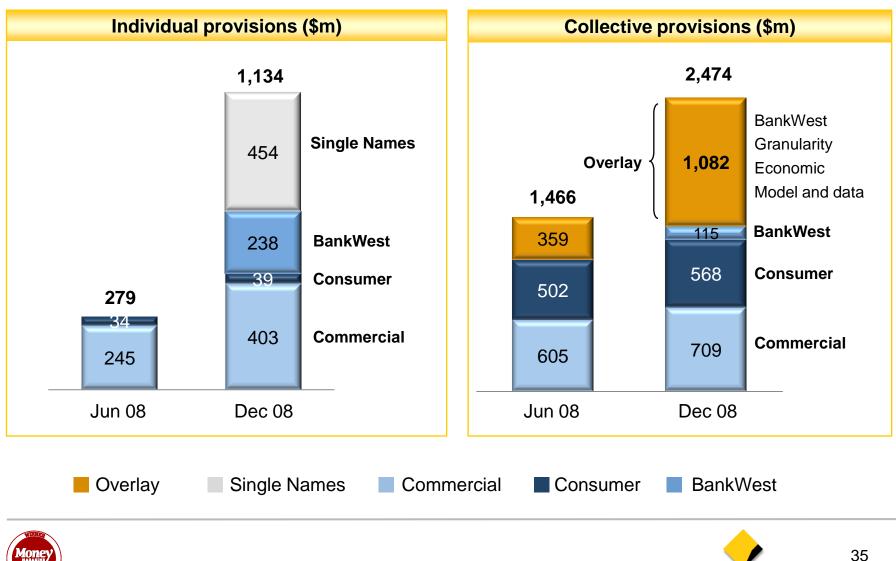


Mark to market trading losses on ABC Learning convertible notes previously classified within Other Banking Income.





Increased provisions



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Exposure Mix

	Re	gulatory E	Mix	CBA Expected Loss	
	CBA	Peer 1	1 Peer 2 Peer 3		(bpts)
Residential Mortgages	49%	36%	36%	42%	8
Corporate, SME & Spec Lending	31%	43%	44%	41%	39
Bank	12%	10%	18%	9%	3
Sovereign	5%	2%	-	3%	1
Qualifying Revolving	2%	4%	2%	4%	192
Other Retail	1%	5%	1%	1%	200
Total Advanced *	100%	100%	100%	100%	25

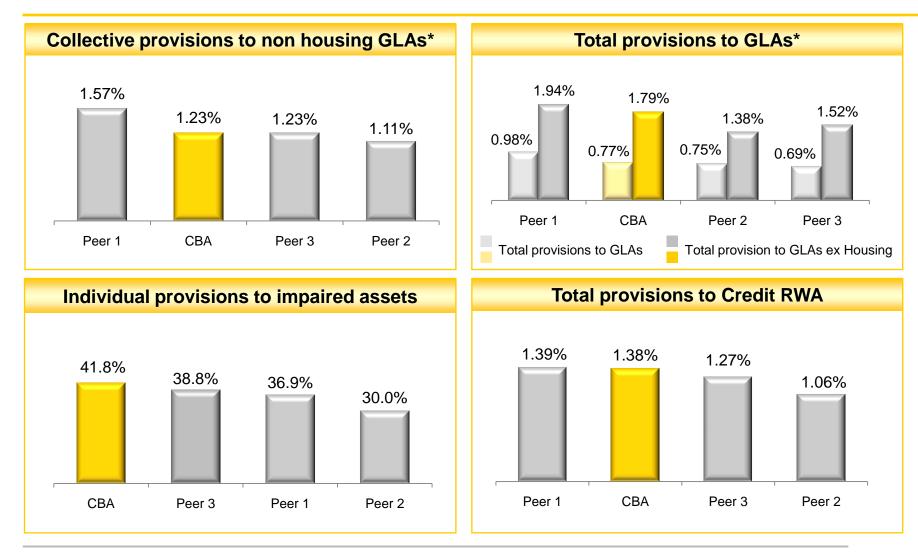
* Includes Specialised lending. Excludes Standardised, Other Assets and Securitisation (representing 6% of Peer 1, 22% of Peer 2 and 6% of Peer 3). Exposure mix re-baselined to total 100% for comparison.







Improved provision coverage



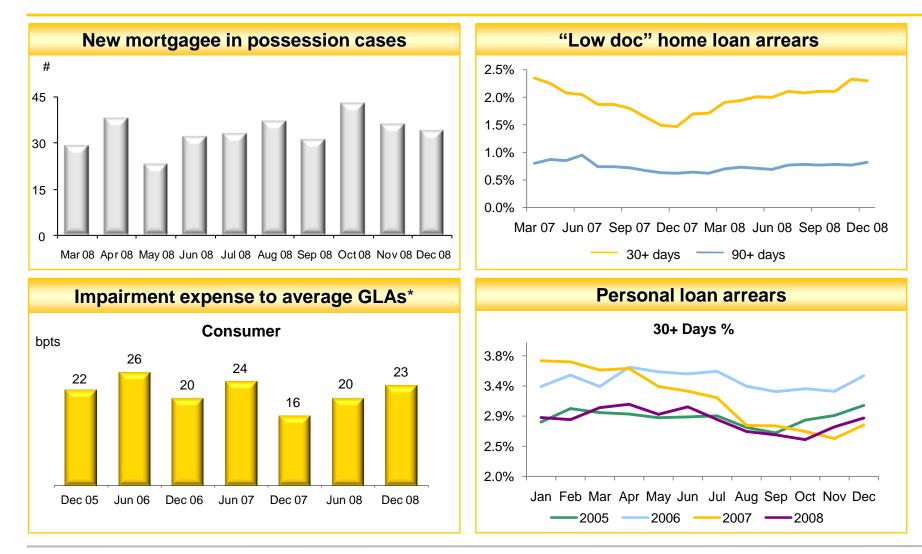


* Gross Loans and Acceptances.
 CBA includes BankWest (estimated Basel I RWAs used)

Peers as at Sep 08. Some normalisation adjustments made for comparison purposes.



Other key information





Ex-BankWest

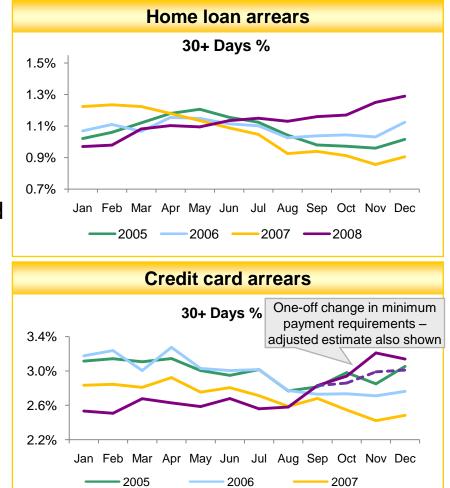
* Gross Loans and Acceptances. Impairment Expense annualised.

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Sound consumer credit quality

- Home lending:
 - Portfolio quality remains sound
 - Uptick in arrears off low base
 - > 70% paid in advance avg 7 mths
 - Avg LVR 37% on current values
 - Loans > 80% LVR mortgage insured
- Personal lending remains sound
- Credit cards:
 - Impacted by one-off change in repayment requirements
 - Now trending to more traditional profile



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Other key information

Margin Lending					
	6 months				
	Dec 08 Jun 08				
Portfolio size	~\$5.5bn	~\$8bn			
Aggregated Gearing	45%	42%			
Margin calls	64,245	18,548			
Forced sales	<4.6%	<3.5%			
Losses / Write-Offs	\$15.4m	\$5.7m			
Loss % of Book	0.27%	0.06%			

Expected loss by Business Unit [*]					
	Dec 08	Jun 08			
Retail Banking Services	0.21%	0.22%			
Premium Business Services	0.33%	0.29%			
International Financial Services	0.23%	0.21%			
Group 0.25% 0.24%					



Ex-BankWest

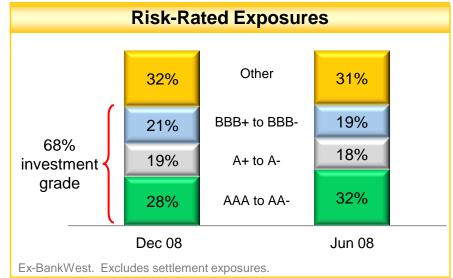


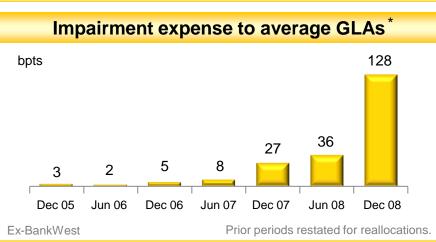
Expected loss focuses on the anticipated longer term loss rates and is less volatile than AIFRS credit loss provisioning.



Commercial Credit Quality

- Known single names covered
- Book quality remains sound:
 - No systemic issues
 - 68% investment grade
 - No exposure to foreign sub-prime
 - Net CDO/CLO exposure ~\$50m
- Extensive portfolio review:
 - 627 exposures independently reviewed
 - Covering \$93bn or 62% of all nonbank institutional lending
 - Focus on logical hot-spots
 - No new issues







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Solid operating performance

	Dec 08 \$m	Dec 07 \$m	Dec 08 vs Dec 07
Retail Banking Services	1,833	1,531	20%
Premium Business Services	1,499	1,130	33%
Wealth Management	450	543	(17%)
International Financial Services	380	347	10%
Corporate Centre	358	66	Large
Eliminations/Unallocated	(55)	(21)	(Large)
Operating Performance	4,465	3,596	24%
Impairment Expense	1,607	333	Large
Investment Experience	(183)	42	(Large)
Tax and Minority Interests	662	920	(28%)
Cash NPAT	2,013	2,385	(16%)





Other key information – 6 month movements

		Dec 08	Jun 08	Dec 07	Dec 08 vs Dec 07
Net interest income	Home loans	719	527	651	10%
	Consumer finance	447	403	376	19%
	Retail deposits	1,246	1,258	1,123	11%
		2,412	2,188	2,150	12%
Other banking income	Home loans	82	70	71	15%
	Consumer finance	218	181	165	32%
	Retail deposits	356	351	328	9%
	Distribution	116	86	87	33%
		772	688	651	19%
Total banking income	Home loans	801	597	722	11%
	Consumer finance	665	584	541	23%
	Retail deposits	1,602	1,609	1,451	10%
	Distribution	116	86	87	33%
		3,184	2,876	2,801	14%
Operating expenses		1,351	1,349	1,270	6%
Impairment expense		237	190	141	68%
Expense to income		42.4%	46.9%	45.3%	(6%)
Cash net profit after tax		1,119	936	975	15%





Retail Banking Services

Strong volume growth:		Dec 08 \$m	Dec 08 vs Dec 07
Home loans 16%	Home loans	801	11%
Deposits	Consumer finance	665	23%
Continuing market share gains:	Retail deposits	1,602	10%
	Distribution	116	33%
➢ Home loans ↑ 1.35%	Total banking income	3,184	14%
Deposits	Operating expenses	1,351	6%
Home loan margin still 12 bpts	Operating performance	1,833	20%
below pre-crisis levels	Impairment expense	237	68%
Expenses flat on prior half -	Тах	477	15%
expense to income now 42.4%	Cash net profit after tax	1,119	15%

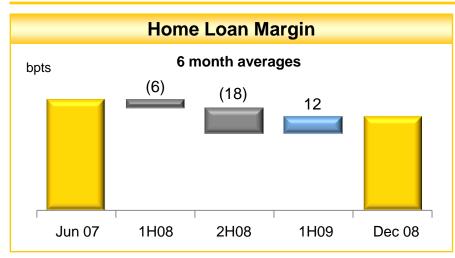


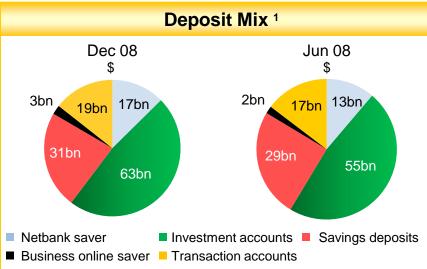


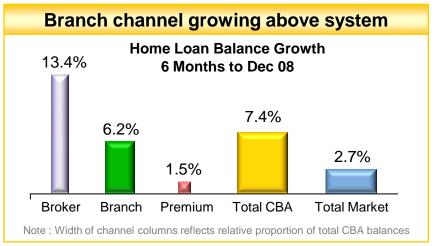




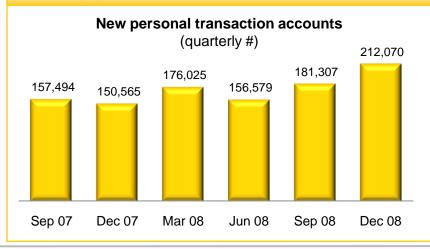
Retail Banking Services







Strong growth in new transaction accounts





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Other key information – 6 month movements

		Dec 08	Jun 08	Dec 07	Dec 08 vs Dec 07
Net interest income	Institutional Banking	678	531	499	36%
	Private Client Services	157	119	121	30%
	Corporate Financial Services	311	267	243	28%
	Agribusiness	101	97	81	25%
	Local Business Banking	191	147	143	34%
	Eliminations	-	-	-	-
		1,438	1,161	1,087	32%
Other banking income	Institutional Banking	502	426	383	31%
	Private Client Services	178	196	198	(10%)
	Corporate Financial Services	188	202	196	(4%)
	Agribusiness	50	54	54	(7%)
	Local Business Banking	96	120	90	7%
	Eliminations	(25)	(8)	(22)	14%
		989	990	899	10%
Total banking income	Institutional Banking	1,180	957	882	34%
	Private Client Services	335	315	319	5%
	Corporate Financial Services	499	469	439	14%
	Agribusiness	151	151	135	12%
	Local Business Banking	287	267	233	23%
	Eliminations	(25)	(8)	(22)	14%
		2,427	2,151	1,986	22%
Operating expenses		928	947	856	8%
Impairment expense		1,316	251	175	Large
Expense to income		38.2%	44.0%	43.1%	(11%)
Cash net profit after tax		205	785	707	(71%)





Premium Business Services

Strong income growth: Good volume growth Improved margins \succ Business Banking ↑ 16% income Deposit balances ↑ 21%^{*} Strong customer satisfaction gains Expenses $\sqrt{2\%}$ on Jun 08

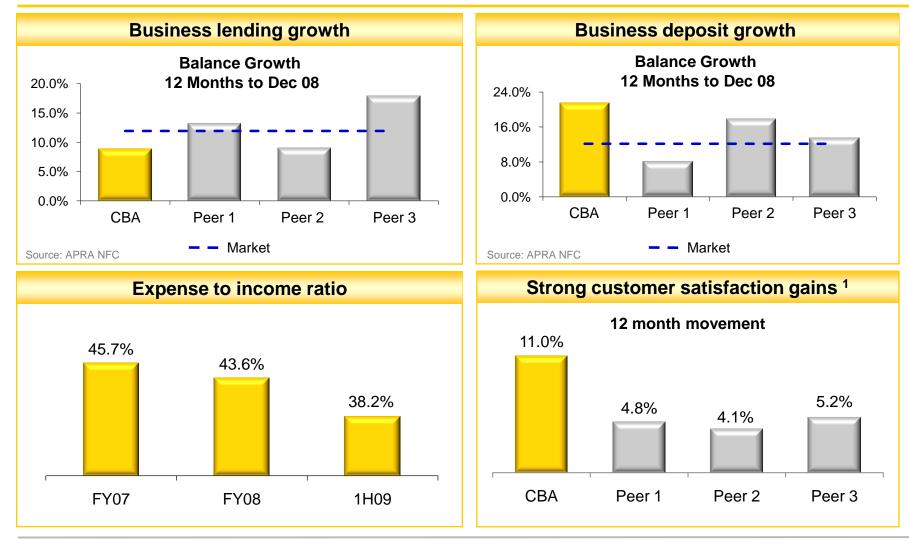
	C)ec 08 \$m	Dec 08 vs Dec 07
Institutional Banking		1,180	34%
Private Client Services		335	5%
Business Banking			
Corporate Financial Services		499	14%
Agribusiness		151	12%
Local Business Banking		287	23%
Eliminations		(25)	
Total banking income		2,427	22%
Operating expenses		928	8%
Operating performance		1,499	33%
Impairment expense		1,316	Large
Тах		(22)	Large
Cash net profit after tax		205	(71%)







Premium Business Services





Source: TNS Business Finance Monitor Dec 08. Customer satisfaction with MFI – businesses with annual turnover to \$100m (ex Agribusinesses). All time periods refer to a 12 month rolling average. Percentage point change refers to the increase / decrease of each bank's customers who are satisfied. Satisfaction is based on business customers who said they were Very or Fairly Satisfied with their relationship with their MF.

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Other key information – 6 month movements

		Dec 08	Jun 08	Dec 07	Dec 08 vs Dec 07
Net operating income	CFS GAM	368	484	431	(15%)
	Colonial First State	287	313	379	(24%)
	CommInsure	376	358	315	19%
	Other	(1)	6	(4)	75%
		1,030	1,161	1,121	(8%)
Operating expenses	CFS GAM	180	178	191	(6%)
	Colonial First State	208	205	211	(1%)
	CommInsure	131	170	151	(13%)
	Other	61	72	25	Large
		580	625	578	0%
Underlying profit after tax	CFS GAM	140	238	172	(19%)
	Colonial First State	55	74	118	(53%)
	CommInsure	181	134	115	57%
	Other	(48)	(49)	(13)	Large
		328	397	392	(16%)
Cash net profit after tax	CFS GAM	88	241	172	(49%)
	Colonial First State	60	81	125	(52%)
	CommInsure	61	85	126	(52%)
	Other	(34)	(64)	(29)	(17%)
		175	343	394	(56%)





Wealth Management

CFS GAM:		Dec 08 \$m	Dec 08 vs Dec 07
≻ Expenses ↓ 6%	CFS GAM	368	(15%)
Colonial First State:	Colonial First State	287	(24%)
> FUA ↓ 21% to \$158bn	CommInsure	376	19%
FirstChoice remains 2 nd largest platform	Other	(1)	75%
•	Net operating income	1,030	(8%)
CommInsure: → Life inforce premiums ↑ 18%	Operating expenses	580	0%
➢ General inforce premiums ↑ 60%	Тах	122	(19%)
Investment Experience:	Underlying profit after tax	328	(16%)
Unrealised annuity mark to market write down of \$122m after tox	Investment experience	(153)	Large
write down of \$132m after taxCPA write down \$43m after tax	Cash net profit after tax	175	(56%)

FirstChoice





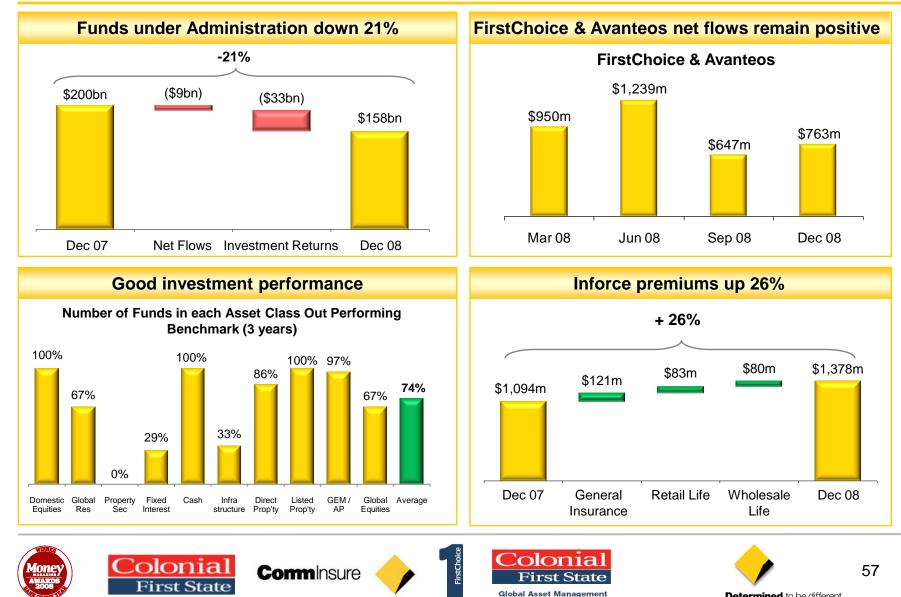








Wealth Management



Determined to be different

Other key information – 6 month movements

		Dec 08	Jun 08	Dec 07	Dec 08 vs Dec 07
Net interest income	ASB	376	402	382	(2%)
	Other	55	69	51	8%
		431	471	433	(0%)
Other banking income	ASB	212	160	157	35%
	Other	35	40	26	35%
		247	200	183	35%
Total banking income	ASB	588	562	539	9%
	Other	90	109	77	17%
		678	671	616	10%
Funds Management Income		26	26	22	18%
Insurance Income		119	132	120	(1%)
Total operating income		823	829	758	9%
Operating expenses		443	413	411	8%
Operating expenses Impairment expense		60	31	411 12	
Expense to income		54%	50%	54%	Large (1%)
•					
Underlying profit after tax		269	286	269	0%
Investment experience		9	6	20	(55%)
Cash net profit after tax		278	292	289	(4%)





International Financial Services

- ASB Cash NPAT ↑ 6% in NZD
- Growing Asian contribution
- Sovereign NPAT ↑ 12%:
 - Income distorted by revised tax treatment
 - Capturing 34% share of new business sales

	Dec 08 \$m	Dec 08 vs Dec 07
ASB	616	8%
Sovereign	96	(11%)
Other	111	35%
Total operating income	823	9%
Operating expenses	443	8%
Operating performance	380	10%
Impairment expense	60	Large
Tax and minority interests	51	(23%)
Underlying profit after tax	269	-
Investment experience	9	(55%)
Cash net profit after tax	278	(4%)

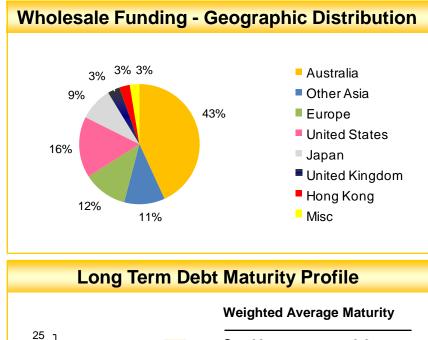








Other key information



Sep 08:

Dec 08:

3 to 4

Maturity (years)

4 to 5

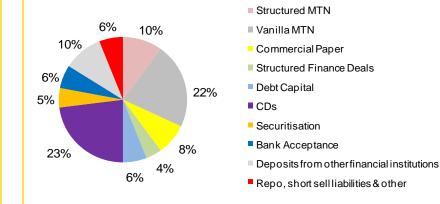
Dec 08

3.2 years

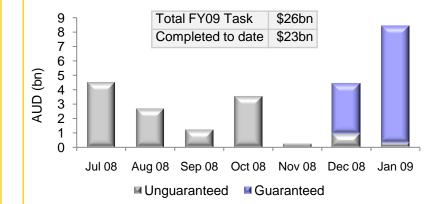
3.4 years

5+

Wholesale Funding by Product



FY09 Long Term Debt Funding





20

15

10

5

0

1 to 2

2 to 3

Sep 08

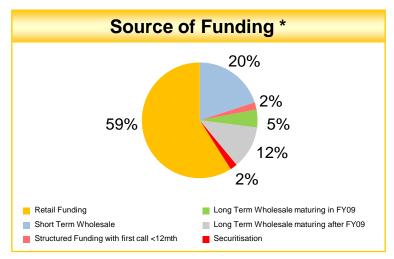
AUD (bn)

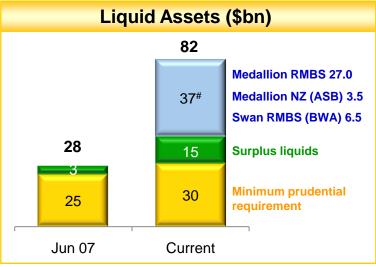


60

Strong funding and liquidity positions

- AA credit rating, stable outlook
- Well advanced with FY09 funding task 88% completed
- Strong funding profile:
 - Highly diversified wholesale funding
 - Very strong retail funding: 59%
 - Stable long term maturity duration
- Holding \$82bn in liquids sufficient to meet maturing wholesale debt for 6 months





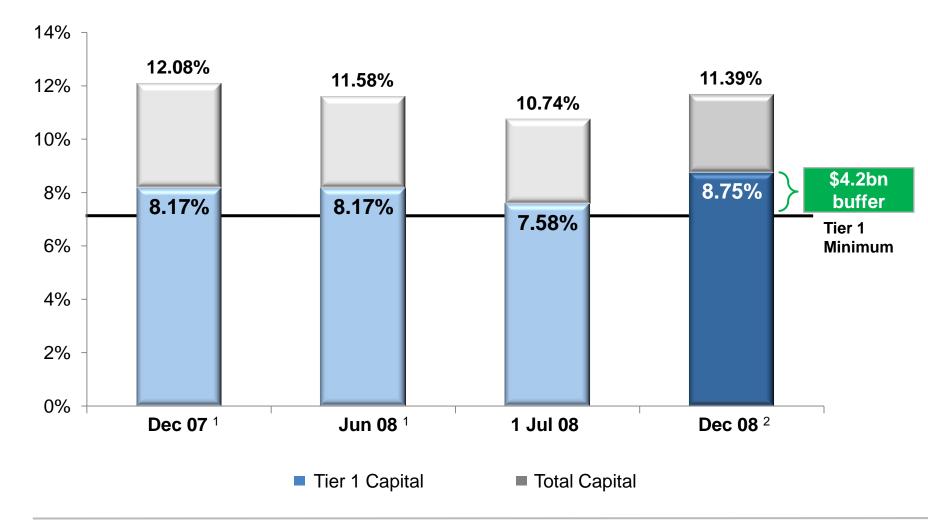


* Surplus liquids are excluded from short term wholesale funding. Includes BankWest. # Available for Central Bank Repo.





A strong capital position





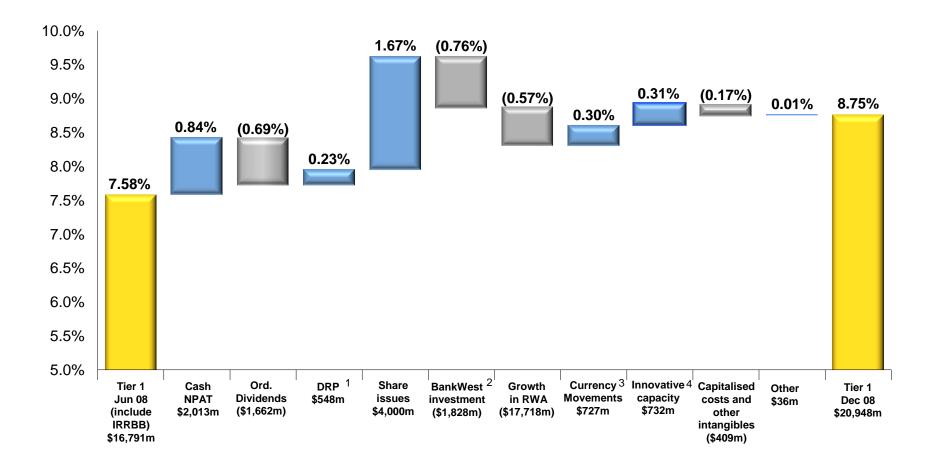
Ratios exclude interest rate risk in the banking book (IRRBB).

December 2008 ratios treat BankWest as a non-consolidated subsidiary in accordance with APRA agreed methodology. BankWest operated under Basel I as at 31 December 2008.

Determined to be different

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Tier 1 movement in half year to Dec 08





Assumes 33% DRP participation.

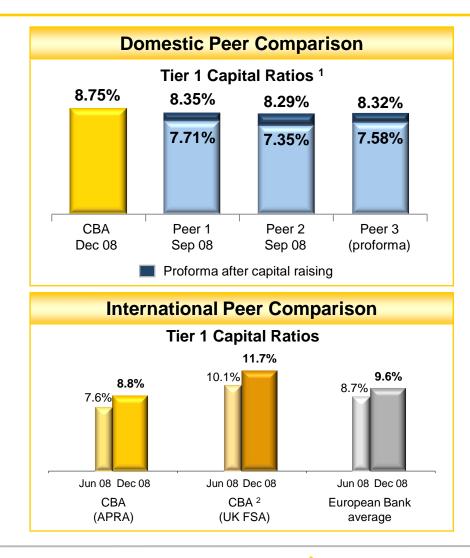
Capital invested in BankWest (ordinary shares and Tier 2 debt) treated as a non-consolidated subsidiary, 50% Tier 1 and 50% Tier 2 deduction.



- Movement in FCTR balance and other foreign exchange items.
- Innovative capital transfer between Tier 2 and Tier 1 Capital.

Capital ratios compare favourably to peers

- Tier 1 ratio of 8.75% as at Dec 08
- \$2bn of capital raised in Oct 08 to ensure BankWest acquisition capital neutral
- \$2bn of capital raised in Dec 08 to enhance capital level, fund redemption of PERLS II (Mar 09) and to support lending growth
- FSA Tier 1 ratio of 11.7% amongst highest of the international peer group





CBA ratio treats BankWest as a non-consolidated subsidiary. Peer ratios based on published Sep 08 proforma ratios post capital raisings – all based on consolidated Basel II approach.

² Normalised CBA capital calculation to UK regulator, Financial Services Authority, as benchmark.

65



Key Messages

- A solid operating result:
 - Core business performing well
 - Income up 15%, underpinned by strong Banking volumes
 - Disciplined cost management expenses down 3% on prior half
 - Considered approach to strategic opportunities

Well placed in challenging times:

- Strong capital position 8.75% Tier 1
- Increased provisions -
- including \$1.1bn management overlay

> Well funded

- FY09 task 88% complete









Ralph Norris, CEO – Company Update and Outlook

David Craig, CFO – Financial Overview







Supplementary Materials

For the half year ended 31 December 2008



Determined to be different

11 February 2009

Commonwealth Bank of Australia ACN 123 123 124

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Credit Quality and Risk Management

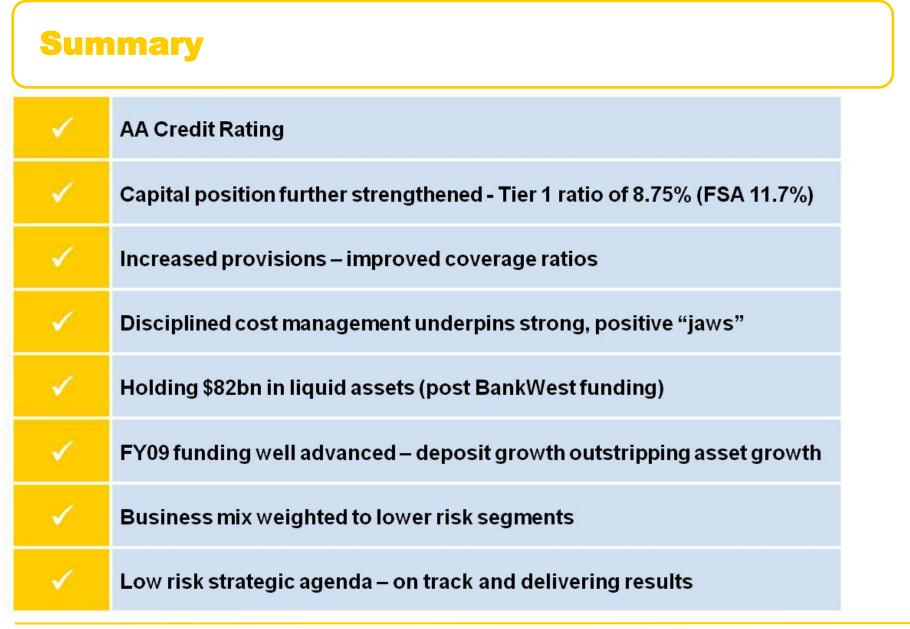
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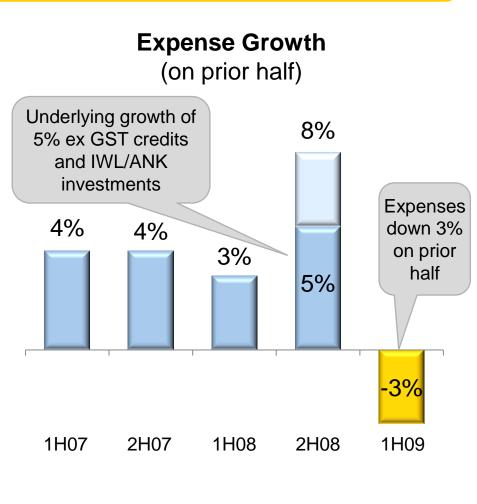






Cost Growth

- Cost-to-income targets by Business Unit
- Highly focused investment spend emphasis on strategic priorities (e.g Core Banking)
- Critical review of operational expenditure
- Productivity emphasis
- Smaller, more cost effective branch footprint in selected locations

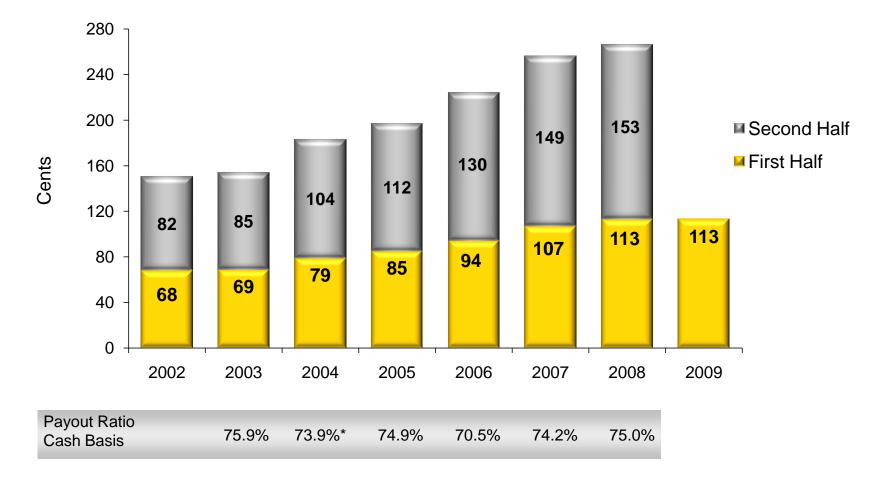








Dividend (cents per share)





* Which new Bank costs added back.



Other Banking Income

	Dec 08 \$m	Jun 08 \$m	Dec 07 \$m	Dec 08 vs Jun 08	Dec 08 vs Dec 07
Commissions	977	919	908	6%	8%
Lending Fees	617	507	469	22%	32%
Trading Income	448	346	200	29%	Large
Other	141	100	128	41%	10%
	2,183	1,872	1,705	17%	28%
AIFRS reclassification of net swap costs	(147)	(101)	(164)	(46%)	10%
Total	2,036	1,771	1,541	15%	32%

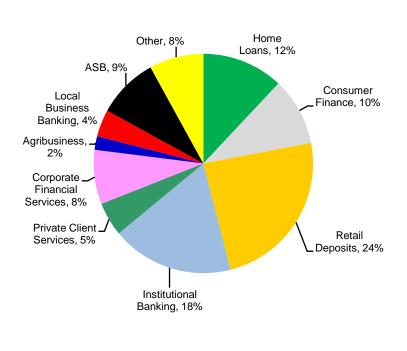
6 months





Segment Revenue

Proportions of total banking income



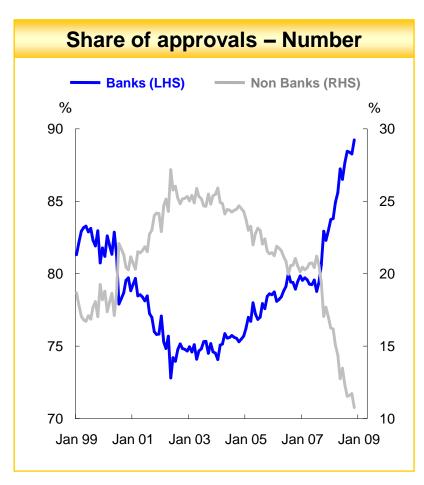
Proportion of Total Banking Income

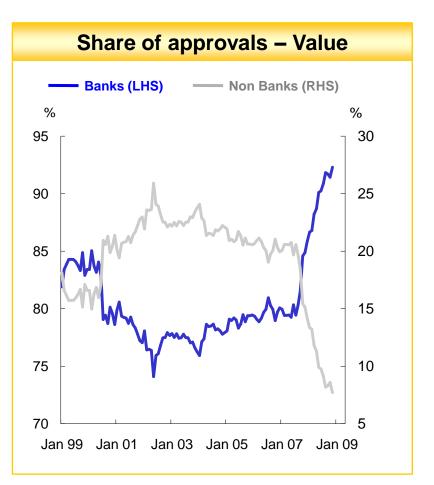
	Dec 08	Dec 07	Dec 08 vs Dec 07
Home Loans	801	722	11%
Consumer Finance	665	541	23%
Retail Deposits	1,602	1,451	10%
Institutional Banking	1,180	882	34%
Private Client Services	335	319	5%
Corporate Financial Services	499	439	14%
Agribusiness	151	135	12%
Local Business Banking	287	233	23%
ASB	588	539	9%
Other	471	179	Large
Total banking income	6,579	5,440	21%





SystemBanks accounting for an increasing share ofHousingsystem approvals







Strong volumes underpin revenue position

	12 Months to Dec 08 %		to D Annu	onths ec 08 Ialised %	3 Months to Dec 08 Annualised %		
	СВА	System	СВА	System	СВА	System	
Home Lending	15.8	7.9	15.0	5.4	17.5	5.3	
Household Deposits	21.7	19.0	23.8	25.8	24.0	28.9	
Business Lending	8.8	11.9	10.6	12.1	14.6	10.5	
Business Deposits	21.4	12.1	25.4	18.7	28.6	22.6	



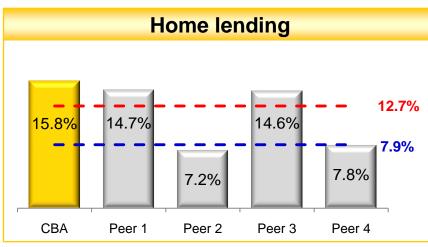
Volume

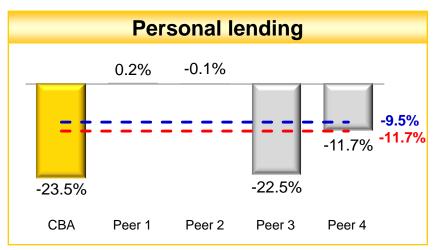
Growth

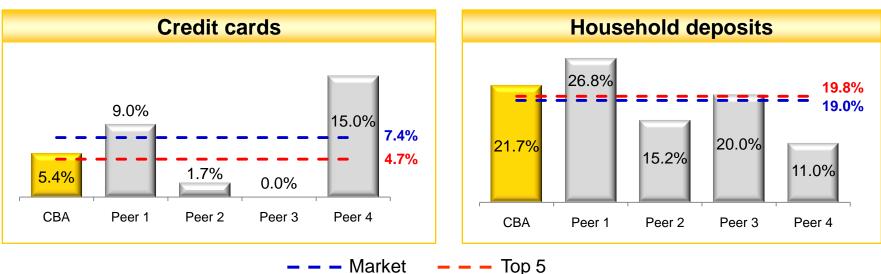


CBA Growth vs Market

Twelve months to December 2008





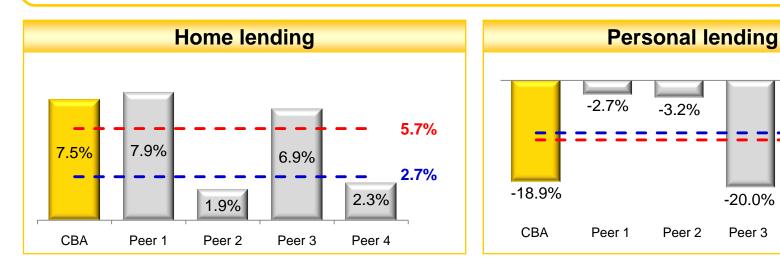


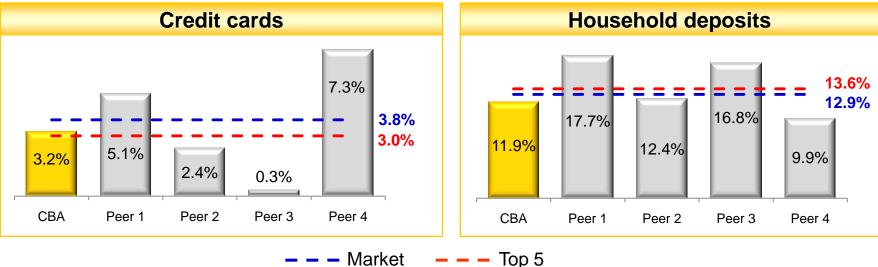


Figures adjusted for restatements where appropriate. Source : APRA / RBA.



Six months to December 2008







Figures adjusted for restatements where appropriate. Source : APRA / RBA.

CBA Growth

vs Market

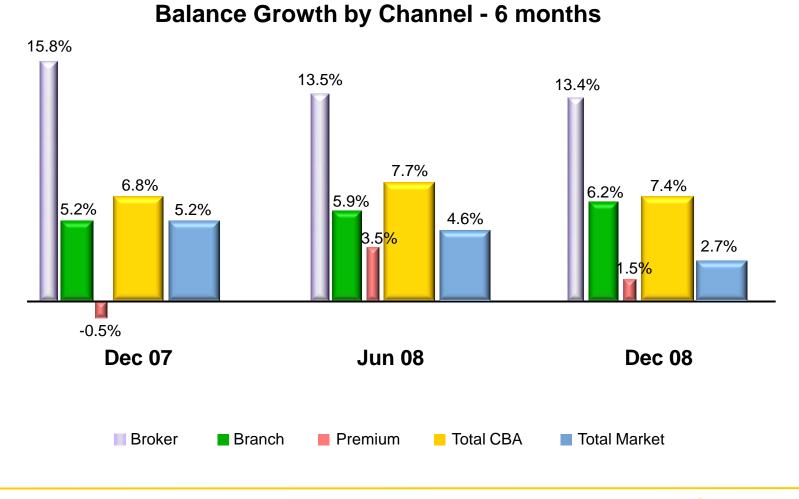


-9.8%

-11.4% **-11.1%**

Peer 4

Home LoanBranch channel performance continuesGrowthto improve

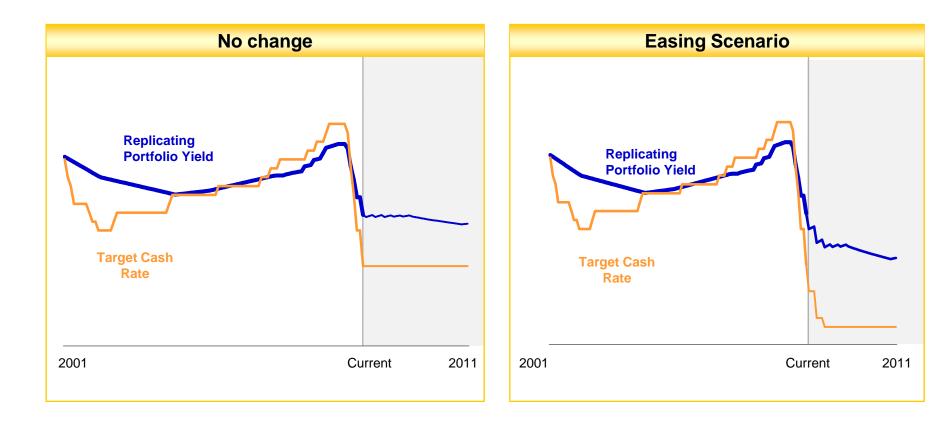




Note : Width of channel columns reflects relative proportion of total CBA balances.

82 Determined to be different

Replicating **Portfolio**







Core Banking

Our Journey so far

Improving the Front-End

- Sales & service training
- Over 1,000 new frontline staff
- New design branches
- Market-leading systems:
 - CommSee
 - NetBank
 - CommSec
 - CommBiz
 - FirstChoice

Core Banking Modernisation

Addressing the Back-End

- A step change in customer service
- Faster systems and processes
- Productivity and efficiency gains
- The time is right:
 - First mover advantage
 - Next generation systems
 - Strong technical expertise





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Global Asset Management

Globally: \$129bn FUM*, 986 people



25% FUM raised from offshore clients, 40% people located offshore, 40% revenue generated offshore



FUM figures exclude the Group's interests in the China Joint Venture, AWG plc or ENW United.



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Funds under Administration

Funds Under Administration	Opening Balance	Inflows	Outflows	Netflows	Investment Income & Other ⁵	Closing Balance
FirstChoice	38,707	5,548	(4,805)	743	(6,278)	33,172
Avanteos	6,257	1,231	(564)	667	(1,197)	5,727
Cash management	2,576	754	(1,114)	(360)	83	2,299
Legacy products ¹	27,500	861	(2,864)	(2,003)	(2,972)	22,525
Retail products (Plan for Life) ²	75,040	8,394	(9,347)	(953)	(10,364)	63,723
Other retail ³	1,366	29	(91)	(62)	(52)	1,252
Australian retail	76,406	8,423	(9,438)	(1,015)	(10,416)	64,975
Wholesale	52,376	6,113	(16,738)	(10,625)	(2,088)	39,663
Property	20,210	717	(931)	(214)	446	20,442
Other ⁴	3,248	459	(82)	377	(317)	3,308
Domestically sourced	152,240	15,712	(27,189)	(11,477)	(12,375)	128,388
Internationally sourced	32,730	3,746	(4,742)	(996)	(2,096)	29,638
Total Wealth Management	184,970	19,458	(31,931)	(12,473)	(14,471)	158,026

Half Year to Dec 08

¹ Includes stand alone retail and legacy retail products.

² Retail products aligned to Plan for Life market release.

³ Includes listed equity trusts and regular premium plans. These retail products are not reported in market share data.

⁴ Includes life company assets sourced from retail investors but not attributable to a funds management product (e.g. premiums from risk products). These amounts do not appear in retail market share data.

⁵ Includes foreign exchange gains and losses from translation of international sourced business.





Funds under Management*

	Dec 08 \$m	Jun 08 \$m	Dec 07 \$m	Dec 08 vs Jun 08	Dec 08 vs Dec 07
Australian equities	16,725	23,502	29,618	(29%)	(44%)
Global equities	29,679	35,589	40,945	(17%)	(28%)
Cash and fixed interest	56,813	66,729	66,694	(15%)	(15%)
Property and alternative investments	25,377	27,120	27,102	(6%)	(6%)
Total	128,594	152,940	164,359	(16%)	(22%)

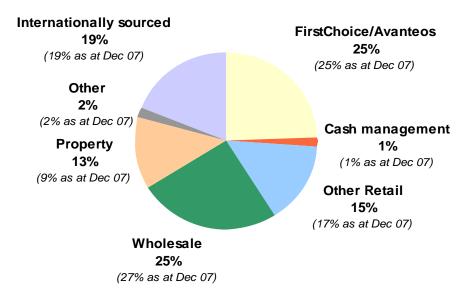


* FUM figures exclude the Group's interests in the China Joint Venture, AWG plc or ENW limited.



Well diversified

Funds Under Administration 31 December 2008 Total FUA = \$158 bn





Product

mix



Investment experience mix

Investment experience profile

	Australia	New Zealand	Asia	Total
Local equities	1%	-	-	-
International equities	-	-	12%	1%
Property	17%	-	29%	14%
Growth	18%	-	41%	15%
Fixed Interest	33%	60%	58%	40%
Cash	49%	40%	1%	45%
Income	82%	100%	59%	85%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%





Insurance Analysis -Comminsure

		_	As At		
	Dec 08	Jun 08	Dec 07	Dec 08 vs	Dec 08 vs
Sources of Profit from CommInsure	\$m	\$m	\$m	Jun 08	Dec 07
The Margin on Services profit from ordinary activities after income tax is represented by:					
Planned profit margins	75	74	71	1%	6%
Experience variations	10	11	1	(9%)	Large
Funds Management operating margins	98	61	56	61%	75%
General insurance operating margins	(2)	(12)	(13)	83%	85%
Operating margins	181	134	115	35%	57%
Investment experience after tax	(120)	(49)	11	Large	Large
Cash net profit after tax	61	85	126	(28%)	(52%)

Market Shares - Annual Inforce Premiums¹

Australia (total risk) ^{2, 3}	14.8%	14.7%	14.1%
Australia (individual risk) ^{2,3}	13.2%	13.2%	13.0%





Source : Plan for Life. 1

² As at Sep 2008.

3 Prior period comparative has been restated.



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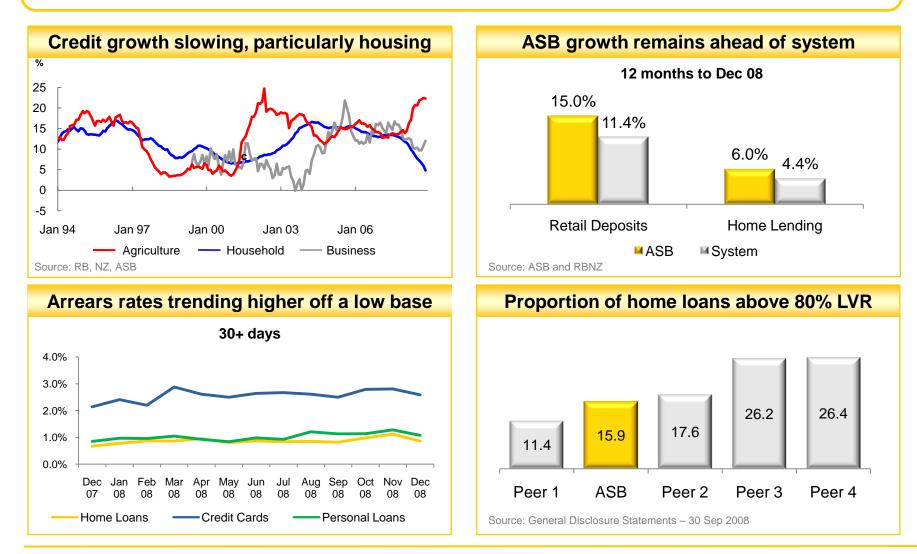
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ASB well-placed to navigate tougher market conditions







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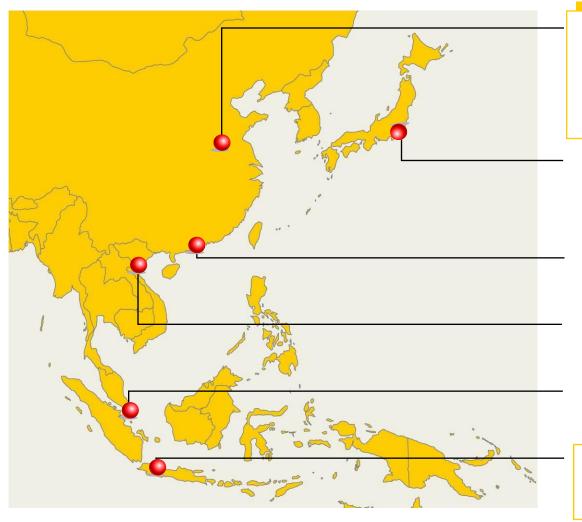
Asia Growing Asian footprint

	China		Indonesia		
Staff numbers	4,288	101 – CBA	1,433 PT Bank Commonwealth		
		2,448 - Bank of Hangzhou	317 PT Commonwealth Life		
		1,739 - Jinan City Commercial Bank			
	94	China Life CMG (includes staff & sales agents)	18 First State Investments		
	65	First State Cinda Fund Management Company Ltd			
Branches	77	Bank of Hangzhou	>50 PTBC has more than 50 branches and foreign exchange shops in Jakarta and Surabaya region		
	68	Jinan City Commercial Bank	>50 PTCL branches		
Other information		• •	ommercial Bank, from 11% to 20%, in December t shareholder of Jinan City Commercial Bank.		
	 Bank of Hangzhou was ranked amongst the top 5 large city commercial banks from the perspective of risk and profitability (By 'The Banker China' 2008) 				
	 Jinan City Commercial Bank was ranked amongst the top 20 large city commercial banks from the perspective of profitability (By 'The Banker China' 2008) 				
	the	•	cial Bank have started to open branches outside branches in Shanghai, Beijing, Shenzhen and up branches in Tianjin and Liaocheng.		





Asia Targeted growth strategy





20% Jinan City Commercial Bank (Increased from 11% in Dec 2008)

19.9% Bank of Hangzhou Beijing and Shanghai – Representative offices China Life CMG – JV life insurance First State Cinda Fund Management Company

Japan

Branch

India

Bank license granted to operate in Mumbai (October 2008)

Hong Kong Branch First State Investments

Vietnam

Branch (Ho Chi Minh)

Representative office (Hanoi)

Singapore

Branch First State Investments

Indonesia PT Bank Commonwealth PT Commonwealth Life First State Investments





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BankWest Reporting

- No earnings included with 1H09 results
- Provisional estimates made as at 31 December 2008 of:
 - Assets and liabilities acquired
 - Purchase consideration; and
 - Gain on acquisition
- Fair value procedures to be completed during 2H09
- Non cash items to include:
 - Restructuring provision and other integration costs
 - Amortisation of intangibles arising on acquisition





Snapshot of merged operations

	СВА	BankWest & St. Andrew's Australia	Combined
Branches (Domestic)	1,011	131	1,142
Market Share – Home Loans 1	20.3%	3.0%	23.3%
Market Share – Household Deposits 1	29.1%	3.5%	32.6%
Market Share - Business Lending	13.5%	4.7%	18.2%
Market Share – Business Deposits	17.2%	4.8%	22.0%
Customers	10 million	0.9 million	10.9 million
Staff (FTE) – Total Group	39,699	5,314	45,013

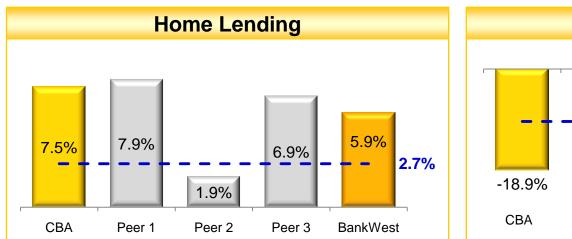


BankWest

Overview

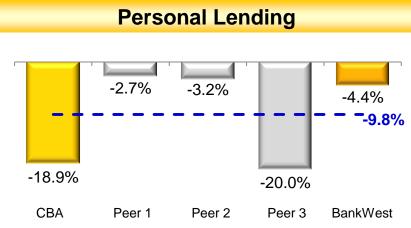


Six months to December 2008



BankWest

Growth



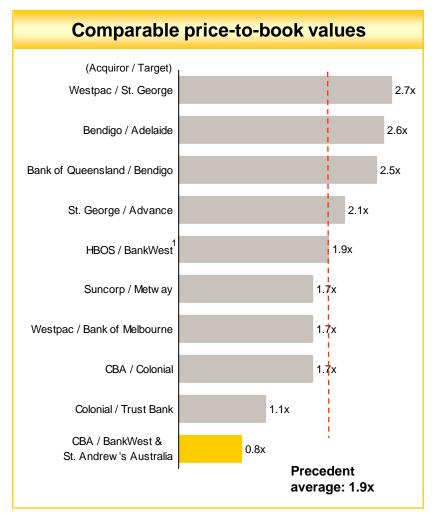


– – – Market



Figures adjusted for restatements where appropriate. Source : APRA / RBA. 99 Determined to be different

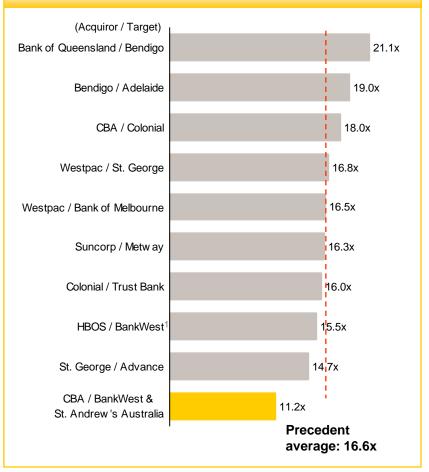
Comparable banking transactions (as at time of BankWest acquisition announcement)



BankWest

Overview

Comparable price-to-earnings multiples (LTM)





Determined to be different

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Key Indicators Summary

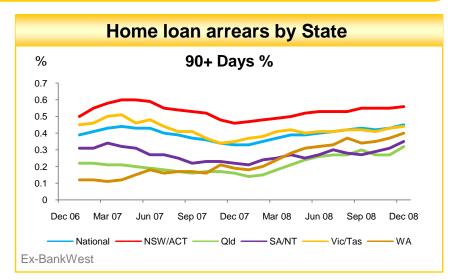
	CBA ex BankWest	CBA + BankWest
Gross loans and acceptances (GLA) (\$m)	408,174	466,868
Gross impaired assets (\$m)	1,944	2,714
Gross impaired assets as % of GLA	0.48	0.58
Collective provision as a % of Credit RWA – Basel II	0.86	0.95
Individually assessed provisions as a % of gross impaired assets	46.1	41.8
Impairment expense as a % of average GLA annualised	0.81	-
Total provisions as a % of GLA	0.69	0.77
Total provisions as a % of non-housing GLA	1.59	1.79
Total provisions as a % of Credit RWA	1.27	1.38
Risk-rated exposures - % investment grade	68	64





HomeModest increase in arrears consistent with cycle –Lendingportfolio quality remains sound

Home loan portfolio mix						
	Dec 08	Jun 08				
Owner-Occupied	56%	55%				
Investment	33%	34%				
Line-of-Credit	11%	11%				
Variable	73%	66%				
Fixed	26%	32%				
Honeymoon	1%	2%				
Low Doc %	3.9%	3.7%				
Originations						
Proprietary	60%	61%				
Third Party	40%	39%				



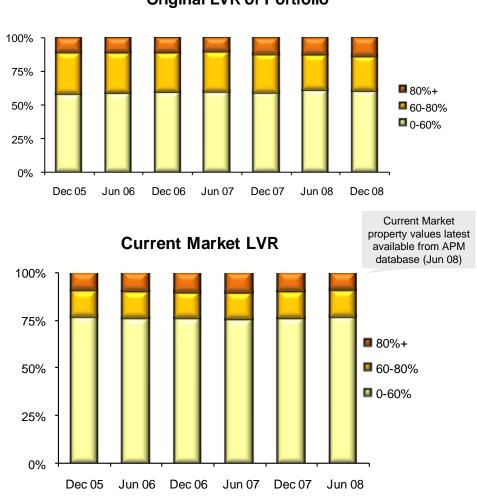




Home **Loans LVR**

Strong LVR profile

- Strong average LVR profile:
 - 51% based on original value
 - 37% based on current values
 - 51% on new loans
- % of loans at <60% LVR:
 - 60% based on original values
 - 77% based on current market values as a result of a well diversified security position
- Loans > 80% LVR are as a rule mortgage insured







Australian Owner Occupied and Investment Housing only, excludes Lines of Credit Market value marked against the APM database.



Home LoanEven under highly stressed conditions, portfolioStress Testlosses would remain modest and manageable

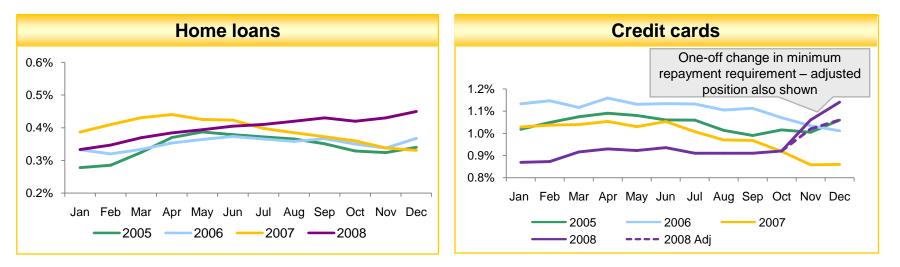
- Stress test scenarios modelled, based on experience of UK recession of the late 1980s / early 1990s, which saw
 - Up to 6 fold increase in PD
 - Unemployment of 10%
 - Interest rates of 14%
 - > Up to 30% fall in security value
- Using June 2008 property values, 1 year HL expected loss circa \$10.1m
- Under most stressed conditions, expected loss totals \$331m = 3 months home loan net income
- Additional insured losses of \$598m covered by mortgage insurance and \$8m by securitisation

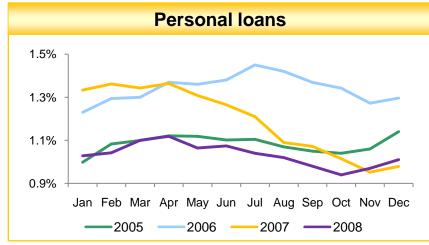
Expected loss \$m	PD stress factor						
Property value	x1	x2	x4	x6			
No decrease	10.1	13.2	18.5	22.4			
10% decrease	23.2	32.7	48.8	61.3			
20% decrease	52.4	78.5	123.7	159.8			
30% decrease	101.1	156.4	252.8	331.0			

PD = Probability of default. Excludes lines of credit.



ConsumerModest uptick in longer-dated arrearsArrears 90+ daysconsistent with economic conditions

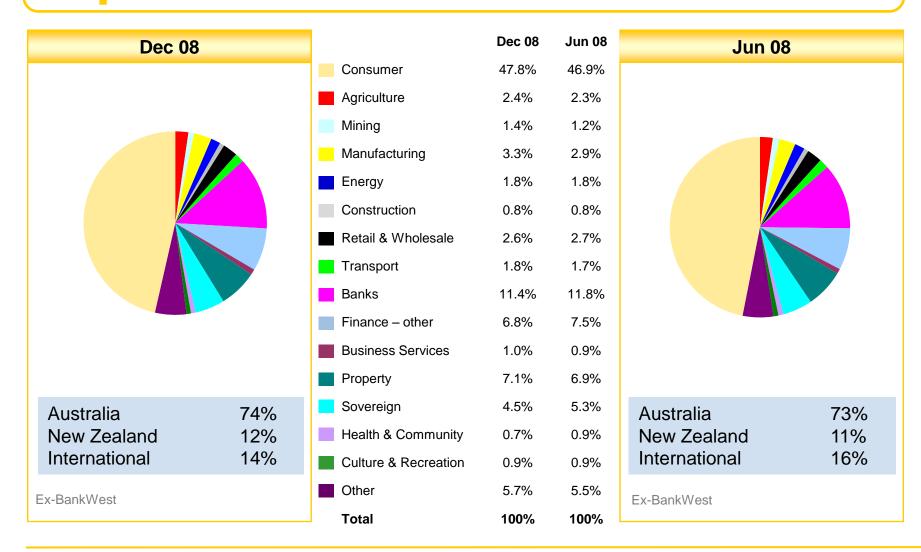








SectorPortfolio remains well diversified acrossExposuresindustry sectors





Total exposures = balance for uncommitted facilities; greater of limit or balance for committed facilities. Includes settlement risk.



Sector Exposures^{*}

\$bn	AAA to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BBB-	Other	Total	AAA to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BBB-	Other
Banks	42.8	18.8	2.2	0.7	64.5	41.7	14.7	1.8	0.4
Finance Other	15.1	11.2	5.7	6.7	38.7	17.0	11.0	5.4	5.7
Property	0.3	5.7	10.5	24.5	41.0	0.3	6.3	8.2	22.5
Sovereign	21.2	3.1	0.1	0.3	24.7	25.1	1.9	0.4	0.0
Manufacturing	0.1	3.2	10.1	5.0	18.4	0.0	2.8	7.9	5.1
Retail & Wholesale Trade	0.0	2.5	3.2	9.5	15.2	0.0	2.9	2.9	8.7
Agriculture	0.0	0.4	2.0	11.2	13.6	0.1	0.3	2.0	10.2
Energy	0.6	1.6	7.2	1.1	10.5	0.8	1.3	6.6	0.8
Transport	0.4	3.0	3.9	3.3	10.6	0.4	2.7	3.1	2.8
Mining	0.0	3.4	2.4	2.4	8.2	0.0	2.6	1.9	1.8
All other (ex consumer)	1.7	3.1	12.4	27.3	44.5	1.8	3.0	10.1	27.0
Total	82.2	56.0	59.7	92.0	289.9	87.2	49.5	50.3	85.0

Dec 08

Jun 08

Ex-BankWest



Total exposure = balance for uncommitted facilities; greater of limit or balance for committed facilities. Excludes settlement exposures



Total

58.6

39.1

37.3

27.4

15.8

14.5

12.6

9.5

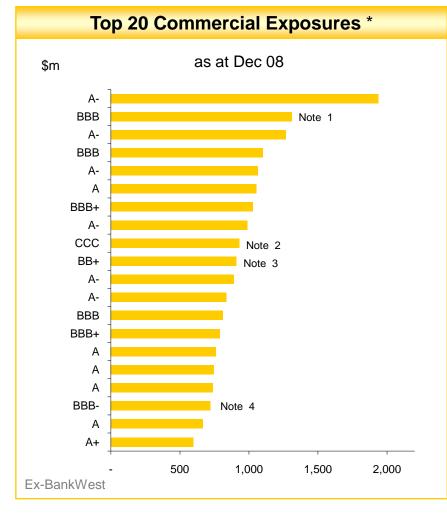
9.0

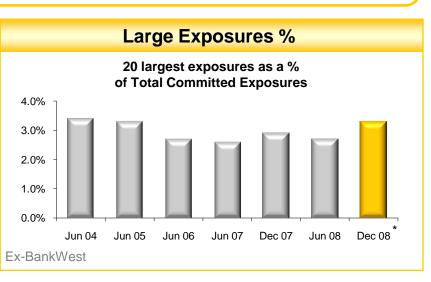
6.3

41.9

272.0

Large Exposures





Notes:

The ratings reflect the bulk of the aggregated entities exposure. Within these aggregated exposures is the following:

- 1. \$317m rated CCC-, secured by fixed & floating charge.
- 2. Fully secured over real property. No loss anticipated.
- \$150m rated CCC, \$144m in default with appropriate provision raised. Both secured by fixed & floating charge. The remainder of the aggregated exposure secured over real property.
- 4. \$229m rated CC-, secured by fixed & floating charge.



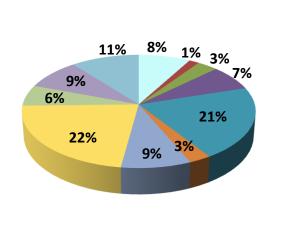
Excluding finance and government. CBA grades in S&P Equivalents. Care: The nominal increase in exposure values represented in these graphs relative to previous disclosures largely reflects a change in the Group's aggregation policy for individual exposures.



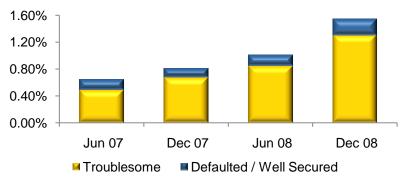
Troublesome* Exposures

Increasing vigilance in uncertain times

- Volatility of financial markets and uncertain economic conditions requiring increased vigilance across sectors
- Approximately 43% of troublesome loans in two sectors
- Increasing watch on property and finance sectors in line with the current economic conditions



Troublesome Exposures as a % of Total Commercial Exposures



Sector Profile

- Agriculture
 Finance Bank
 Construction
- Energy
- Finance Other
- Manufacturing
- Mining
- Property
- Retail & Wholesale Trade
- Transport and Storage
- Other



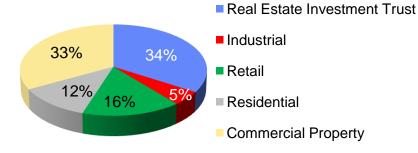
* Includes defaulted / well secured exposures and exposures where there is a potential for default within ~ 12 months if a sustained improvement in financial performance is not achieved within the short term. Does not include impaired exposures.

Determined to be different

Property

Well diversified portfolio with strong security cover and conservative LVR's

- Represents 7.1% of total exposures
- Up from 6.9% as at Jun 08 due to:
 - Exchange rate movements
 - Existing client lending
 - Partially offset by reduced lending to new clients
- Well diversified across property classes and geographies
- Strong security cover:
 - 72% of the overall portfolio secured
 - 94% of below investment grade exposures secured
- Secured portfolio average LVR of 51%

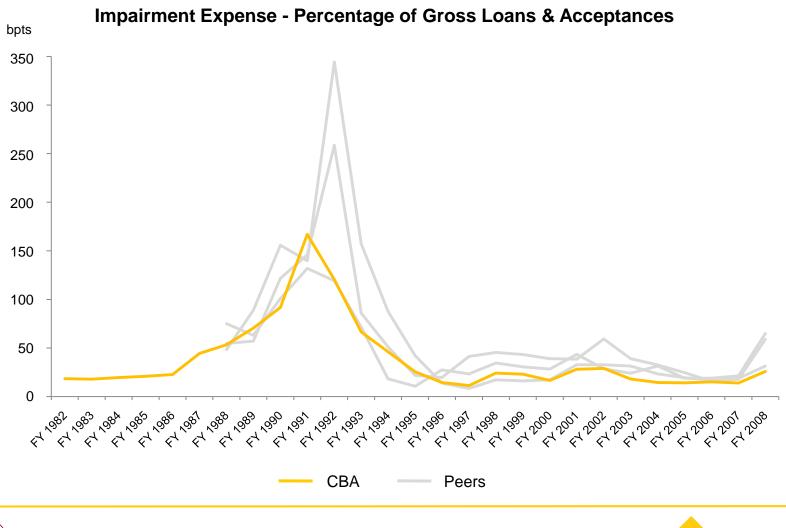


Property segments	Secured portion	Average LVR
Commercial	87%	52%
Industrial	80%	53%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	44%	50%
Residential	91%	54%
Retail	84%	50%
All segments	72%	51%





Impairment Expense -Historical





Impairment Costs -Historical

Early 1990's Recession

	Dec 89	Current
Economy		
GDP	4.25%	1.9%
Unemployment	5.7% (peaking at 10.8% in Dec 92)	4.5%
CPI	7.83%	3.7%
Cash Rate	17.0%*	3.25%
Vacancy Rates	4% (peaking at 22% in Dec 92)	3-4%
CBA		
Commercial Lending % of GLA	67%	46%
Consumer Lending % of GLA	33%	54%
Home Lending %	29%	48%
Commercial Property %	na	7%





Counterparty & Other Exposures

	No exposures to foreign sub-prime.
US Debt/Agency	No exposure to Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac or Federal Home Loan Bank.
	 Net exposure to Sallie Mae ~ \$150m.
Non-Conforming Mortgage-Backed Exposure	 \$48m of investment grade Australian RMBS (~\$30m rated AAA). \$1bn of warehoused residential mortgage exposures – all rated BBB or better.
CMBS	 \$123m of CMBS – majority AAA-rated Centro CMBS. Also GBP28m in AAA and AA rated notes. \$585m of commercial property securitisation warehouse exposures - 98% rated BBB or better.
Equipment Receivables	 Warehouse facilities drawn to ~\$290m with over 75% rated BBB or better.
Asset Backed	One Bank-sponsored ABCP conduit (SHIELD) with its standby facility fully drawn to \$800m.
Commercial	Conduit holds AAA-rated Medallion assets.
Paper (ABCP)	Standby facilities to other conduits of \$730m, currently drawn to \$245m.
Conduits	Conduits primarily fund Australian RMBS - all conduits short term ratings of A-1+.
Other Asset Classes	 ~\$1.1bn in warehouse style facilities provided principally to fund reverse mortgage assets and associated working capital facilities. Average LTV ratio on underlying pools of ~18%.
	,,,,,





Counterparty & Other Exposures

Lenders Mortgage Insurance	 Mortgage insurance outsourced to Genworth (98%) and PMI (2%). "Extreme stress" scenario* - expected loss demand on LMI of ~\$598m.
CDOs	Total exposure of ~\$60m, with \$7m collateralised by cash and AAA Australian RMBS.
Stock Lending	 No material exposure. No exposure to Equity Finance.
Private Equity	 ~\$1.1bn exposure to leveraged private equity owned counterparties. Well diversified across industries and private equity sponsors.
Hedge Funds	 ~USD15m of direct exposure. Uncollateralised exposure (MtM ~\$8m) to hedge funds via FX and interest rate swap products.
Monoline Insurers	 ~\$250m exposure to monoline insurers via wrapped securities. Primary source of repayment is the underlying debt instrument – ratings range from BBB- to A

Ex-BankWest





Risk Weighted Assets

Six months to December 2008

- Strong Credit RWA growth (18%) driven by:
 - Flight to quality' volume growth
 - > Additional liquidity holdings
 - Currency depreciation
 - Change in Corporate and Retail credit quality partially offset by increase in exposure to better rated Sovereigns

	Total	Tier 1 ratio impact (bpt)			
Credit Risk	18%	(116)			
Traded Market Risk	-8%	1			
IRRBB	Nil	59			
Operational Risk	3%	(1)			
Total	8%	(57)			

RWA Movement (%)

	Credit I	Credit RWA Movement (%)			osition of Movement (%)			
	On Balance Sheet	Off Balance Sheet	Total	Volume Growth	Change in quality	Total		
Consumer	11%	15%	11%	83%	17%	100%		
Commercial (ex Sovereign)	20%	28%	22%	84%	16%	100%		
Tier 1 impact – Loans (bpts)	(64)	(26)	(90)	(75)	(15)	(90)		
Tier 1 impact – Other* (bpts)	(21)	(5)	(26)	(32)	6	(26)		
Total Tier 1 impact (bpts)	(85)	(31)	(116)	(107)	(9)	(116)		



Ex-BankWest

* Other includes Credit Risk Weighted Assets for the Sovereign asset class as well as other Basel Asset standardised classes including margin lending, equities, securitised and other assets and claims.



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Capital Considerations

Target Range	 Tier One Capital target range amended to in excess of 7%. 			
PERLS II	 PERLS II \$750m to be redeemed in March 2009. Pre-funded by share issue in December 2008 			
	 Offer period from 16th February to 11th March 			
Share Purchase Plan	Pricing is the lower of \$26 and the 5 day VWAP at the end of offer period			
	 CBA reserves the right to scale back 			
	 BankWest reporting under Basel I at December 2008 			
	 CBA Group treating BankWest as a non-consolidated subsidiary. APRA's prescribed treatment includes: 			
	Equity invested (ordinary share capital and Tier 2 subordinated debt) to be deducted 50% from Tier 1 and Tier 2 Capital			
BankWest	Profit associated with discount on acquisition excluded from capital			
	BankWest RWA excluded from capital calculation			
	BankWest expected to move to Basel II Standardised by March 2009			
	 Impact of moving to Basel II Standardised will not materially impact CBA Group capital ratios 			





UK Comparison

- PricewaterhouseCoopers has worked with the Bank in identifying, in principle, the key differences between the APRA and FSA method of calculating regulatory capital.
- Summarised below are details of the major differences:

Item	Items impacting published total capital adequacy ratio	Impact on Bank's ratio if FSA rules applied
Mortgages	Under APRA rules, the minimum Loss Given Default (LGD) for residential real estate secured exposures is higher (20%) compared with 10% for FSA. This results in higher RWA under APRA rules.	Increase
Margin loans	Under APRA rules, margin loans attract a minimum risk weight (20%), compared to FSA where no minimum risk weight is applied.	Increase
IRRBB	The APRA rules require the inclusion of IRRBB within RWA. This is not required by FSA.	Increase
Dividends	Under FSA rules, dividends should be deducted from regulatory capital when declared and/or approved, whereas APRA requires dividends to be deducted on an anticipated basis. This is partially offset by APRA making allowance for expected shares to be issued under a dividend reinvestment plan.	Increase
Equity investments	Under APRA rules some equity investments are treated as a deduction 50% from Tier 1 Capital and 50% from Tier 2 Capital. Under the FSA, these equity investments are treated as Total Capital deductions or as RWA.	Increase
Hybrid limits	APRA imposes a Residual Capital limit of 25% of Tier 1 Capital. Under FSA rules this limit is 50%, with more flexible transition rules.	Increase Tier 1, Total Capital neutral
Value of in force (VIF)	VIF at acquisition is treated as goodwill and intangibles and therefore is deducted at Tier 1 by APRA. FSA allows VIF to be included in Tier 1 Capital but deducted from Total Capital.	Increase Tier 1, Total Capital neutral





UK Comparison

The following table estimates the impact on CBA capital, as at December 2008, of the differences between the APRA Basel II guidelines and those of the UK regulator, Financial Services Authority (FSA)

	Net Fundamental Capital ¹	Tier 1 Capital	Total Capital
December 08 Actual	6.6%	8.8%	11.4%
RWA treatment – Mortgages ² , Margin Loans	0.8%	1.1%	1.3%
Future dividends (net of DRP)	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%
Value of in force (VIF) deductions ³	0.6%	0.6%	0.0%
Tax impact in EL > EP calculation	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%
Application of UKFSA Tier 1 hybrid limits	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%
Equity investments	0.4%	0.4%	0.2%
Total Adjustments	2.4%	2.9%	2.2%
December 08 Actual – Normalised	9.0%	11.7%	13.6%



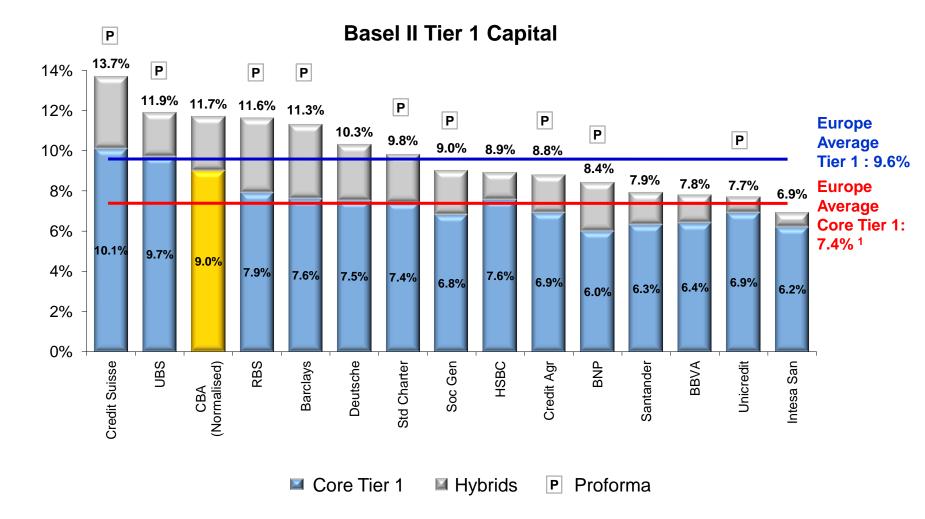
- 1. Represents Fundamental Tier One capital net of Tier One deductions.
- Based on APRA 20% loss given default (LGD) floor compared to FSA 10% and CBA's downturn LGD loss experience.
 VIF at acquisition is treated as goodwill and intangibles and therefore is deducted at Tier 1 by APRA. FSA allows VIF to

e. 🔶

be included in Tier 1 Capital but deducted from Total Capital.

European Comparison

The Bank's Tier 1 Capital Ratio compares favourably to domestic and international peers



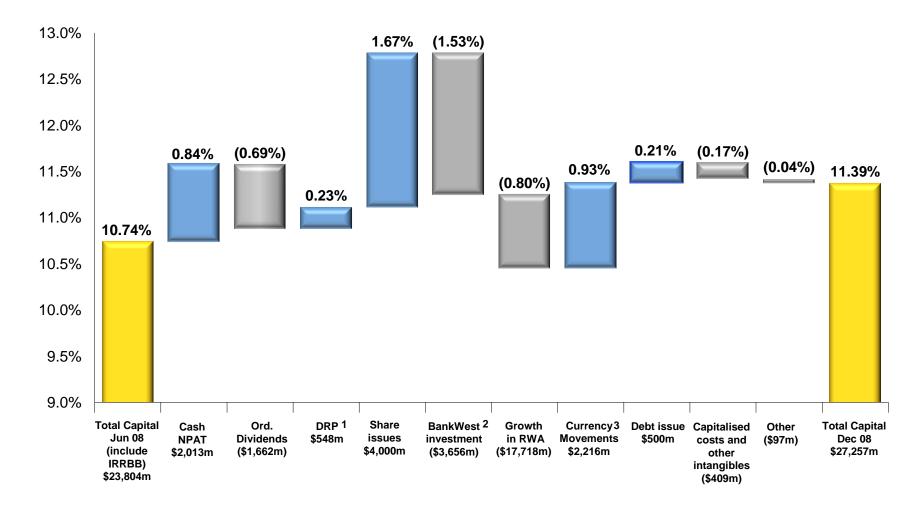


Top 14 European banks by market capitalisation as at 31/12/2008. Source: latest publicly disclosed company reports and other market updates. Includes proforma announcements.

1. Reflects Tier 1 Capital less hybrid Tier 1 instruments.



Total Capital
MovementHalf year to December 2008



Money AWARDS 2005

 Assumes 33% DRP participation.
 Capital invested in BankWest (ordinary shares and Tier 2 debt) treated as a non-consolidated subsidiary, 50% Tier 1 and 50% Tier 2 deduction.
 Movement in FCTR balance and other foreign exchange items.

Determined to be different

Regulatory Expected Loss

	Jun 08 \$m	Dec 08 \$m
Regulatory Expected Loss (EL) – before tax	2,372	3,382
Eligible Provision 1		
Eligible Provision ¹		
Collective provision	1,346	1,879
Individually assessed provisions	367	896
Other credit provisions	32	30
Fair value credit adjustments	22	4
Subtotal	1,767	2,809
less tax effect impact ²	(530)	(574)
Other	(39)	(63)
Total Eligible Provision	1,198	2,172
Regulatory EL in excess of Eligible Provision	1,174	1,210
Tier 1 deduction – 50%	587	605
Tier 2 deduction – 50%	587	605
Total Capital Deduction	1,174	1,210



Eligible provisions at December 2008 exclude BankWest.

APRA advised the Bank in September 2008 of a change in methodology, individual assessed provisions are no longer required to be tax effected. The impact of this change on June 2008 numbers would increase Tier 1 by \$55m and Total Capital by \$110m.



Hybrid Instruments

Hybrid dividends paid

•	Dec 08	Jun 08	Dec 07	Jun 07	Franked/ Imputed
					_
PERLS II	22	23	20	19	F
PERLS III	34	35	31	31	F
PERLS IV ¹	46	42	23		F
Trust Preferred Securities 2003	16	17	18	17	N/A
Trust Preferred Securities 2006	26	23	25	27	N/A
ASB Capital prefs	6	6	5	5	I
ASB Capital No.2 prefs	9	9	9	9	I
CBA Capital	11	9	9	9	F
	170	164	140	117	

¹Dec 07 contains one quarter's distribution only

Preference shares - breakdown

ference shares - breakdown				First call /		
	Issue Date C	urrency	Amount (\$m)	Conversion from Issue Date	Balance Sheet Classification	
Trust Preferred Securities 2003	06-Aug-03	USD	\$550	12 years	Tier 1 Loan Capital	
PERLS II	06-Jan-04	AUD	\$750	5 years	Tier 1 Loan Capital	
PERLS III	06-Apr-06	AUD	\$1,166	10 years	Tier 1 Loan Capital	
PERLS IV	12-Jul-07	AUD	\$1,465	5 years	Tier 1 Loan Capital	
Trust Preferred Securities 2006	15-Mar-06	USD	\$700	10 years	Other equity instruments	
ASB Capital prefs	10-Dec-02	NZD	\$200	Callable	Outside equity interests	
ASB Capital No.2 prefs	22-Dec-04	NZD	\$350	5 years	Outside equity interests	
CBA Capital	18-May-05	NZD	\$350	10 years	Tier 2 Loan Capital	





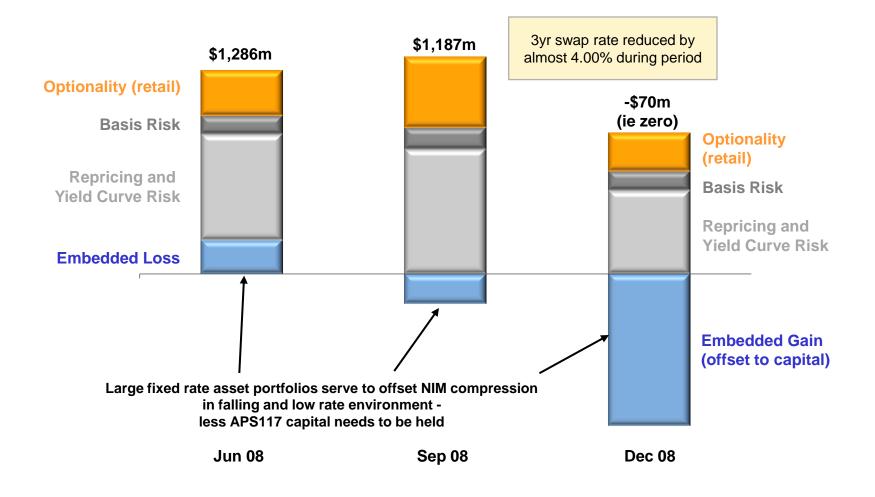
Capital Treatment

	AIFRS		APRA	
	Accounting	Tier 1	Tier 2	Total
Shareholders' Equity				
Ordinary Share Capital	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
Other Equity Instruments	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
Reserves				
General Reserve & Capital Reserve	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
Asset Revaluation Reserve	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
Other reserve accounts	\checkmark			
Retained Earnings	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
Minority Interests	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
Hybrid Debt Issues & Loan Capital		\checkmark		\checkmark
Other debt issues (subordinated)			\checkmark	\checkmark
Capital Deductions				
Intangibles		\checkmark		\checkmark
Superannuation Surplus (after tax)		\checkmark		\checkmark
Equity investments in other companies/unit trusts		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Expected losses in excess of eligible provisions		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Investments in offshore banks		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Other Deductions		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark





Capital Assigned to Interest Rate Risk in Banking Book - APS117

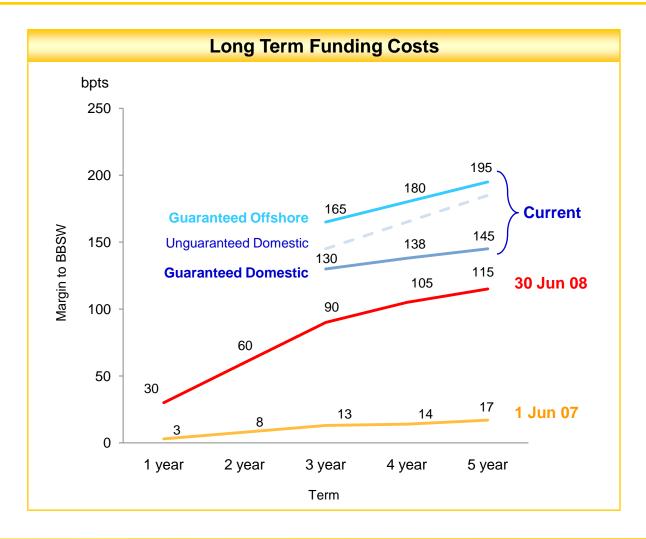




Interest

Rate Risk

Funding Costs







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Sustainability Metrics

		1H09	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Customers							
Customer satisfaction rating	- Main Financial Institution (MFI) Retail ¹	72.5%	70.1 %	70. 5%	64. 9%	65.4%	63. 2%
Customer satisfaction rating	– Business ²	76.8%	73.9%	60.7%	56. 5%	55. 5%	54.0%
Customer satisfaction rating	- Wealth ³	annual	7.70	7.96	7. 51	7.85	7.86
Environmental							
Greenhouse gas emissions	CO2-e emissions (tonnes) ⁴⁵⁶⁷	annual	170,659 ⁷	163,509	165,935	149,781	159,823
	CO2-e emissions per FTE (tonnes) ⁸	annual	5.6 ⁷	5.5	5.6	5.2	na
Energy use	Total (GJ) ⁹	annual	690,780 ⁷	687,839	675,307	608,661	638,819
	Total per FTE (GJ) ⁸	annual	22.45 ⁷	22.94	22.79	21.28	na
People							
Employee satisfaction	Gallup Survey GrandMean ¹⁰	annual	4. 28	4. 13	4. 15	4. 08	3. 94
Employee turnover	Voluntary ¹¹	13.69%	18. 45%	14. 94%	15.94%	na	na
Absenteeism	Average days per FTE ¹²	6.2	6. 5	6. 2	6.0	na	na
Safety	Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate ¹³	2.3	3.1 ⁷	3.6	4. 5	5.8	5.6

- 1 Roy Morgan Research MFI Customer Satisfaction is based on Australians aged 14+, Very or Fairly Satisfied 6 month moving average.
- 2 TNS Business Finance Monitor. All businesses with annual turnover to \$100M (excluding agribusinesses). Very or Fairly Satisfied a 12 month moving average.
- 3 Colonial First State FirstChoice rated by advisors in Wealth Insights Master Trust/Wrap survey.
- 4 Total CO2-e emissions consist of emissions relating to Scope 1 and 2 for domestic retail and commercial operations
- 5 CO2-e calculations used the Australian Greenhouse Office Workbook conversion factors.
- 6 CO2-e figures previously reported under Greenhouse Challenge Plus have been restated to reflect full fuel cycle emissions for transport fuels.
- 7 2008 figures updated from those presented in the 2008 Annual Results slides for improved data accuracy

- 8 Full Time Equivalent (FTE) includes only domestic permanent and contractor employees. Offshore employees are excluded.
- 9 Total energy use consists of consumption of electricity, gas and transport fuel (gasoline and diesel). Gas and electricity consumption includes all domestic retail and commercial occupied properties, excluding properties where electricity is on-sold. Transport fuel consumption includes both Group fleet and novated leased vehicles.
- 10 The Gallup Survey GrandMean measures employee engagement out of a possible score of 5.
- 11 Employee turnover refers to all voluntary exits of domestic permanent employees.
- 12 Absenteeism refers to sick leave of domestic, permanent employees only.
- 13 LTIFR refers to domestic, permanent employees only. Data is correct as at 31 December 2008.





Sustainability Progress

Environmental

- Updated Environment Policy endorsed by Board in October 2008
- Greener property portfolio with occupation of two new buildings at Sydney Olympic Park targeting 5 star NABERS environmental rating, and the development of environmentally-friendly 6 star Darling Walk
- Commenced as major sponsor of Clean Up Australia Day
- Successful completion of first year of partnership with Great Barrier Reef Foundation's ZooX program

People

- Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate improved for 5th year running now at 2.3
- Improvements in absenteeism and turnover rates
- New programs focussing on talent management, diversity and leadership development

Community

- Reconciliation Action Plan on track with a cultural awareness program commenced and an Indigenous employment strategy in progress
- Continued support for financial literacy through research, grants and the Start Smart program.
- Strengthened support for cricket in the community including country cricket, local cricket clubs, and Indigenous cricket
- Fundraising campaigns for breast cancer, prostate cancer and depression research





Sustainability Focus

- Further embedding sustainability into our business processes
- Enhanced reporting and disclosure
- Supporting diversity and financial wellbeing in the community
- Helping our customers to meet their sustainability goals
- Creating greener workplaces
- Creating a culture of customer service excellence

For more information about sustainability please visit www.commbank.com.au/sustainability





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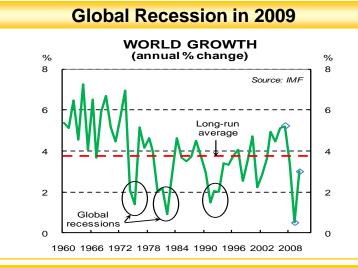
Economic Summary

	Year ended 30 Jun					
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009 (f) ¹	2010 (f)
Credit Growth % – Total	13.5	14.4	15.5	11.8	5½ to 7½	9-11
Credit Growth % – Housing	14.7	13.7	13.0	9.9	6-8	9½ to11½
Credit Growth % – Business	11.8	16.6	19.1	16.3	6½ to 8½	9½ to 11½
Credit Growth % – Other Personal	12.9	9.7	16.1	3.7	-4 to -2	1-3
GDP %	2.8	3.0	3.3	3.7	1.2	1.7
CPI %	2.4	3.2	2.9	3.4	3.3	2.9
Unemployment rate %	5.2	5.0	4.5	4.2	4.9	6.3

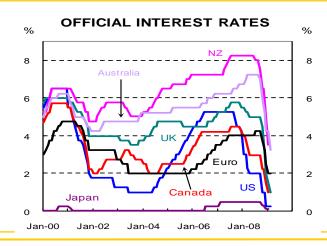




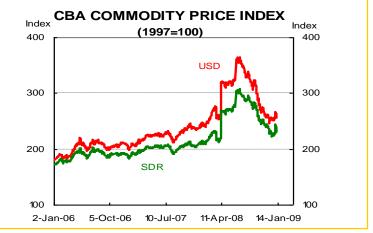
Global Backdrop



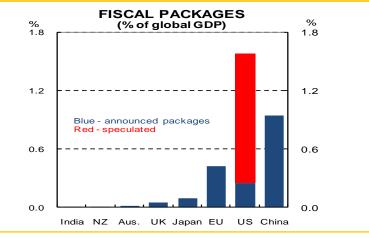
Central Banks are cutting rates



Commodity prices have fallen



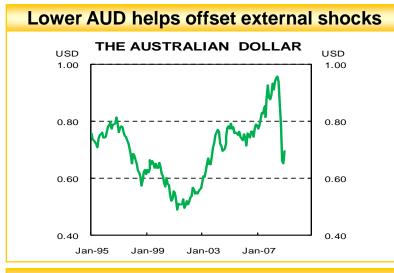
Governments are providing fiscal stimulus



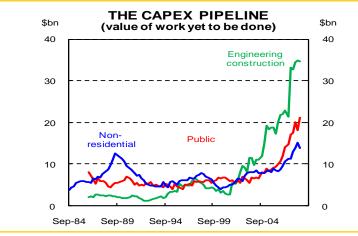


Determined to be different

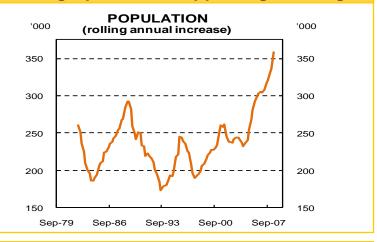
Domestic Protection



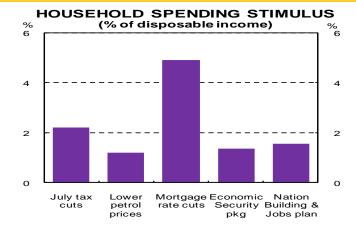
A large pipeline of capex projects is in place



Demographics are supporting housing

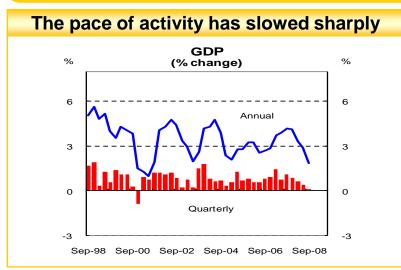


Policy has been pre-emptive

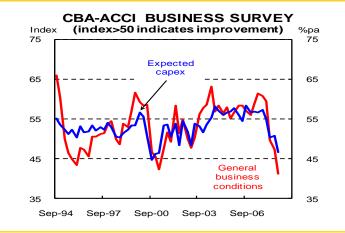




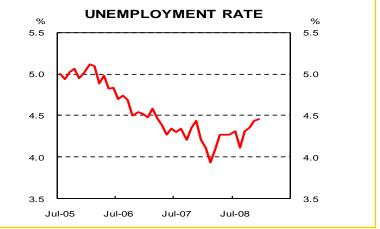
Domestic Risks



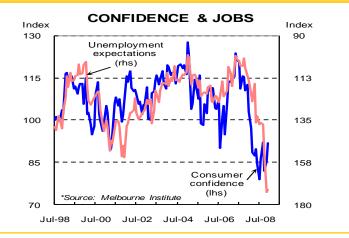
Some capex projects are being deferred



Unemployment is edging higher

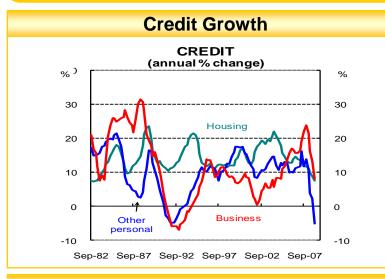


Consumers & businesses are cautious

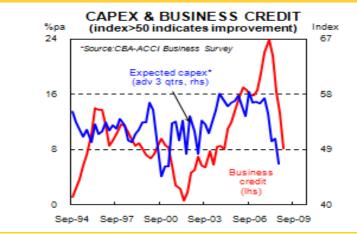


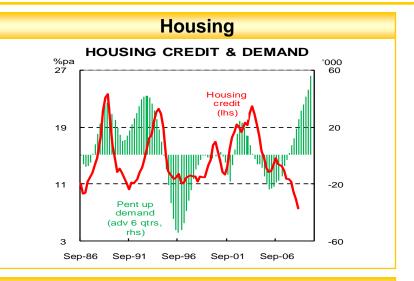


Credit Drivers

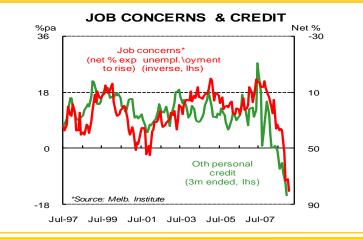


Business



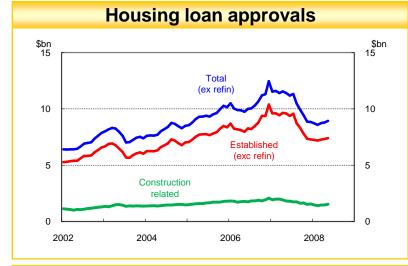


Other Personal

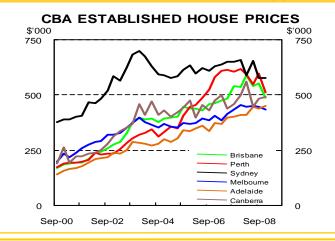




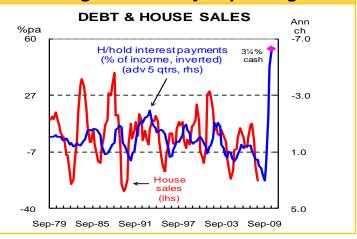
Housing Indicators



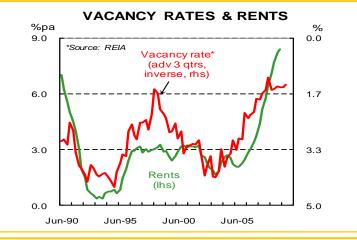
Established house prices sluggish



Housing affordability improving



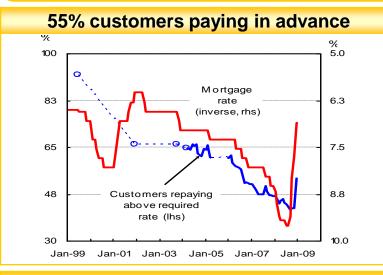
Vacancy rates low & rents rising



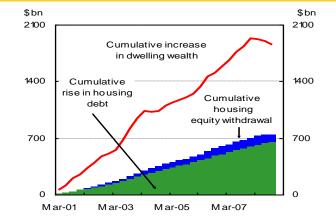


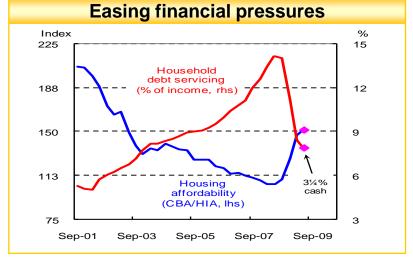
, Determined to be different

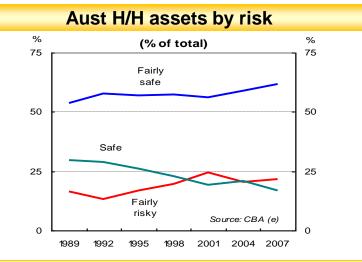
Housing Indicators



Housing equity withdrawal



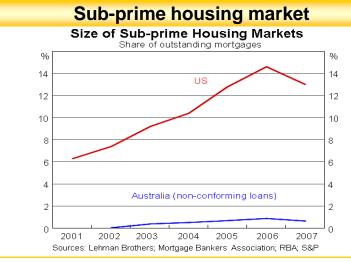








System Credit Quality



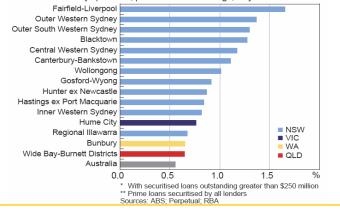
Arrears by State Housing Loan Arrears by Cohort* 90+ days past due, per cent of outstandings % % NSW Rest of Australia 2004 1.2 1.2 2005 0.9 0.9 0.6 0.6 2006 0.3 0.3 2002 2007 0.0 48 í٥ 12 24 36 0 12 24 36 Months since settlement * Prime loans securitised by all lenders Sources: Perpetual; RBA

Housing loan arrears Housing Loan Arrears by Loan Type* 90+ days past due, per cent of outstandings % % 8 8 Non-conforming 6 6 4 Full-doc (prime) 2 2 Low-doc (prime) 0 0 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 Securitised loans Sources: Perpetual; RBA; Standard & Poor's

Arrears by region



90+ days past due, per cent of outstandings, July 2008**







Results Presentation

For the half year ended 31 December 2008

Ralph Norris CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

David Craig CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER



Determined to be different

11 February 2009

Commonwealth Bank of Australia ACN 123 123 124