

Making Money Smart

Indicative data analytics that could be supported by the smart money proof of concept

Companion document to the Making Money Smart Report November 2018







Citation

Royal D⁺, Lim N⁺, Staples M*, Rimba P*, Gilder S⁺ (2018) Making Money Smart: Indicative data analytics that could be supported by the blockchain proof of concept, Companion document to the Making Money Smart report, Data61 (CSIRO), Sydney.

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Background

This is a companion document to the Making Money Smart Report: Royal D, Rimba P, Staples M, Gilder S, Tran A.B, Williams E, Ponomarev A, Weber I, Connor C, Lim N (2018) Making Money Smart: Empowering NDIS participants with Blockchain technologies, Data61 (CSIRO), Sydney.

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Executive Summary

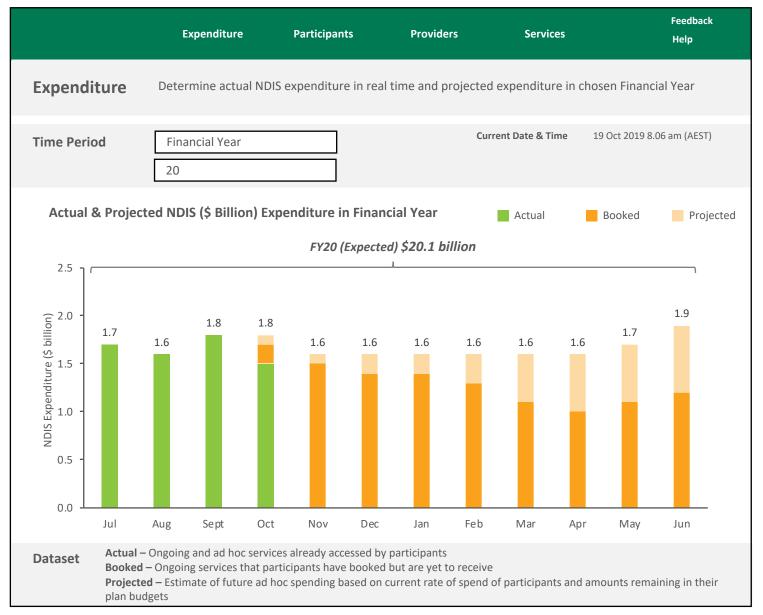
- 1. This companion document provides examples of how the Making Money Smart proof of concept could support enhance data analytics for government and service providers (noting that data analytics benefits for participants are demonstrated in the working prototype and discussed in the Making Money Smart Report). The examples use synthetically created data. No real data is reflected in the examples. Any resemblance to actual data, people or businesses is purely coincidental.
- 2. Examples of data analytics that could assist government agencies and policy departments are provided on pages 4 to 16. The functions they could support include:
 - participant plan development and management/oversight
 - market custodianship
 - · regulation of quality and safeguards
 - budget planning for the NDIS
 - policy analysis, development, review and improvement.
- 3. Examples of data analytics dashboards that could support Private or Agency Plan Managers are provided on pages 17 to 19.
- 4. Examples of data analytics that could assist service providers, including plan managers, are provided on pages 20 to 27. The functions that could support include:
 - · improvements in service quality and customer centricity
 - improvements in service mix across regions
 - growth and sustainability of business models
 - · plan management.
- 5. The proof of concept could support these functions by enhancing the visibility, timeliness, accuracy and coverage of data, while enabling appropriate controls to protect the confidentiality of participants and service providers. Transactional and budget-related data could be sourced from the blockchain-based system and be combined with backend data that the proof of concept captures but does not require blockchain to record (for example, service provider ratings and participants' self-assessments against their plan goals). In some instances, the data could also be combined with data held by government agencies and service providers to create richer datasets
- 6. The data analytics could be surfaced through a range of interfaces for government agencies, plan managers and service providers. These would require application programming interfaces (APIs) with strong security controls, the development of algorithms to structure the data and user friendly interface designs. The development of these elements were outside the scope of the Making Money Smart proof of concept.
- 7. Blockchain is not the only way to deliver these data analytics benefits in the future. The relative benefits of blockchain to, say, a centralised database are explored in Appendix A of the Making Money Smart Report. At a high-level, the key benefit of using blockchain is that it would create an immutable source of truth.

Examples of insights for government agencies and policy departments

Possible insights that the smart money proof of concept could deliver:	Page
Determine actual NDIS expenditure and automatically calculate forecasts	5
2. Compare the effectiveness of services in supporting participants to achieve their plan goals	6
3. Compare effectiveness of service providers as assessed by participants	7
4. Understand changes in the price of services over time	8
5. Compare the change in demand for different services over time	9
6. Compare the service utilisation levels of participants with different functional capacities	10
7. Understand service utilisation levels of participants from different backgrounds	11
8. Understand how well participants from different backgrounds are served	12
9. Estimate service coverage for specific services across regions	13
10. Understand trends in high risk / unusual spending activities over time	14
11. Identify outlier service providers for closer inspection	15
12. Identify jurisdictions with high proportions of registered providers relative to participant numbers	16



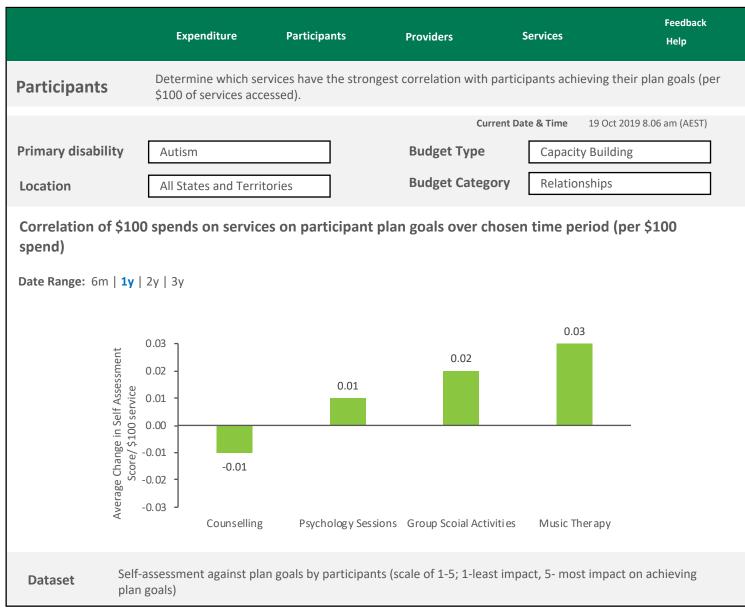
1. Determine actual NDIS expenditure and automatically calculate forecasts



- Produce timely budget forecasts at low cost.
- Ensure effective liquidity management for upcoming expenditure.
- Take proactive action to ensure sustainability of the NDIS within each financial year and across the forward estimates.



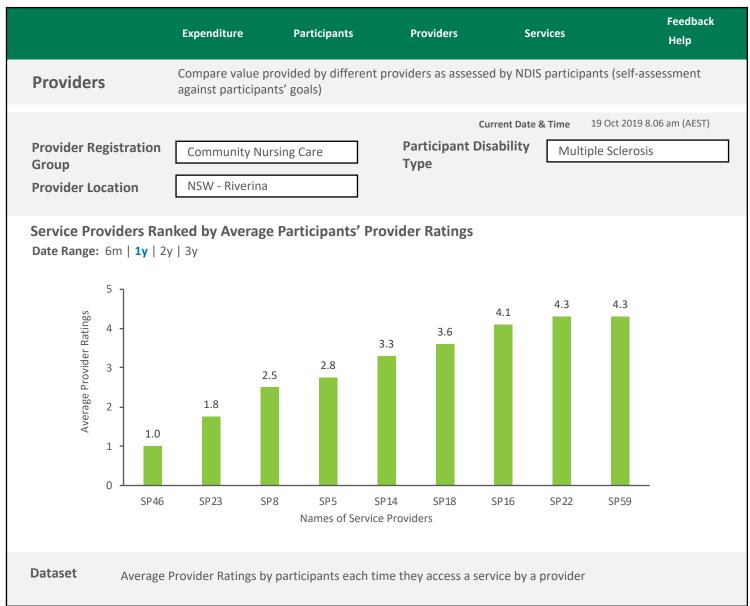
2. Compare the effectiveness of services in supporting participants to achieve their plan goals



- Identify the types of services that best support participants with a particular disability.
- Ensure new participant plans provide access to the most effective services.
- Help service providers understand which services are most effective for people with different disabilities and encourage greater service provision where markets for these services are shallow.



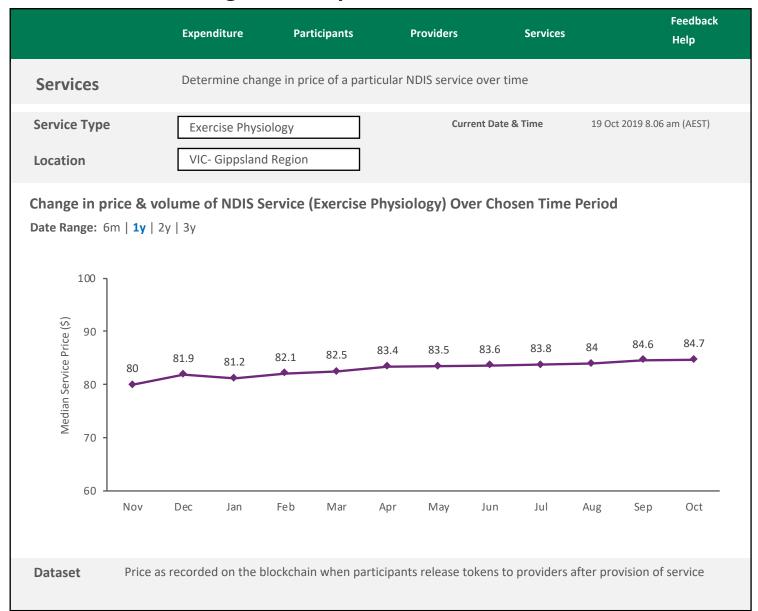
3. Compare effectiveness of service providers as assessed by participants



- Understand participant satisfaction with services providers in a particular market.
- Engage proactively to understand the reasons behind different ratings and facilitate higher performance.
- Such analysis could include more granular information, including more specific geographic locations and additional participant categories such as age, gender, and cultural background.



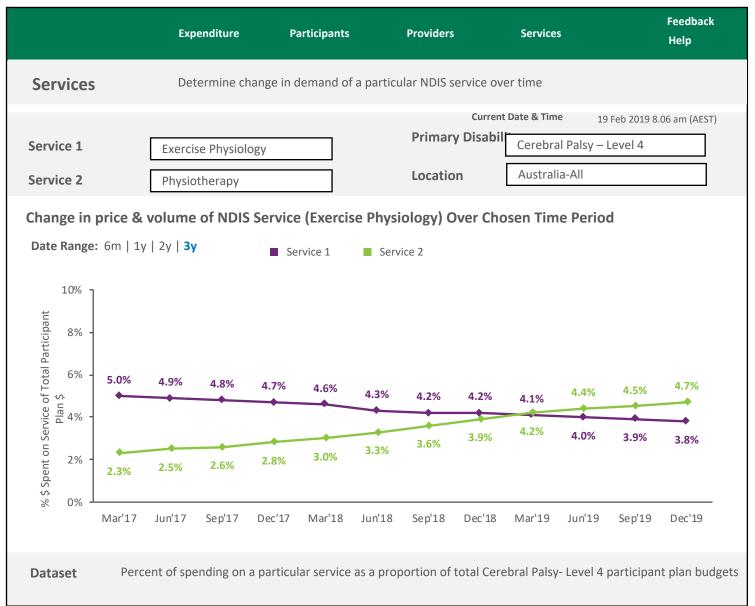
4. Understand changes in the price of services over time



- Monitor price changes for NDIS services in particular regions over a chosen time period.
- Investigate areas where prices are rising without a clear explanation and intervene to improve market operations as appropriate.
- Ensure new participant plans reflect the prices of services available to participants.
- Estimate long-term costs of the NDIS.



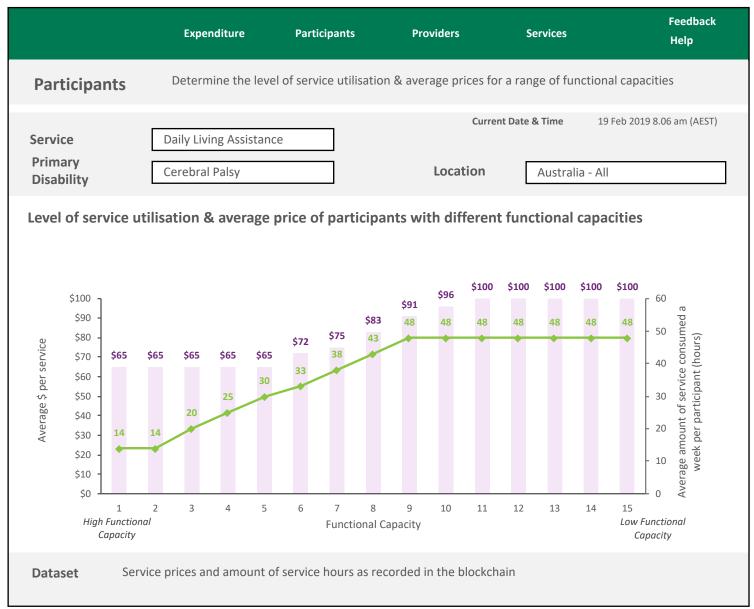
5. Compare the change in demand for different services over time



- Identify services that are increasingly being used by people of a particular disability.
- Investigate the reasons behind shifts in demand and ensure new participant plans reflect these shifts as appropriate.
- Help service providers understand shifts in demand and ensure sufficient supply will be available.



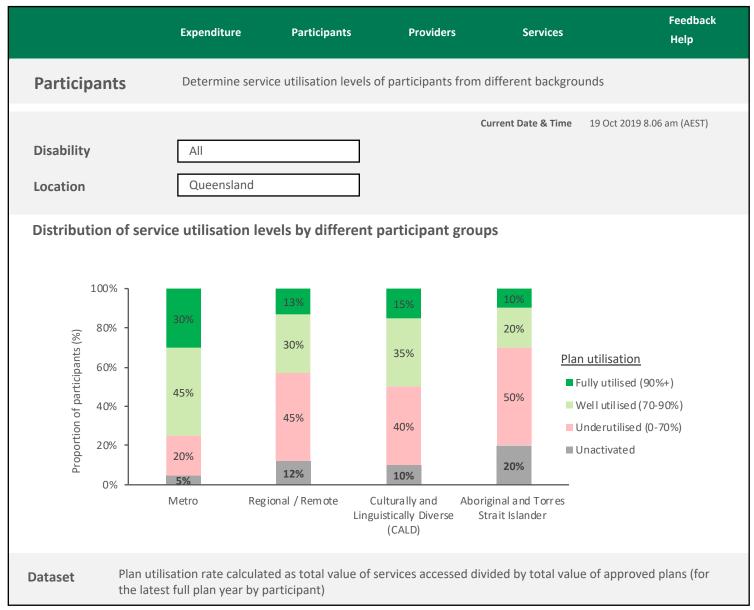
6. Compare the service utilisation levels of participants with different functional capacities



- Identify participant groups that are underserved.
- Encourage coverage for participant groups with complex needs through optimum price caps (e.g. the flat line in the example chart may indicate that people with low functional capacity are not receiving sufficient Daily Living Assistance services, potentially because service providers are unable to deliver the services sustainably at the \$100 price cap).



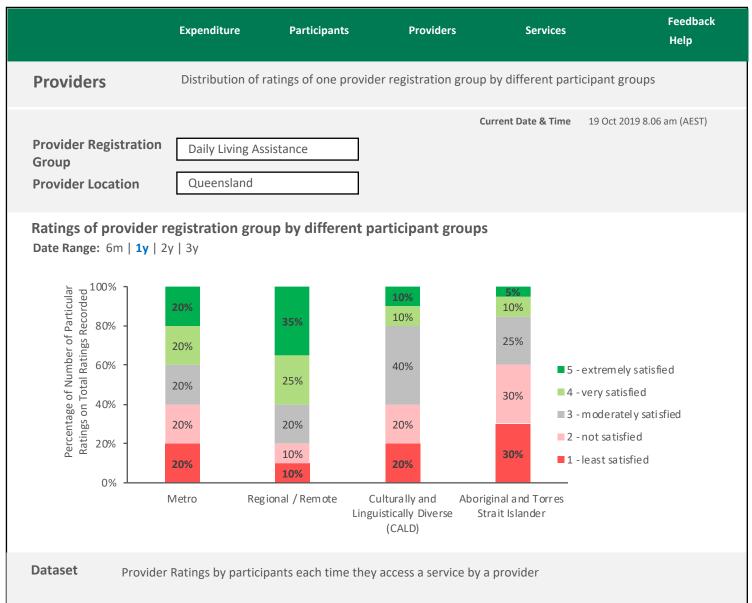
7. Understand service utilisation levels of participants from different backgrounds



- Identify utilisation rates for participants from different backgrounds.
- Proactively design strategies to uplift NDIS utilisation rates, targeting participants with low utilisation rates and build on the success in regions where previous uplifts have occurred.



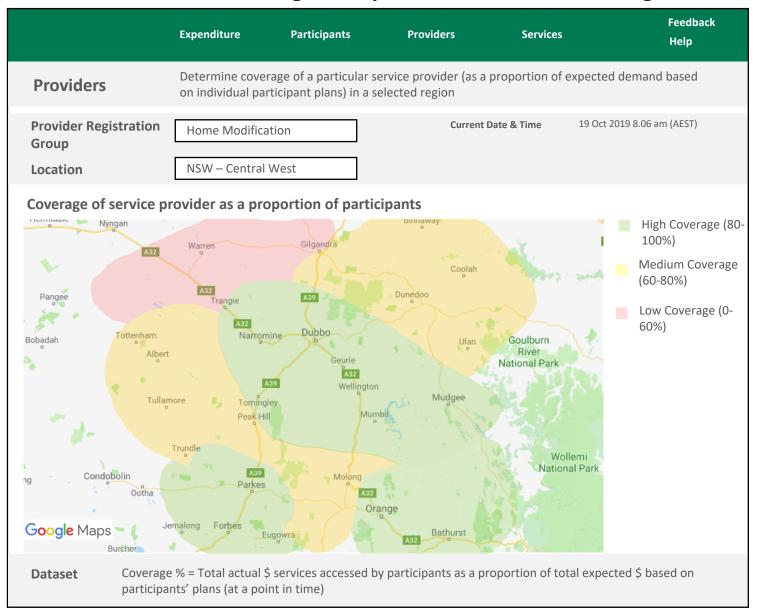
8. Understand how well participants from different backgrounds are served



- Identify the effectiveness of different provider registration groups in serving participants from different backgrounds.
- Proactively engage with service providers and participants to understand the root cause of low satisfaction rates.
- Proactively engage with service providers and participants where service satisfaction is high to understand how their success can be shared across the NDIS.



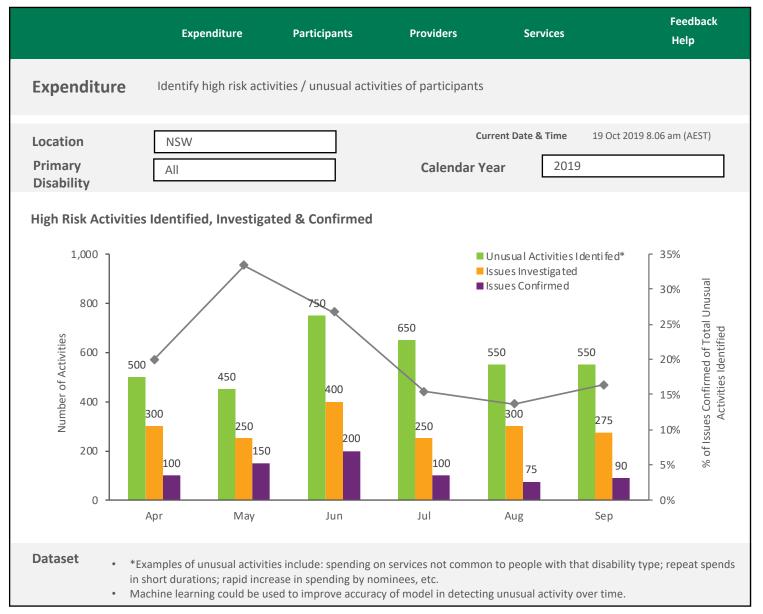
9. Estimate service coverage for specific services across regions



- Understand areas where participants may be underserviced for specific services.
- Communicate market opportunities to service providers.
- Where markets are likely to continue to underservice participants, ensure participant plans have sufficient transport budgets.



10. Understand trends in high risk / unusual spending activities over time



- Proactively identify participants at risk of misspending and, where relevant, help them get back on track.
- Identify and quickly address instances of uncompliant behaviour by nominees, plan managers and service providers.
- Prevent uncompliant behaviour through higher and faster identification rates.



11. Identify outlier service providers for closer inspection

	Expenditure	Participants	Providers	Services	Feedback Help
Providers	Identify providers that significantly price above* industry average for a particular service * Greater than 3 standard deviations above average cost				
			Current Dat	e & Time	19 Oct 2019 8.06 am (AEST)
Provider Registration Group Location	Daily Tasks/Sha	red Living	Service Financial year	Assistance wit	h Self-Care Activities

Providers that price significantly above* industry average for a particular service

^{*} Greater than 3 standard deviations above average cost

Provider Name	Average Price Charged	% Greater than Average Price	Average Provider Rating by Participants
Provider Name 1	\$267	70%	1.7
Provider Name 2	\$219	39%	3.5
Provider Name 3	\$216	38%	4.6
Provider Name 4	\$214	36%	4.2
Provider Name 5	\$214	36%	1.8
Provider Name 6	\$213	36%	3.9
Provider Name 7	\$210	34%	2.5
Provider Name 8	\$208	33%	2.9
Provider Name 9	\$208	33%	3.8
Provider Name 10	\$208	33%	3.6

Average Price for Daily Tasks/
Shared Living
Provider Group for Assistance with
Self-Care Activities
\$157 per day

Total 33 listings

<Prev 10 listings Next>

Provider prices and service ratings obtained from blockchain.

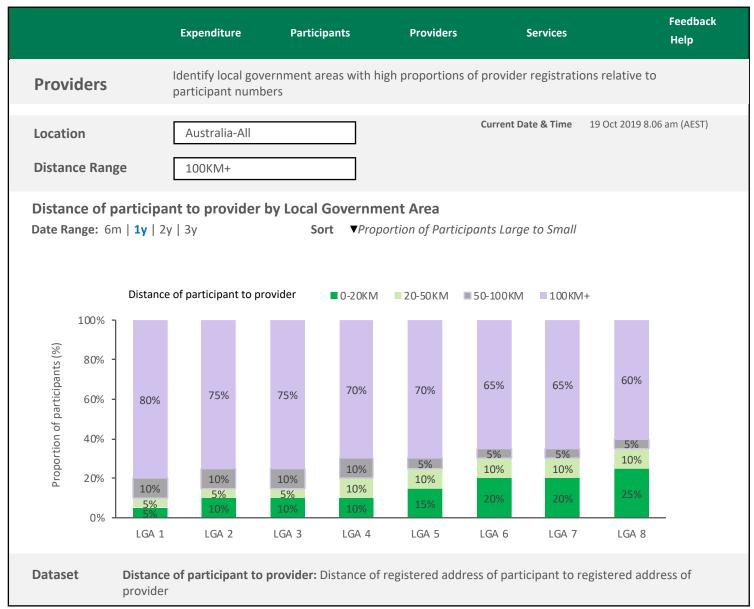
Insight to action

- Identify outlier (and potentially high-risk) providers for further investigation.
- Develop strategies to intervene in markets where service providers are at risk of delivering sub-optimal value for money.



Dataset

12. Identify jurisdictions with high proportions of registered providers relative to participant numbers



- **Identify Local Government Areas** with disproportionately high ratios of registered providers to participants
- Consider if unusually high registration rates are driven by market forces or registration arbitrage (that may pose risks to service quality)



Examples of dashboards for private and agency plan managers

Possible insights that the smart money proof of concept could deliver:				
1. View comprehensive, real-time dashboards for portfolios of participants	18			
2. View comprehensive, real-time dashboards for individual participants	19			



1. View comprehensive, real-time dashboards for portfolios of participants

Welcome, Arturo Cuevas Sanchez (Plan Manager)					NDIA Staff ID State	628064 Feedback SA Help	
Sort by	Location	SA – Mt Gambie	Primary All Disability		Current	Date & Time	30 Jun 2019 8.06 am (AEST)
			202	results			
Participant Name Example names only- not real	NDIS Number	Management Type Self, Plan or Agency Managed	Budget progress On-track Overspend At risk Inactive	Self-Assessment Against Plan Goals Average across all participants' goals	Flags for action Click on participant name to look at detail	Plan Start Date	Plan End Date
Battii, Lisa	4312345678	Self		****	2	1 Oct 2018	30 Sept 2019
Batziolas, Bill	4356781234	Agency	G	No ratings given	0	5 July 2019	4 Jul 2020
Bazi, Ahmed	4300789567	Plan	<u> </u>	***	1	1 Apr 2019	30 Mar 2020
Beaman, Tina	4387412340	Plan		***	0	29 Sep 2018	28 Sep 2019
Benjamin, Sue	4355558764	Self			2	15 Oct 2018	14 Oct 2019
Bhusan, Biji	4343567123	Agency		***	3	7 Jan 2019	6 Jan 2020
Biaggini, Miros	4353297431	Self	U		2	15 Dec 2018	14 Dec 2019
Bianco, Robert	4365879012	Plan		No ratings given	0	22 Oct 2018	21 Oct 2019
Bui, Thuy	4322151067	Self		***	0	31 Aug 2018	30 Aug 2018
Bui, Van	4369702312	Agency	1	*****	0	1 Jul 2018	30 June 2019



2. View comprehensive, real-time dashboards for individual participants

Feedback **NDIA Staff ID** 628064 Welcome, Arturo Cuevas Sanchez (Plan Manager) Help State SA **Participant Name** Lisa Battii (F) **Cultural Group** Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander **NDIS Number** 4312345678 **Plan Mgmt Type** Self-Managed 15 October 1997 DOB (22 years, 5 months) **Plan Period** 1 October 2018 to 30 September 2019 (91 days remaining) 23 Magnolia Cres, Mt Gambier SA 5290 **Address Nominees** Mary Battii (Mother) Authority: Spending 2 flags for attention Goals and self-assessed progress Lisa's first goal is to maintain her engagement with her Lisa's second goal is to get and maintain a job in public Lisa's longer term goal is live independently with her community and start playing wheelchair basketball administration partner 10 8 6 6 Jan Feb Mar Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jan Feb Mar Apr May **Secondary Disability** Nil **Primary Disability** Spinal Chord Injury **Budget Progress** Capacity Building - Employment Capital Supports – Stair lift **Core Supports** Capacity Building - Daily Activity Capital Supports - Wheelchair 50 50 10 Projected Past 10 10 Projected g 30 6 4 2 Plan Start Current Plan Start Current Plan Start Current Plan Start Plan Start Current Plan Current Plan Date End Date Date

<u>Flags</u>

- 1. One unusual spend detected, due for investigation by 15 July 2019, see more
- . One request for plan review, due for review by 30 July 2019, see more

Additional Details

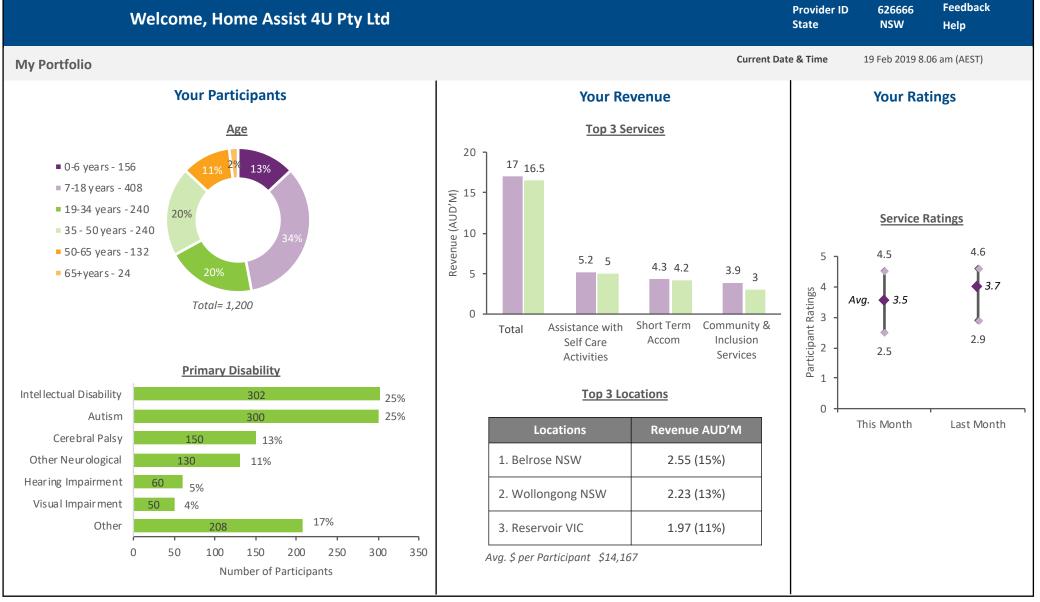


Examples of insights for service providers

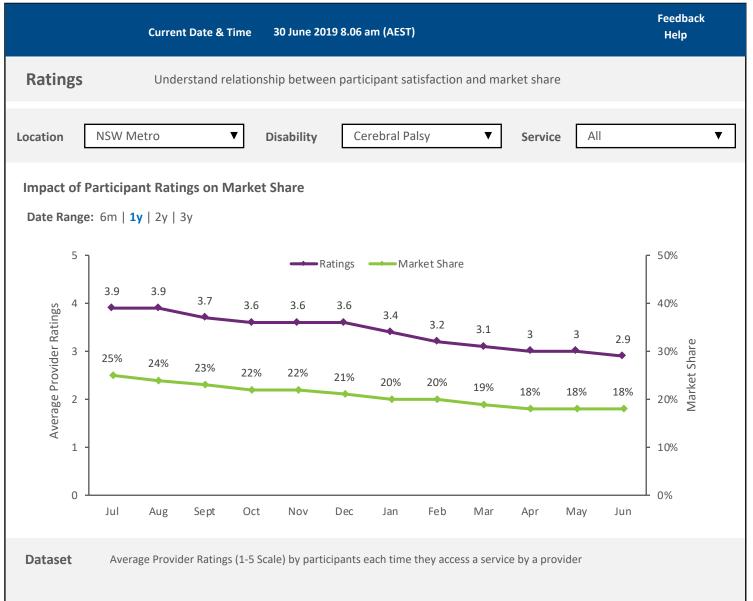
Possible insights that the smart money proof of concept could deliver:				
1. View participant, revenue and ratings snap shot of your business	21			
2. Understand relationship between participant satisfaction and market share	22			
3. Monitor actual NDIS revenue and automatically calculate forecast revenue	23			
4. Compare share of plan among other providers	24			
5. Compare prices of services against other providers	25			
6. Determine coverage of service providers in a selected region	26			
7. Example of possible built-in confidentiality protections for tight search criteria	27			



1. View participant, revenue and ratings snap shot of business



2. Understand relationship between participant satisfaction and market share



- Determine relationship between participants' ratings of services and impact on market share
- Proactively devise strategies to improve participant satisfaction if there has been a reduction in market share driven by declining participant satisfaction



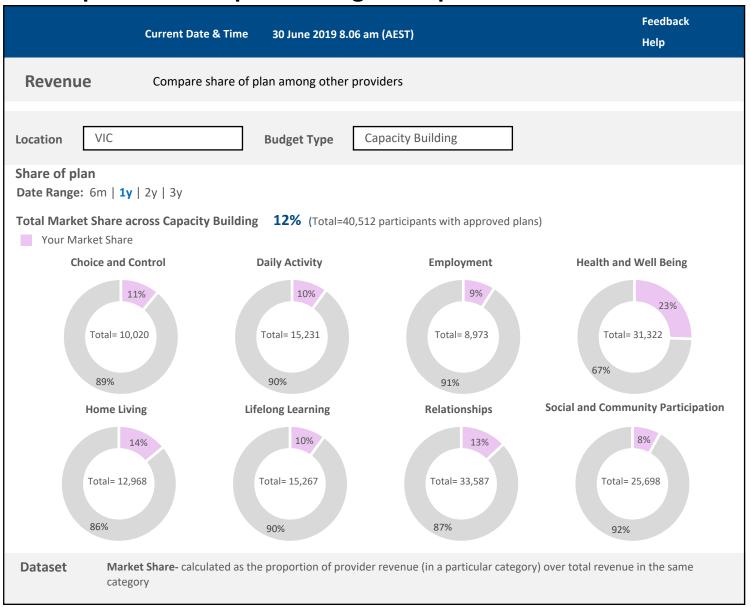
3. Monitor actual NDIS revenue and automatically calculate forecast revenue



- Understand revenue received to date in real-time
- Forecast revenue based on services booked to assist with business planning (such as budgeting and rostering)



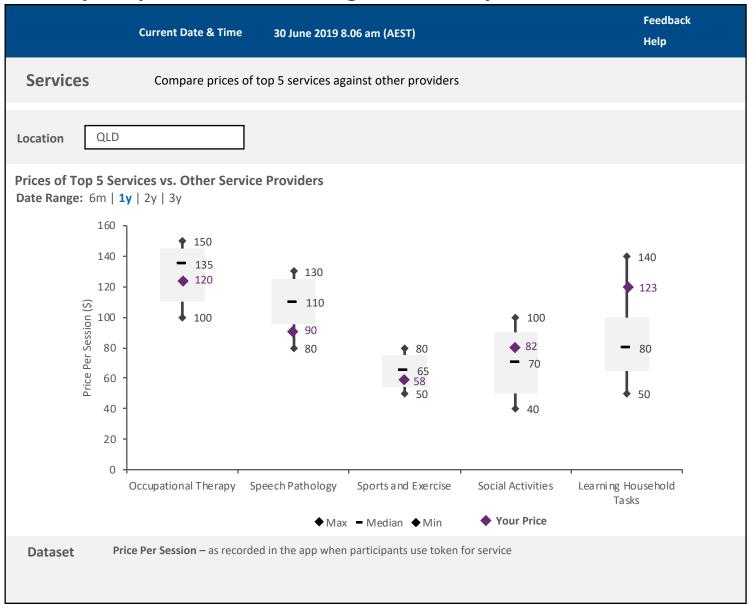
4. Compare share of plan among other providers



- Identify areas / categories where market share is lower than average
- Proactively devise strategies to either specialise in some markets or increase market share across multiple categories.



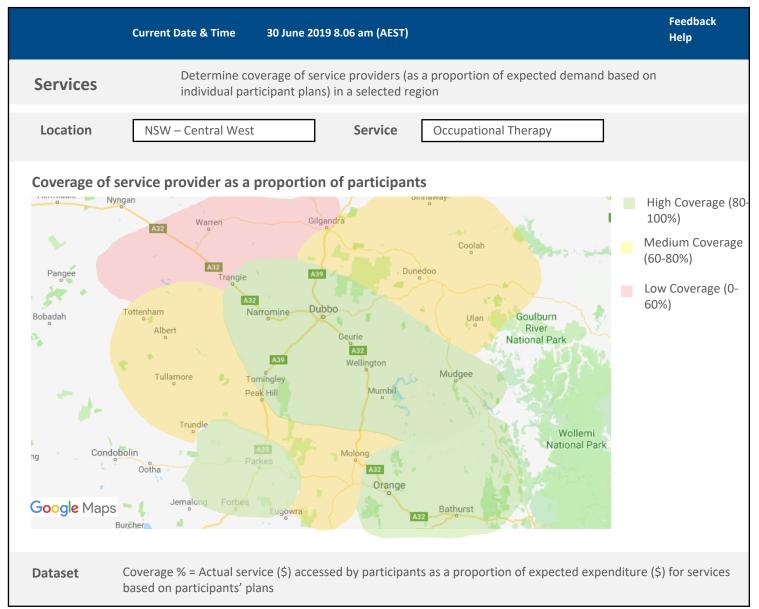
5. Compare prices of services against other providers



- Determine the price of services relative to competition
- Position prices to match value proposition in the market and maximise service sustainability



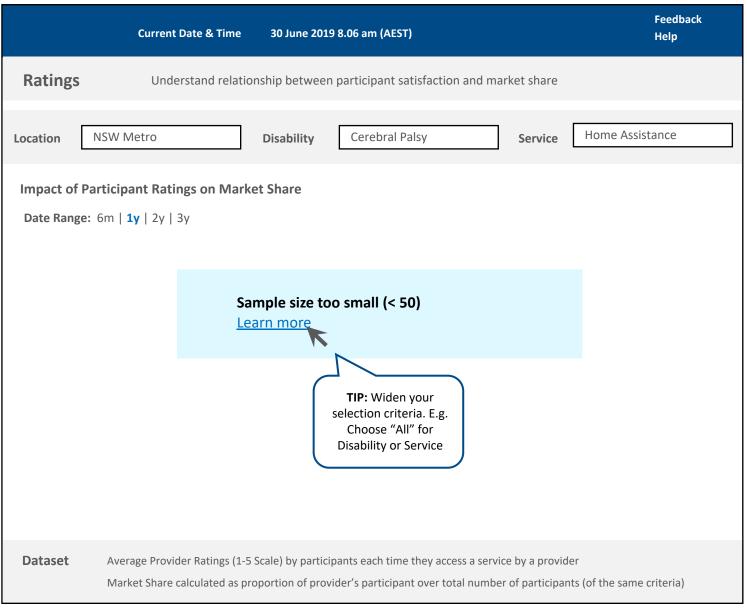
6. Determine coverage of service providers in a selected region



- Identify areas with low service coverage for NDIS participants (potential business opportunity)
- Proactively identify regions for expansion and specialisation



7. Example of possible built-in confidentiality protections for tight search criteria



Insight to action

 This page illustrates how privacy controls could prevent searches that result in small numbers of participants and/or providers (which could otherwise risk the confidentiality of participants' personal information or competitors market sensitive information).





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