

## Target Market Determination

### Ardea Real Outcome Fund – Class A APIR HOW00098AU

#### Legal disclaimer

This Target Market Determination (TMD) is required under section 994B of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) (**the Act**). It sets out the class of consumers for whom the product, including its key attributes, would likely be consistent with their likely objectives, financial situation and needs. In addition, the TMD outlines the triggers to review the target market and certain other information. It forms part of Issuer’s design and distribution arrangements for the product.

This document is **not** a product disclosure statement and is **not** a summary of the product features or terms of the product. The information in the TMD is intended to be general information only and is not financial product advice. This document does not take into account any person’s individual objectives, financial situation or needs. Persons interested in acquiring this product should carefully read this TMD and the Product Disclosure Statement (**PDS**) before making a decision to buy or continue to hold this product. They should assess whether they are in the target market for this product and obtain financial product advice that considers their individual objectives, financial situation and needs.

Important terms used in this TMD are defined in the TMD Definitions which supplement this document. Capitalised terms have the meaning given to them in the product’s PDS, unless otherwise defined. The PDS can be obtained by contacting us on 13 51 53 or on our website at [https://www.fidante.com/-/media/shared/fidante/arde/arof\\_pds.pdf](https://www.fidante.com/-/media/shared/fidante/arde/arof_pds.pdf)

|                              |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| <b>Target Market Summary</b> | <b>The Fund adopts a relative value investment strategy to access a range of fixed income return sources. This product is most likely appropriate for a consumer seeking potentially higher levels of return than cash and cash-like securities, protection against inflation and with the potential for some capital preservation and income. It is intended to be used as a small to core component of their portfolio where the consumer has a low investment timeframe and a low risk/return profile.</b> |
|------------------------------|---|

#### Fund and Issuer identifiers

|                    |                          |                               |                |
|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Issuer</b>      | Fidante Partners Limited | <b>ISIN Code</b>              | AU60HOW00981   |
| <b>Issuer ABN</b>  | 94 002 835 592           | <b>Market Identifier Code</b> | n/a            |
| <b>Issuer AFSL</b> | 234668                   | <b>Product Exchange code</b>  | n/a            |
| <b>Fund</b>        | Ardea Real Outcome Fund  | <b>Date TMD approved</b>      | 5 October 2021 |

|           |             |             |         |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|---------|
| ARSN      | 158 996 699 | TMD Version | 1.0     |
| APIR Code | HOW0098AU   | TMD Status  | Current |

## Description of Target Market

This part is required under section 994B(5)(b) of the Act.

### TMD indicator key

The Consumer Attributes for which the product is likely to be appropriate have been assessed using a red/amber/green rating methodology with appropriate colour coding:

|                  |                              |                                 |
|------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| In target market | Potentially in target market | Not considered in target market |
|------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|

### Instructions

In the tables below, Column 1, Consumer Attributes, indicates a description of the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of the class of consumers that are considering this product. Column 2, TMD indicator, indicates whether a consumer meeting the attribute in column 1 is likely to be in the target market for this product.

Generally, a consumer is unlikely to be in the target market for the product if:

- **one or more** of their Consumer Attributes correspond to a **red** rating, or
- **three or more** of their Consumer Attributes correspond to an **amber** rating.

### Investment products and diversification

A consumer (or class of consumer) may intend to hold a product as part of a diversified portfolio (typically with an intended product use of *satellite/small allocation* or *core component*). In such circumstances, the product should be assessed against the consumer's attributes for the relevant portion of the portfolio, rather than the consumer's portfolio as a whole. For example, a consumer may seek to construct a conservative portfolio with a satellite/small allocation to growth assets. In this case, it may be likely that a product with a *High* or *Very High* risk/return profile is consistent with the consumer's objectives for that allocation notwithstanding that the risk/return profile of the consumer as a whole is *Low* or *Medium*. In making this assessment, distributors should consider all features of a product (including its key attributes).

| <b>Consumer Attributes</b>                                       | <b>TMD Indicator</b> | <b>Product description including key attributes</b>  |
|--|----------------------|--|
| <b>Consumer's investment objective</b>                           |                      |  |
| Capital Growth   |                      | The Fund targets a stable return in excess of inflation over the medium term.<br><br>The Fund primarily invests in high quality government bonds, related derivatives and cash equivalent investments, across the most liquid segments of global fixed income markets. |
| Capital Preservation   |                      |  |
| Capital Guaranteed   |                      |  |
| Income Distribution  |                      |  |
| <b>Consumer's intended product use (% of Investable Assets)</b>  |                      |  |
| Solution/Standalone (75-100%)                                    |                      | The Fund has medium diversification and aims to be fully invested.   |
| Core Component (25-75%)  |                      |  |
| Satellite/small allocation (<25%)                                |                      |  |
| <b>Consumer's investment timeframe</b>                           |                      |  |
| Short ( $\leq$ 2 years)  |                      | The suggested minimum investment timeframe for the Fund is at least 2 years.   |
| Medium ( $\leq$ 8 years)   |                      |  |
| Long ( $>$ 8 years)  |                      |  |
| <b>Consumer's Risk (ability to bear loss) and Return profile</b> |                      |  |
| Low  |                      | The Standard Risk Measure for the Fund is Risk Band 1.   |
| Medium   |                      |  |
| High   |                      |  |
| Very High  |                      |  |
| <b>Consumer's need to withdraw money</b>                         | <b>TMD Indicator</b> | <b>Product description including key attributes</b>  |

|                    |  |   |
|--------------------|--|---|
| Daily              |  | The Product permits daily redemptions under normal circumstances and the Issuer is typically able to meet redemption requests within five business days under normal circumstances. |
| Weekly             |  |   |
| Monthly            |  |   |
| Quarterly          |  |   |
| Annually or longer |  |   |

## Appropriateness

This part is required under RG 274.64–66.

The Issuer has assessed the product and formed the view that the product, including its key attributes, is likely to be consistent with the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of consumers in the target market as described above, as the features of this product in Column 3 of the table above are likely to be suitable for consumers with the attributes identified with a green TMD Indicator in Column 2.

## Distribution conditions/restrictions

This part is required under section 994B(5)(c) of the Act.

| Distribution Condition               | Distribution Condition Rationale |  |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| There are no distribution conditions | Not applicable                   |  |

| Review triggers   |
|---|
| This part is required under section 994B(5)(d) of the Act.  |
| Material change to key attributes, fund investment objective and/or fees.   |
| Material deviation from benchmark / objective over sustained period.  |
| Key attributes have not performed as disclosed by a material degree and for a material period.  |
| Determination by the issuer of an ASIC reportable Significant Dealing   |
| Material or unexpectedly high number of complaints (as defined in section 994A(1) of the Act) about the product or distribution of the product. |
| The use of Product Intervention Powers, regulator orders or directions that affects the product.  |

| Mandatory review periods |
|--------------------------|
|--------------------------|

| This part is required under section 994B(5)(e) and (f) of the Act. |                           |
|--|---------------------------|
| Review period  | Maximum period for review |
| Initial review   | 1 year and 3 months       |
| Subsequent reviews   | 3 years and 3 months      |

| <b>Distributor reporting requirements</b>   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| This part is required under section 994B(5)(g) and (h) of the Act.  |   |  |
| Reporting requirement   | Reporting period  | Which distributors this requirement applies to |
| Complaints (as defined in section 994A(1) of the Act) relating to the product design, product availability and distribution. The distributor should provide all the content of the complaint, having regard to privacy. | Within 10 business days following end of calendar quarter   | All distributors                               |
| Significant dealing outside of target market, under s994F(6) of the Act.<br>See Definitions for further detail.   | As soon as practicable but no later than 10 business days after distributor becomes aware of the significant dealing. | All distributors                               |
| To the extent a distributor is aware of dealings outside the target market, including reason why acquisition is outside of target market, and whether acquisition occurred under personal advice.                       | Within 10 business days following end of calendar quarter.  | All distributors                               |

If practicable, distributors should adopt the FSC data standards for reports to the Issuer. Distributors must report to the Issuer using the agreed methodology. Contact details relating to this TMD for the Issuer are:

### **Fidante Product Team**

c/- Roy Sider

Product Manager, Fidante Partners

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The Issuer is a member of the Challenger Limited group of companies (Challenger Group). The Issuer is not an authorised deposit-taking institution (ADI) for the purpose of the *Banking Act 1959* (Cth), and its obligations do not represent deposits or liabilities of an ADI in the Challenger Group (Challenger ADI) and no Challenger ADI provides a guarantee or otherwise provides assurance in respect of the obligations of the Issuer. Investments in the Fund are subject to investment risk including possible delays in repayment and loss of income or principal invested. Accordingly, the performance, the repayment of capital or any particular rate of return on your investments are not guaranteed by any member of the Challenger Group.”

# Definitions

| Term  | Definition   |
|---|--|
| <b>Consumer's investment objective</b>                          |  |
| Capital Growth  | The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed to generate capital return. The consumer prefers exposure to growth assets or otherwise seeks an investment return above the current inflation rate.  |
| Capital Preservation  | The consumer seeks to invest in a product to reduce volatility and minimise loss in a market down-turn. The consumer prefers exposure to defensive assets (such as cash or fixed income securities) that are generally lower in risk and less volatile than growth investments.  |
| Capital Guaranteed  | The consumer seeks a guarantee or protection against capital loss whilst still seeking the potential for capital growth (typically gained through a derivative arrangement). The consumer would likely understand the complexities, conditions and risks that are associated with such products.   |
| Income Distribution   | The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed to distribute regular and/or tax-effective income. The consumer prefers exposure to income-generating assets (typically, high dividend-yielding equities, fixed income securities and money market instruments).  |
| <b>Consumer's intended product use (% of Investable Assets)</b> |  |
| Solution/Standalone (75-100%)                                   | The consumer intends to hold the investment as either a part or the majority (up to 100%) of their total <i>investable assets</i> (see definition below). The consumer typically prefers exposure to a product with at least High <i>portfolio diversification</i> (see definitions below).  |
| Core Component (25-75%)   | The consumer intends to hold the investment as a major component, up to 75%, of their total <i>investable assets</i> (see definition below). The consumer typically prefers exposure to a product with at least Medium <i>portfolio diversification</i> (see definitions below).   |
| Satellite (<25%)  | The consumer intends to hold the investment as a smaller part of their total portfolio, as an indication it would be suitable for up to 25% of the total <i>investable assets</i> (see definition below). The consumer is likely to be comfortable with exposure to a product with Low <i>portfolio diversification</i> (see definitions below). |
| Investable Assets   | Those assets that the investor has available for investment, excluding the family home.  |
| <b>Portfolio diversification</b>                                |  |
| Low   | Single asset class, single country, low or moderate holdings of securities - e.g. high conviction Aussie equities.   |
| Medium  | 1-2 Asset Classes, Single Country, Broad exposure within asset class, e.g. Aussie Equities All Ords.   |

|  |  |
|--|--|
| High   | Highly diversified across either asset classes, countries or investment managers, e.g. Australian multi-manager balanced fund or Global Equities extending beyond benchmark.   |
| <b>Consumer's intended investment timeframe</b>                  |  |
| Short ( $\leq 2$ years)  | The consumer has a short investment timeframe and may wish to redeem within two years.   |
| Medium ( $> 2$ years)  | The consumer has a medium investment timeframe and is unlikely to redeem within two years.   |
| Long ( $> 8$ years)  | The consumer has a long investment timeframe and is unlikely to redeem within eight years.   |
| <b>Consumer's Risk (ability to bear loss) and Return profile</b> |  |
| Low  | The consumer is conservative or low risk in nature, seeks to minimise potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 1 negative return over a 20 year period (SRM 1 to 2)) and is comfortable with a low target return profile.<br>Consumer typically prefers defensive assets such as cash and fixed income.  |
| Medium   | The consumer is moderate or medium risk in nature, seeking to minimise potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 4 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 3 to 5)) and comfortable with a moderate target return profile.<br>Consumer typically prefers a balance of growth assets such as shares, property and alternative assets and defensive assets such as cash and fixed income.   |
| High   | The consumer is higher risk in nature and can accept higher potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 6 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 6)) in order to target a higher target return profile.<br>Consumer typically prefers predominantly growth assets such as shares, property and alternative assets with only a smaller or moderate holding in defensive assets such as cash and fixed income.   |
| Very high  | The consumer has a more aggressive or very high risk appetite, seeks to maximise returns and can accept higher potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear 6 or more negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 7) and possibly other risk factors, such as leverage).<br>Consumer typically prefers growth assets such as shares, property and alternative assets.  |
| <b>Consumer's need to withdraw money</b>                         |  |
| Daily/Weekly/Monthly/Quarterly/Annually or longer                | The consumer seeks to invest in a product which permits redemption requests at this frequency under ordinary circumstances and the issuer is typically able to meet that request within a reasonable period.   |
| <b>Distributor Reporting</b>                                     |  |
| Significant dealings   | Section 994F(6) of the Act requires distributors to notify the issuer if they become aware of a significant dealing in the product that is not consistent with the TMD. Neither the Act nor ASIC defines when a dealing is 'significant' and distributors have discretion to apply its ordinary meaning.<br>The issuer will rely on notifications of significant dealings to monitor and review the product, this TMD, and its distribution strategy, and to meet its own obligation to report significant dealings to ASIC. |

Dealings outside this TMD may be significant because:

- they represent a material proportion of the overall distribution conduct carried out by the distributor in relation to the product, or
- they constitute an individual transaction which has resulted in, or will or is likely to result in, significant detriment to the consumer (or class of consumer).

In each case, the distributor should have regard to:

- the nature and risk profile of the product (which may be indicated by the product's risk rating or withdrawal timeframes),
- the actual or potential harm to a consumer (which may be indicated by the value of the consumer's investment, their intended product use or their ability to bear loss), and
- the nature and extent of the inconsistency of distribution with the TMD (which may be indicated by the number of red or amber ratings attributed to the consumer).

Objectively, a distributor may consider a dealing (or group of dealings) outside the TMD to be significant if:

- it constitutes more than half of the distributor's total retail product distribution conduct in relation to the product over the reporting period,
- the consumer's intended product use is *Solution / Standalone*, or
- the consumer's intended product use is *Core component* and the consumer's risk (ability to bear loss) and return profile is *Low*.