Profit **Announcement**

CommonwealthBank



For the half year ended 31 December 2012



ASX Appendix 4D

Results for announcement to the market (1)

Report for the half year ended 31 December 2012	\$M	
Revenue from ordinary activities	22,918	Down 4%
Profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after tax attributable to Equity holders	3,661	Up 1%
Net profit/(loss) for the period attributable to Equity holders	3,661	Up 1%
Dividends (distributions)		
Interim Dividend - fully franked (cents per share)		164
Record date for determining entitlements to the dividend		22 February 2013

(1) Rule 4.2A.3

This half year report is provided to the ASX under Rule 4.2A. Refer to Appendix 11 ASX Appendix 4D for disclosures required under ASX Listing Rules.

This report should be read in conjunction with the 30 June 2012 Annual Financial Report of the Group and any public announcements made in the period by the Group in accordance with the continuous disclosure requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ASX Listing Rules.

Important dates for shareholders

Ex-dividend Date	18 February 2013
Record Date	22 February 2013
Interim Dividend Payment Date	5 April 2013

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Except where otherwise stated, all figures relate to the half year ended 31 December 2012. The term "prior comparative period" refers to the half year ended 31 December 2011, while the term "prior half" refers to the half year ended 30 June 2012.

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CONSISTENT LONG TERM STRATEGY DELIVERS STRONG RESULT

Highlights of 2013 Interim Result

- Statutory NPAT of \$3,661 million up 1 per cent⁽¹⁾;
- Cash NPAT of \$3,780 million up 6 per cent;
- Continued revenue momentum up 5 per cent in subdued market conditions;
- Investments in technology and productivity initiative underpinning disciplined management of costs;
- Fully franked interim dividend of \$1.64 up 20 per cent on 2012 interim dividend;
- Return on Equity (cash basis) 18.1 per cent;
- Strong organic capital growth Basel III Common Equity Tier 1 (Internationally Harmonised) up 130 basis points to 10.6 per cent;
- Conservative funding, provisioning and liquids settings; and
- Group well positioned for future, combining on-going franchise and balance sheet strength with continued innovation.
- (1) Except where otherwise stated, all figures relate to the half year ended 31 December 2012. The term "prior comparative period" refers to the half year ended 31 December 2011, while the term "prior half" refers to the half year ended 30 June 2012. Unless otherwise indicated, all comparisons are to "prior comparative period".





Sydney, 13 February 2013. The Commonwealth Bank of Australia's (the Group's) statutory net profit after tax (NPAT) for the half year ended 31 December 2012 was \$3,661 million, which represents a 1 per cent increase on the prior comparative period. Cash NPAT for the current half was \$3,780 million - an increase of 6 per cent.

Cash Return on Equity (ROE) for the period was 18.1 per cent.

The Board declared an interim dividend of \$1.64 per share - an increase of 20 per cent on the 2011 interim dividend. The dividend payout ratio (cash basis) of approximately 70 per cent is up from 61 per cent for the prior year's interim dividend. This increase is consistent with the Board's revised dividend policy, announced in August 2012, which increased the payout ratio for the interim dividend. Accordingly, the final dividend for the 2013 year is likely to be slightly lower than the final dividend for the 2012 year.

The interim dividend will be fully franked and will be paid on 5 April 2013. The stock will go ex-dividend on 18 February 2013.

The Group's Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP) will continue to operate, but no discount will be applied to shares issued under the plan for this dividend. Given the Group's high level of Tier 1 capital, the Board has decided, on this occasion, to neutralise or minimise the dilutive impact of the DRP through an on-market share purchase and transfer to participants.

Commenting on the result, Group Chief Executive Officer, Ian Narev said: "This is a strong result, which continues to demonstrate the benefits of the Group's consistent, long-term strategy. We have continued to execute a strategy that is well known to the market: a focus on the customer, disciplined management of volumes and margin, a focus on productivity, and a willingness to invest in long term growth, particularly through technology. As a result, despite the subdued market conditions, the Group has delivered an ROE of 18.1 per cent. And we have done so while significantly strengthening our capital base; our strong organic capital growth means that, relative to both international and domestic peers, we are very well capitalised."

"The underpinnings of this strategy have in large part been in place for over five years. One of the key initiatives within that strategy - our Core Banking Modernisation – is now substantially complete. Our focus in that area now turns to continuing to reap the considerable benefits of that investment, and looking for other opportunities for technology investment. Individual projects will be on a much smaller scale, but are intended to deliver better outcomes for customers,





reinforce our commitment to productivity, and maintain our industry leadership in technology."

Key components of the result include:

- Continuing success of the strategy of customer focus, with retail customer satisfaction reaching all-time highs, and market-leading business customer satisfaction;
- Continued growth in the Australian banking businesses, despite modest system credit growth, with average interest earning assets up \$26 billion to \$649 billion;
- Strong growth in retail and business average interest bearing deposits⁽¹⁾ up \$26 billion to \$376 billion resulting in customer deposits as a proportion of total Group funding improving to 63 per cent;
- Recovery in markets-based businesses with Wealth Management's earnings up 10 per cent and IB&M's Market's business rebounding strongly;
- Strong operating performance from ASB Bank and Bankwest;
- Good progress in growing and strengthening Asian businesses;
- A decline of 2 basis points in Net Interest Margin (NIM) to 2.10 per cent as higher wholesale and deposit funding costs offset the positive impacts of asset re-pricing and mix changes. NIM was up 4 basis points on the prior half;
- Expense growth contained to 3 per cent with the Group again achieving positive "jaws" and an improved cost to income ratio;
- Substantial on-going investment in long term growth, amounting to \$582 million over the current half, on a tightly managed set of initiatives focusing on, technology, productivity and risk;
- A continuing conservative approach to provisioning, with total provisions of \$4.7 billion, and provisions to credit risk weighted assets at a sector-leading 1.82 per cent. The Collective Provisions include a management overlay of almost \$900 million and an unchanged economic overlay; and
- Having generated significant organic capital (with Basel III Common Equity Tier
 1 (Internationally Harmonised) increasing 130 basis points to 10.6 per cent) the
 Group is in a very strong capital position relative to both domestic and
 international peers.

The Group is one of only a limited number of global banks in the 'AA' ratings category.

Strong deposit growth during the period has seen the Group satisfy a significant proportion of its funding requirements from high quality retail customer deposits. However, competition for deposits remains intense which had a negative impact on

⁽¹⁾ Includes transactions, savings and investment average interest bearing deposits.





margins. During the period the Group took advantage of improving conditions in wholesale markets, issuing \$13 billion of long term transactions in multiple currencies.

The Group has also retained conservative capital and funding settings. While many of the Group's customers are facing challenges, this is not translating into a deterioration of credit quality. However, given the uncertain outlook for both the global and domestic economies, the Group remains cautious maintaining a strong balance sheet with high levels of capital, provisioning and liquidity-\$128 billion as at 31 December 2012.

On the outlook for the 2013 calendar year, Ian Narev said: "Since reporting our full year results in August last year we have seen some improvements in the global macroeconomic environment. In each of the major areas of concern – European Union stability, US recovery and China's on-going growth – developments have been positive overall. As a result, we have experienced a period of relative stability, which has had a positive impact on global equity and debt markets.

"Of course, risks remain in the economy, and as a major financial institution we must remain cautious. In particular, there is still no sustainable long-term plan for resolving sovereign indebtedness in Europe, and the US recovery remains fragile. And the long term effects of the strategies of overseas central banks to restore stability are uncertain. But if the current stability continues, we believe it will translate into a slow but steady rebuilding of consumer and business confidence in Australia. And that is our base case for the 2013 calendar year.

"In any event, we will continue to focus on the long-term strategic goals that have underpinned this result, and which we believe position the Group very well into the future."

Ends

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		Half Year Ended							
	31 Dec 12	1 Dec 12 30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs				
	\$М	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %				
Retail Banking Services	1,506	1,374	1,329	10	13				
Business and Private Banking	735	746	767	(1)	(4)				
Institutional Banking and Markets	603	527	571	14	6				
Wealth Management	334	325	304	3	10				
New Zealand	309	257	284	20	9				
Bankwest	258	254	273	2	(5)				
Other	35	54	48	(35)	(27)				
Net profit after income tax ("cash basis") (1)	3,780	3,537	3,576	7	6				
Net profit after income tax ("statutory basis") (2)	3,661	3,466	3,624	6	1				

		Half Year Ended						
	31 Dec 12	2 30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs			
				Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %			
Key Shareholder Ratios								
Earnings per share (cents) - cash basis - basic	235.5	222.2	227.2	6	4			
Return on equity (%) - cash basis	18.1	18.1	19.2	-	(110)bpts			
Return on assets (%) - cash basis	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-			
Dividend per share (cents) - fully franked	164	197	137	(17)	20			
Dividend payout ratio (%) - cash basis	70.2	89.2	60.9	large	large			
Other Performance Indicators								
Total interest earning assets (\$M)	651,232	644,530	631,908	1	3			
Funds Under Administration - spot (\$M)	224,048	200,686	191,289	12	17			
Net interest margin (%)	2.10	2.06	2.12	4 bpts	(2)bpts			
Operating expense to total operating income (%)	45.1	46.2	45.8	(110)bpts	(70)bpts			

⁽¹⁾ Net profit after income tax ("cash basis") - represents net profit after tax and non-controlling interest before Bankwest non-cash items, the gain/loss on acquisition/disposal of controlled entities/investments, treasury shares valuation adjustment, Count Financial acquisition costs and unrealised gains and losses related to hedging and IFRS volatility. This is Management's preferred measure of the Group's financial performance.

⁽²⁾ Net profit after income tax ("statutory basis") - represents net profit after tax and non-controlling interest, Bankwest non-cash items, the gain/loss on acquisition/disposal of controlled entities/investments, treasury shares valuation adjustment, Count Financial acquisition costs, Bell Group litigation expenses and unrealised gains and losses related to hedging and IFRS volatility. This is equivalent to the statutory item "Net profit attributable to Equity holders of the Bank".

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1

Group Performance Highlights

Half Year Ended

	("Statuto	("statutory basis")			
		Dec 12 vs			
	31 Dec 12	Dec 11 %			
Net profit after tax (\$M)	3,661	1			
Return on equity (%)	17. 6	(200)bpts			
Earnings per share - basic (cents)	228. 6	(1)			
Dividends per share (cents)	164	20			

Financial Performance

The Group's net profit after tax ("statutory basis") for the half year ended 31 December 2012 increased 1% on the prior comparative period to \$3,661 million.

Return on equity ("statutory basis") was 17.6% and Earnings per share ("statutory basis") was 228.6 cents, a decrease of 1% on the prior comparative period.

The Management Discussion and Analysis discloses the net profit after tax on both a statutory and cash basis. The statutory basis is prepared and reviewed in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and the Australian Accounting Standards, which comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The cash basis is used by Management to present a clear view of the Group's underlying operating results, excluding items that introduce volatility and/or one-off distortions of the Group's current period performance. These items, such as hedging and IFRS volatility, are calculated consistently period to period and do not discriminate between positive and negative adjustments. A list of items excluded from statutory profit is provided in the reconciliation of the Net profit after tax ("cash basis") on page 3 and described in greater detail on page 15.

The Group has delivered a strong financial result in an environment characterised by continued global uncertainty, subdued credit growth and higher deposit funding costs.

The Group continues to focus on delivering long term sustainable competitive advantage by identifying and meeting more of our customers' needs. This long term focus has enabled the delivery of superior returns in subdued operating conditions.

Operating income growth reflected strong performances across the Retail, Wealth and Markets businesses. Business lending system growth remained low and competition for domestic deposits continued to intensify.

Operating expenses continue to reflect disciplined cost management, further investment in both technology and regulatory change and compliance initiatives.

Loan impairment expense increased as a result of higher commercial loan charges, partly offset by improvement in the retail lending portfolio as arrears rates reduced across all products. Overall, asset quality remains strong, with modest declines in troublesome and impaired loans covered by conservative levels of provisioning and economic overlays.

Net profit after tax ("cash basis") for the half year ended 31 December 2012 increased by 6% on the prior comparative period to \$3,780 million.

Cash earnings per share increased 4% to 235.5 cents per share.

Return on equity ("cash basis") for the half year ended 31 December 2012 was 18.1%, a decrease of 110 basis points on the prior comparative period, reflecting the strong rate of organic capital generation from higher retained earnings and shareholder reinvestment of dividends.

Capital

The Group delivered further organic strengthening of its capital

Half Year Ended ("cash basis")

			Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs
31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %
3,780	3,537	3,576	7	6
18. 1	18. 1	19. 2	-	(110)bpts
235. 5	222. 2	227. 2	6	4
164	197	137	(17)	20

position as at 31 December 2012 under both the Basel II methodology and the new Basel III regulatory capital framework. The Basel II Common Equity Tier One (CET1) and Tier One Capital ratios were 8.3% and 10.5% respectively.

Under the application of Basel III, which is effective from 1 January 2013, the Group achieved a CET1 ratio of 10.6% as at 31 December 2012, as measured on a fully internationally harmonised basis. This places the Group in a strong position upon the implementation of Basel III, compares favourably to our international and domestic peers, and is well above the regulatory minimum levels.

Funding

The Group has maintained conservative business settings, with a significant portion of the Group's lending growth funded by growth in high quality retail customer deposits. Customer deposits now constitute 63% of the Group's funding base.

Wholesale funding levels remained stable in the current half, and while the cost of issuing new wholesale funding has recently abated, domestic deposit costs continue to increase and maintain pressure on Group margins.

The interim dividend determined was \$1.64 per share, an increase of 20% on the prior comparative period. The dividend payout ratio ("cash basis") for the half year to 31 December 2012 increased to 70%, consistent with the Board's revised dividend policy which was announced during August 2012.

The interim dividend payment will be fully franked and will be paid on 5 April 2013 to owners of ordinary shares at the close of business on 22 February 2013 (record date). Shares will be quoted ex-dividend on 18 February 2013.

Outlook

Since reporting the Group's full year results in August last year there have been some improvements in the global macroeconomic environment. In each of the major areas of concern - European Union stability, the US recovery and China's ongoing growth - developments have been positive overall. As a result, there has been a period of relative stability, which has had a positive impact on global equity and debt markets.

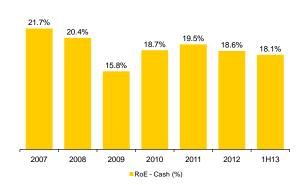
Risks remain in the economy and therefore the Group remains cautious. There is still no sustainable long-term plan for resolving sovereign indebtedness in Europe, and the US recovery remains fragile. The long-term effects of the strategies of central banks overseas to restore stability are uncertain. Continuation of the current stability should translate into a slow but steady rebuilding of consumer and business confidence in Australia, and this is the Group's base case for the 2013 calendar year.

In any event, the Group will continue to focus on the long-term strategic goals that have underpinned this result and this should position the Group very well into the future.

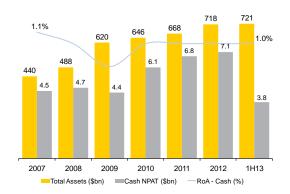
		н	alf Year Ende	ed		Half Yea	r Ended
		("cash basis"	•		("statutor	· ·
				Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs		Dec 12 vs
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Jun 12	Dec 11	31 Dec 12	Dec 11
Group Performance Summary	\$M	\$M	\$M	%	%	\$M	%
Net interest income	6,862	6,513	6,644	5	3	6,852	3
Other banking income	2,135	2,000	1,927	7	11	2,120	2
Total banking income	8,997	8,513	8,571	6	5	8,972	3
Funds management income	1,033	980	977	5	6	1,040	9
Insurance income	505	459	501	10	1_	627	1
Total operating income	10,535	9,952	10,049	6	5	10,639	3
Investment experience	84	93	56	(10)	50	n/a	n/a
Total income	10,619	10,045	10,105	6	5	10,639	3
Operating expenses	(4,755)	(4,594)	(4,602)	4	3	(4,792)	2
Loan impairment expense	(616)	(544)	(545)	13	13	(680)	25
Net profit before tax	5,248	4,907	4,958	7	6	5,167	2
Corporate tax expense (1)	(1,460)	(1,363)	(1,373)	7	6	(1,498)	5
Non-controlling interests (2)	(8)	(7)	(9)	14	(11)	(8)	(11)
Net profit after tax ("cash basis")	3,780	3,537	3,576	7	6	n/a	n/a
Hedging and IFRS volatility (3)	(10)	9	115	large	large	n/a	n/a
Other non-cash items (3)	(109)	(80)	(67)	36	63	n/a	n/a
Net profit after tax ("statutory basis")	3,661	3,466	3,624	6	1	3,661	1
Represented by: (4)							
Retail Banking Services	1,506	1,374	1,329	10	13		
Business and Private Banking	735	746	767	(1)	(4)		
Institutional Banking and Markets	603	527	571	14	6		
Wealth Management	334	325	304	3	10		
New Zealand	309	257	284	20	9		
Bankwest	258	254	273	2	(5)		
Other	35	54	48	(35)	(27)		
Net profit after tax ("cash basis")	3,780	3,537	3,576	7	6		
Investment experience - after tax	(57)	(53)	(36)	8	58		
Net profit after tax ("underlying basis")	3,723	3,484	3,540	7	5		

⁽¹⁾ For purposes of presentation, policyholder tax expense components of corporate tax expense are shown on a net basis (31 December 2012: \$84 million; 30 June 2012: \$82 million; 31 December 2011: \$40 million).

Group Return on Equity



Group Return on Assets



⁽²⁾ Non-controlling interests include preference dividends paid to holders of preference shares in ASB Capital Limited and ASB Capital No.2 Limited.

⁽³⁾ Refer to page 15 for details.

⁽⁴⁾ Comparative information has been restated to reflect changes in the presentation of segment results in the current period. The changes include the reallocation of revenue, expenses and associated customer balances between segments based on where the customer relationship is managed; the allocation of residual earnings on capital across the business segments; and the impact of the Group relinquishing the banking licence held by Bankwest during October 2012. Refer to Appendix 16 for details.

Highlights continued

Page		Half Year Ended					
Group Statulory net profit after tax (\$M) 3,661 3,468 3,624 6 1 Cash net profit after tax (\$M) 3,789 3,537 3,576 7 6 Not interest margin (%) 2,10 2,06 2,12 4 bpts (2) pbts Average interest bearing liabilities (\$M) 649,394 685,647 822,898 2 2 Funds management income to average FUA (%) (**) 0,97 0,99 1,00 (2) bpts (3) bpts Funds Under Administration (FUA) – average (\$M) (**) 212,128 200,019 193,571 6 1.0 Insurance income to average programms (\$M) 3,8 3,91 45,7 70 bpts large Average inforce permiums (\$M) 4,5 4,0 4,5 (70 bpts large Average inforce permiums (\$M) 4,5 4,0 4,5 (70 bpts large Retail Banking Services 1,5 4,5 4,7 7,0 10 13 Cash net profit after tax (\$M) (***) 7,3 5,6 7,6 7 (1 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Dec 12 vs</th> <th>Dec 12 vs</th>					Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs	
Statutory net profit after tax (\$M)	Key Performance Indicators	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %	
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Capital Adequacy (Basel II) Common Equity Tier One (%) 8. 3 7. 8 7. 7 50 bpts 60 bpts Tier One (%) 10. 5 10. 0 9. 9 50 bpts 60 bpts	Common Equity Tier One (Internationally Harmonised %)	10. 6	9. 8	9. 3	80 bpts	130 bpts	
Common Equity Tier One (%) 8.3 7.8 7.7 50 bpts 60 bpts Tier One (%) 10.0 9.9 50 bpts 60 bpts	Common Equity Tier One (APRA %)	8. 1	7. 5	7. 1	60 bpts	100 bpts	
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Tier One (%) 10. 0 9. 9 50 bpts 60 bpts		8. 3	7. 8	7. 7	50 bpts	60 bpts	
					•	-	
10tal Capital (70)	Total Capital (%)	11. 2	11. 0	11. 1	20 bpts	10 bpts	

⁽¹⁾ Comparative information has been reclassified to conform to presentation in the current period. Refer to Appendix 16 for details.

⁽²⁾ Net operating income represents total operating income less volume related expenses.

		Half Year Ended				
				Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs	
Shareholder Summary	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %	
Dividends per share - fully franked (cents)	164	197	137	(17)	20	
Dividend cover - cash (times)	1. 4	1. 1	1.6	27	(13)	
Earnings per share (cents) (1)						
Statutory basis - basic	228. 6	218. 1	230. 8	5	(1)	
Cash basis - basic	235. 5	222. 2	227. 2	6	4	
Dividend payout ratio (%) (1)						
Statutory basis	72. 5	91. 1	60. 1	large	large	
Cash basis	70. 2	89. 2	60. 9	large	large	
Weighted average no. of shares ("statutory basis") - basic (M) (1) (2)	1,593	1,579	1,561	1	2	
Weighted average no. of shares ("cash basis") - basic (M) (1) (2)	1,596	1,583	1,564	1	2	
Return on equity ("statutory basis") (%) (1)	17. 6	17. 9	19. 6	(30)bpts	(200)bpts	
Return on equity ("cash basis") (%) (1)	18. 1	18. 1	19. 2	-	(110)bpts	

⁽¹⁾ For definitions refer to Appendix 17.

⁽²⁾ Fully diluted EPS and weighted average number of shares are disclosed in Appendix 13.

	As at					
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs	
Market Share (1)	%	%	%	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %	
Home loans	25. 1	25. 2	25. 3	(10)bpts	(20)bpts	
Credit cards - RBA (2)	23. 9	23. 3	23. 2	60 bpts	70 bpts	
Other household lending (3)	16. 6	16. 4	16. 3	20 bpts	30 bpts	
Household deposits	28. 7	28. 9	29. 4	(20)bpts	(70)bpts	
Retail deposits (4)	25. 2	25. 4	26. 0	(20)bpts	(80)bpts	
Business lending - APRA	19. 3	19. 3	19. 4	-	(10)bpts	
Business lending - RBA	17. 7	17. 6	17. 5	10 bpts	20 bpts	
Business deposits - APRA	20. 6	20. 6	20. 6	-	-	
Asset finance	13. 3	13. 6	13. 7	(30)bpts	(40)bpts	
Equities trading	5. 4	5. 5	5. 8	(10)bpts	(40)bpts	
Australian Retail - administrator view (5)	15. 4	15. 5	15. 2	(10)bpts	20 bpts	
FirstChoice Platform (5)	11. 6	11. 8	11. 6	(20)bpts	-	
Australia life insurance (total risk) (5)	13. 5	13. 6	13. 2	(10)bpts	30 bpts	
Australia life insurance (individual risk) (5)	13. 3	13. 3	13. 3	-	-	
NZ lending for housing	22. 1	21. 9	22. 2	20 bpts	(10)bpts	
NZ retail deposits	20. 2	20. 6	21. 0	(40)bpts	(80)bpts	
NZ lending to business	9. 8	9. 0	8. 9	80 bpts	90 bpts	
NZ retail FUM	17. 7	18. 8	15. 1	(110)bpts	260 bpts	
NZ annual inforce premiums	29. 7	30. 3	30. 2	(60)bpts	(50)bpts	

⁽¹⁾ Prior periods have been restated in line with market updates.

Credit Ratings	Long-term	Short-term	Outlook
Fitch Ratings	AA-	F1+	Stable
Moody's Investor Services	Aa2	P-1	Stable
Standard & Poor's	AA-	A-1+	Stable

⁽²⁾ As at 30 November 2012.

⁽³⁾ Other household lending market share includes personal loans and margin loans.

⁽⁴⁾ In accordance with RBA guidelines, these measures include some products relating to both the retail and corporate segments.

⁽⁵⁾ As at 30 September 2012.

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Profit Announcement

7

Group Performance Analysis

Financial Performance and Business Review

December 2012 versus December 2011

The Group's net profit after tax ("cash basis") increased 6% on the prior comparative period to \$3,780 million.

Earnings per share ("cash basis") increased 4% on the prior comparative period to 235.5 cents per share, whilst return on equity ("cash basis") decreased 110 basis points on the prior comparative period to 18.1%.

This half year result, delivered in an environment of subdued lending growth and higher deposit costs, demonstrates that the Group's strategic focus on creating long term value for customers, shareholders and people has enabled the delivery of superior returns in subdued operating conditions. The key components of the Group result were:

- Net interest income increased 3% to \$6,862 million, reflecting a 4% growth in average interest earning assets, partly offset by a two basis point decline in net interest margin;
- Other banking income increased 11% to \$2,135 million, with higher Markets trading income, including a favourable counterparty fair value adjustment, combined with increased Treasury earnings;
- Funds management income increased 6% to \$1,033 million, due to a 10% increase in average funds under administration (FUA);
- Insurance income increased 1% to \$505 million due to 16% average inforce premium growth and lower event claims, offset by higher lapses in both wholesale and retail life:
- Operating expenses increased 3% to \$4,755 million, driven mainly by higher staff costs resulting from inflation-related salary increases and higher defined benefit superannuation expenses, higher IT expenses related to additional system support costs and increased software amortisation driven by the Core Banking Modernisation initiative. This was partly offset by the continued focus on the realisation of operational efficiencies from productivity initiatives; and
- Loan impairment expense increased 13% to \$616 million, driven mainly by higher charges for commercial loans, partly offset by improvements in the retail lending portfolios as arrears rates reduced across all products.

December 2012 versus June 2012

The Group's net profit after tax ("cash basis") increased 7% on the prior half to \$3,780 million.

Earnings per share ("cash basis") increased 6% on the prior half to 235.5 cents per share, whilst return on equity ("cash basis") remained stable at 18.1%.

It should be noted when comparing current half financial performance to the prior half that there are two extra calendar days assisting revenue in the current half. Key points of note in the result included the following:

- Net interest income increased 5% to \$6,862 million, reflecting a four basis point increase in net interest margin and 2% growth in average interest earning assets;
- Other banking income increased 7% to \$2,135 million, with higher Markets trading income, including a favourable counterparty fair value adjustment, partly offset by lower lending and syndication fees;
- Funds management income increased 5% to \$1,033 million, driven by a 6% increase in average FUA from global equity market recovery and higher performance fees;
- Insurance income increased 10% to \$505 million due to 7% average inforce premium growth, favourable claims experience and strong new business sales in Asia.
- Operating expenses increased 4% to \$4,755 million, driven by inflation-related salary increases, higher defined benefit superannuation expense, higher IT expenses related to additional system support costs and increased software amortisation driven by the Core Banking Modernisation initiative. This was partly offset by the continued focus on productivity initiatives delivering operational efficiencies; and
- Loan impairment expense increased 13% to \$616 million, driven mainly by an increase in Bankwest loan impairment expense to more normal levels for the current economic cycle. Conservative levels of collective provisioning and economic overlays were maintained.

More comprehensive disclosure of performance highlights by key business segments is contained on pages 28-47.

Net Interest Income

	Half Year Ended								
				Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs				
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Jun 12	Dec 11				
	\$M	\$M	\$M	%	%				
Net interest income ("cash basis")	6,862	6,513	6,644	5	3				
Average interest earning assets									
Home loans	355,674	349,266	341,861	2	4				
Personal	21,036	21,034	20,709	-	2				
Business and corporate	168,726	163,963	160,874	3	5				
Total average lending interest earning assets	545,436	534,263	523,444	2	4				
Non-lending interest earning assets	103,958	102,284	99,454	2	5				
Total average interest earning assets	649,394	636,547	622,898	2	4				
Net interest margin (%)	2.10	2.06	2.12	4 bpts	(2)bpts				

December 2012 versus December 2011

Net interest income increased by 3% on the prior comparative period to \$6,862 million. The result was driven by growth in average interest earning assets of 4%, partly offset by a two basis point decline in net interest margin.

Average Interest Earning Assets

Average interest earning assets increased by \$26 billion on the prior comparative period to \$649 billion, reflecting a \$22 billion increase in average lending interest earning assets and a \$4 billion increase in average non-lending interest earning assets.

Home loan average balances increased by \$14 billion or 4% on the prior comparative period to \$356 billion. The growth in home loan balances was largely driven by the domestic banking businesses.

Average balances for business and corporate lending increased by \$8 billion on the prior comparative period to \$169 billion, predominantly driven by growth in institutional lending.

Average non-lending interest earning assets increased \$4 billion on the prior comparative period due to higher average levels of liquid assets driven by prudent business settings and balance sheet growth.

Net Interest Margin

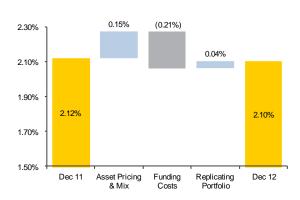
The Group's net interest margin decreased by two basis points on the prior comparative period to 2.10%. The key drivers of the movement were:

Asset pricing and mix: Increased margin of 15 basis points, reflecting the repricing of lending portfolios in response to the continued increase in funding costs associated with both wholesale and domestic deposits.

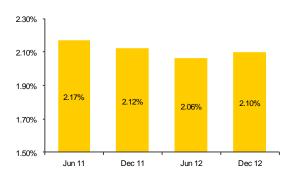
Funding costs: Decreased margin of 21 basis points reflecting higher wholesale funding costs of eight basis points, coupled with a 13 basis points increase in deposits costs from the ongoing strong competition and the negative impact of the falling cash rate environment.

Replicating portfolio: Increased margin of four basis points as the replicating portfolio (a portfolio of financial instruments which hedge against interest rate volatility) mitigated the impact on Group earnings from the falling cash rate environment.

NIM movement since December 2011



Group NIM (Half Year Ended)



Net Interest Income (continued)

December 2012 versus June 2012

Net interest income increased by 5% on the prior half driven by growth in average interest earning assets of 2% along with a four basis point improvement in net interest margin to 2.10%, which was largely a result of the reduction in basis risk over the period.

Average Interest Earning Assets

Average interest earning assets increased by \$13 billion on the prior half to \$649 billion, reflecting an \$11 billion increase in average lending interest earning assets and a \$2 billion increase in average non-lending interest earning assets.

Home loan average balances increased by \$6 billion or 2% on the prior half to \$356 billion driven by growth in the domestic banking businesses.

Average balances for business and corporate lending increased by \$5 billion on the prior half to \$169 billion driven by a combination of domestic business banking, institutional lending and New Zealand.

Average non-lending interest earning assets increased \$2 billion on the prior half. The increase in trading assets was partly offset by reduced levels of liquid assets, given lower liquidity risk within the liability profile.

Net Interest Margin

The Group's net interest margin increased four basis points compared to the prior half to 2.10%. The key drivers were:

Asset pricing and mix: Increased margin of seven basis points, reflecting the repricing of lending portfolios in response to the increase in funding costs.

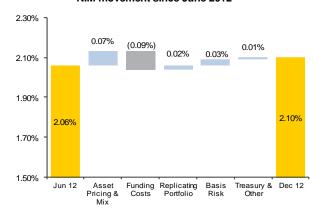
Funding costs: Decreased margin of nine basis points, including the impact of higher cost of deposits as a result of strong competition of six basis points. The average cost of the wholesale funding portfolio continued to increase over the period, reducing margin by a further three basis points.

Replicating portfolio: Increased margin of two basis points as the replicating portfolio mitigated the impact on Group earnings from the falling cash rate environment.

Basis risk: Basis risk arises from funding assets which are priced relative to the cash rate with liabilities priced relative to the bank bill swap rate. Margins increased by three basis points as a result of a reduction in the spread between the cash rate and the bank bill swap rate during the current half.

Treasury and other: Increased margin of one basis point, mainly driven by the benefit of earnings on higher Group capital levels.

NIM movement since June 2012



Other Banking Income

		Half Year Ended					
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs Jun 12	Dec 12 vs Dec 11 %		
	\$M	\$M	\$M	%			
Commissions	993	988	1,009	1	(2)		
Lending fees	509	536	461	(5)	10		
Trading income	443	281	241	58	84		
Other income	190	195	216	(3)	(12)		
Other banking income ("cash basis")	2,135	2,000	1,927	7	11		

December 2012 versus December 2011

Other banking income increased 11% on the prior comparative period to \$2,135 million driven by the following revenue items:

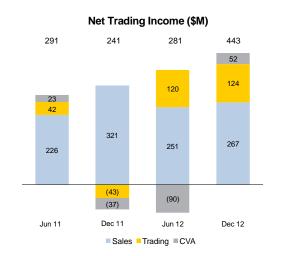
Commissions decreased 2% on the prior comparative period to \$993 million. This was driven by lower brokerage income reflecting continued subdued market trading conditions;

Lending fees increased 10% on the prior comparative period to \$509 million. This included growth in undrawn Institutional Lending balances leading to higher commitment fees and volume growth in personal lending. This was partly offset by lower income following the abolition of deferred establishment fees;

Trading income increased 84% on the prior comparative period to \$443 million. This was due to the Markets business benefitting from favourable counterparty fair value adjustments due to narrowing credit spreads and higher Treasury earnings; and

Other income decreased 12% on the prior comparative period to \$190 million mainly due to timing of gains on asset sales.

Other Banking Income (continued)



December 2012 versus June 2012

Other banking income increased 7% on the prior half to \$2,135 million driven by the following revenue items:

Commissions increased 1% on the prior half to \$993 million. This was driven by a growth in card interchange income from increased cardholder spend;

Lending fees decreased 5% on the prior half to \$509 million, driven by lower deal flows in the Institutional Lending and Asset Leasing businesses;

Trading income increased 58% on the prior half to \$443 million as a result of favourable counterparty fair value adjustments and increased sales revenue from the rates and fixed income businesses; and

Other income decreased 3% on the prior half to \$190 million mainly due to gains on the sale of Sydney CBD properties in the prior half, partly offset by increased leasing fee income and higher equity accounted income from the Bank of Hangzhou.

Funds Management Income

	Half Year Ended					
	31 Dec 12	1 Dec 12 30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs Jun 12	Dec 12 vs Dec 11	
	\$M	\$M	\$M	%	%	
CFS Global Asset Management	481	435	448	11	7	
Colonial First State	445	431	414	3	7	
CommInsure	72	77	83	(6)	(13)	
New Zealand	25	23	21	9	19	
Other	10	14	11	(29)	(9)	
Funds management income ("cash basis")	1,033	980	977	5	6	

December 2012 versus December 2011

Funds management income increased 6% on the prior comparative period to \$1,033 million driven by:

- A 10% increase in average funds under administration (FUA) to \$212 billion, primarily driven by improved global equity markets;
- A full six months contribution from Count Financial, acquired in November 2011; and
- Sound investment performance, with the vast majority of funds outperforming benchmark over a three year period; partly offset by
- The managed contraction in the Commlnsure closed investment business.

The ratio of funds management income to average FUA margin decreased by three basis points to 0.97%, driven by the managed contraction of the Commlnsure closed investment business.

December 2012 versus June 2012

Funds management income increased 5% on the prior half to \$1,033 million driven by:

- A 6% increase in average funds under administration (FUA) to \$212 billion, driven by improved equity markets and good investment performance;
- Higher performance fees received in CFSGAM driven by strong fund performance; partly offset by
- The managed contraction of the Commlnsure closed investment portfolios.

Internationally sourced fund flows recovered significantly due to the expansion of the Group's offshore sales capabilities, whilst FirstChoice and Custom Solutions continued to contribute solid net flows throughout the current half.

The ratio of funds management income to average FUA margin decreased by two basis points to 0.97%, driven by the managed contraction of the Comminsure closed investment business.

Insurance Income

		Half Year Ended				
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs Jun 12	Dec 12 vs Dec 11	
	\$1 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 \$M	\$M	%	%	
Comminsure	368	327	364	13	1	
New Zealand	113	111	116	2	(3)	
IFS Asia	37	33	34	12	9	
Other	(13)	(12)	(13)	8	-	
Insurance income ("cash basis")	505	459	501	10	1	

December 2012 versus December 2011

Insurance income increased by 1% on the prior comparative period to \$505 million driven by:

- An increase in average inforce premiums of 16% to \$2,519 million driven by strong new business sales;
 and
- Lower general insurance event claims, whilst the prior comparative period experienced a major weather event; offset by
- Unfavourable claims experience in wholesale life; and
- Increased lapse rates in both wholesale and retail life.

December 2012 versus June 2012

Insurance income increased by 10% on the prior half to \$505 million driven by:

- An increase in average inforce premiums of 7% to \$2,519 million;
- Improved retail life claims experience; and
- Strong new business sales in Asia.

Operating Expenses

	Half Year Ended				
				Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Jun 12	Dec 11
	\$M	\$M	\$M	%	%
Staff expenses	2,564	2,469	2,478	4	3
Occupancy and equipment expenses	536	535	521	-	3
Information technology services expenses	627	578	581	8	8
Other expenses	1,028	1,012	1,022	2	1
Operating expenses ("cash basis")	4,755	4,594	4,602	4	3
Operating expenses to total operating income (%)	45. 1	46. 2	45. 8	(110)bpts	(70)bpts
Banking expense to operating income (%)	40. 2	41.4	40. 9	(120)bpts	(70)bpts

December 2012 versus December 2011

Operating expenses increased 3% on the prior comparative period to \$4,755 million. The key drivers were:

Staff expenses increased by 3% to \$2,564 million, driven by inflation-related salary increases and higher defined benefit superannuation plan expense, partly offset by the ongoing focus on productivity improvements;

Occupancy and equipment expenses increased by 3% to \$536 million, largely due to higher depreciation expense for the new office premises and operating lease assets;

Information technology services expenses increased by 8% to \$627 million, primarily due to additional system support costs and increased software amortisation driven by the Core Banking Modernisation initiative;

Other expenses increased by 1% to \$1,028 million, impacted by higher credit card rewards program expenses, partly offset by lower compliance costs:

Group expense to income ratio improved 70 basis points on the prior comparative period to 45.1%. The banking expense to income ratio also improved 70 basis points on the prior comparative period to 40.2%, benefitting from a continued focus on technology and productivity-driven operating efficiencies.

December 2012 versus June 2012

Operating expenses increased 4% on the prior half to $\$4,\!755$ million. The key drivers were:

Staff expenses increased by 4% to \$2,564 million, mainly driven by inflation-related salary increases and higher defined benefit superannuation plan expense, partly offset by the ongoing focus on productivity improvements;

Occupancy and equipment expenses of \$536 million remained flat on the prior half, with the decrease in rent resulting from the completion of the move to the new office premises being offset by higher building and operating lease depreciation expense;

Information technology services expenses increased by 8% to \$627 million, primarily due to additional system support costs and increased software amortisation driven by the Core Banking Modernisation initiative;

Other expenses increased by 2% to \$1,028 million, impacted by higher compliance costs;

Group expense to income ratio improved 110 basis points on the prior comparative period to 45.1%. The banking expense to income ratio improved 120 basis points on the prior comparative period to 40.2%, benefitting from a continued focus on technology and productivity-driven operating efficiencies.

Operating Expenses (continued)

Investment Spend

Half	Year	Ended

			Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs
31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Jun 12	Dec 11
\$M	\$M	\$M	%	%
242	273	229	(11)	6
340	366	418	(7)	(19)
582	639	647	(9)	(10)
285	278	308	3	(7)
137	180	188	(24)	(27)
108	110	78	(2)	38
52	71	73	(27)	(29)
582	639	647	(9)	(10)
	\$M 242 340 582 285 137 108 52	\$M \$M 242 273 340 366 582 639 285 278 137 180 108 110 52 71	\$M \$M \$M 242 273 229 340 366 418 582 639 647 285 278 308 137 180 188 108 110 78 52 71 73	31 Dec 12 30 Jun 12 31 Dec 11 Jun 12 \$M \$M \$M % 242 273 229 (11) 340 366 418 (7) 582 639 647 (9) 285 278 308 3 137 180 188 (24) 108 110 78 (2) 52 71 73 (27)

(1) Included within Operating expense disclosures on page 12.

The Group continued to invest in the business with \$582 million incurred in the half year to 31 December 2012, a decrease of 10% on the prior comparative period. Completion of the CBD property investments in Sydney and Perth contributed to this reduction, together with lower spend on the Core Banking Modernisation initiative (CBM).

Investment in Productivity and Growth continued to be the main focus of the Group, however a high level of spend on risk and compliance projects was maintained as systems are implemented to assist in satisfying new regulatory obligations.

During the half, the Group invested \$137 million in the CBM initiative which is in the final stages of delivery and continues to make significant progress. Highlights for the half included:

- The successful delivery of the migration of the remaining large and complex commercial deposit and transaction accounts onto the new CBM platform; and
- Further implementation of functionality and the commencement of a Commercial Lending pilot initiative in Victoria which precedes the migration of commercial loan accounts in the second half of the financial year.

Loan Impairment Expense

Half Year Ended 31 Dec 12 30 Jun 12 31 Dec 11 Dec 12 vs Dec 12 vs Jun 12 % Dec 11 % \$M \$M \$M Retail Banking Services 246 237 346 (29)Business and Private Banking 150 137 129 9 16 97 Institutional Banking and Markets 121 33 (20)large 22 New Zealand 26 11 (15)large Bankwest 86 23 38 large large Other 15 (12)large large Loan impairment expense ("cash basis") 616 544 545 13

December 2012 versus December 2011

Loan impairment expense increased 13% on the prior comparative period to \$616 million. The increase is mainly driven by:

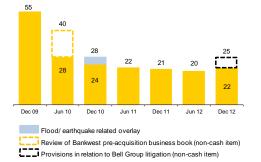
- Increased expense in Bankwest which returned to more normal levels for this part of the economic cycle;
- Increased loan impairment expense in Institutional Banking
 & Markets and Business & Private Banking as a result of

the deterioration of a small number of loans and softening collateral values in a small number of troublesome and impaired assets; and

- Modest additional overlays set aside for identified issues; partly offset by
- A reduction in impairment losses in Retail Banking Services as arrears rates reduced across all products during the current half.

Loan Impairment Expense (continued)

Half Year Impairment Expenses (annualised) as a % of Average Gross Loans and Acceptances (bpts)



December 2012 versus June 2012

Loan impairment expense increased 13% on the prior half to \$616 million, mainly driven by:

- Increased loan impairment expense in Bankwest, which returned to more normal levels for this part of the economic cycle; and
- Additional overlays set aside for identified issues in the current half.

Taxation Expense

	Half Year Ended					
				Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs	
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Jun 12	Dec 11	
	\$M	\$M	\$M	%	%	
Corporate tax expense (\$M)	1,460	1,363	1,373	7	6	
Effective tax rate (%)	27. 8	27. 8	27. 7	-	10 bpts	

December 2012 versus December 2011

Corporate tax expense for the half year ended 31 December 2012 increased 6% on the prior comparative period reflecting the 6% increase in net profit before tax over the same period.

The effective tax rate is below the Australian company tax rate of 30% primarily as a result of the profit earned by the offshore banking unit and offshore jurisdictions that have lower corporate tax rates.

December 2012 versus June 2012

Corporate tax expense for the half year ended 31 December 2012 increased 7% on the prior half reflecting the 7% increase in net profit before tax over the same period.

The effective tax rate is below the Australian company tax rate of 30% primarily as a result of the profit earned by the offshore banking unit and offshore jurisdictions that have lower corporate tax rates.

Non-Cash Items Included in Statutory Profit

	Half Year Ended							
				Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs			
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Jun 12	Dec 11			
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	%	%		
Hedging and IFRS volatility	(10)	9	115	large	large			
Bankwest non-cash items	(33)	(54)	(35)	(39)	(6)			
Count Financial Limited acquisition costs	-	(10)	(33)	large	large			
Treasury shares valuation adjustment	(31)	(16)	1	94	large			
Bell Group litigation	(45)	-	-	large	large			
Other non-cash items	(109)	(80)	(67)	36	63			
Total non-cash items (after tax)	(119)	(71)	48	68	large			

Non-cash items are excluded from net profit after tax ("cash basis"), which is Management's preferred measure of the Group's financial performance, as they tend to be non-recurring in nature or not considered representative of the Group's ongoing financial performance. The impact of these items on the Group's net profit after tax ("statutory basis") is outlined below and treated consistently with prior half disclosures. Refer to Appendix 12 for the detailed profit reconciliation.

Hedging and IFRS volatility

Hedging and IFRS volatility includes unrealised fair value gains or losses on economic hedges that do not qualify for hedge accounting under IFRS, including:

- Cross currency interest rate swaps hedging foreign currency denominated debt issues; and
- Foreign exchange hedges relating to future New Zealand earnings.

Hedging and IFRS volatility also includes unrealised fair value gains or losses on the ineffective portion of economic hedges that qualify for hedge accounting under IFRS.

Fair value gains or losses on all of these economic hedges are excluded from cash profit since the asymmetric recognition of the gains or losses does not affect the Group's performance over the life of the hedge. A \$10 million after tax loss was recognised in statutory profit for the half year ended 31 December 2012 (30 June 2012: \$9 million after tax gain; 31 December 2011: \$115 million after tax gain).

Bankwest non-cash items

The acquisition of Bankwest resulted in the recognition of fair value adjustments on certain financial instruments, core deposits and brand name intangible assets that will be amortised over their useful lives. A \$33 million after tax loss was recognised in the half year ended 31 December 2012 (30 June 2012: \$54 million after tax loss; 31 December 2011: \$35 million after tax loss).

These items were not recognised in cash profit as they were not representative of the Group's expected ongoing financial performance.

Count Financial Limited acquisition costs

During the prior comparative period, the Group acquired 100% of the issued share capital of Count Financial Limited (Count), an independent, accountant-based financial advice business. As part of the acquisition, the Group incurred retention, advisory and other costs. There were no costs incurred in the half year ended 31 December 2012 (30 June 2012: \$10 million after tax loss; 31 December 2011: \$33 million after tax loss).

These items were not recognised in cash profit as they are not representative of the Group's expected ongoing financial performance.

Treasury shares valuation adjustment

Under IFRS, CBA shares held by the Group in the managed funds and life insurance businesses are defined as treasury shares and are held at cost. Unrealised gains or losses are recognised in cash profit representing the underlying performance of the asset portfolio attributable to the wealth and life insurance businesses. These unrealised gains or losses are reversed as a non-cash item for statutory reporting purposes. A \$31 million after tax loss was included in cash profit in the half year ended 31 December 2012 (30 June 2012: \$16 million after tax loss; 31 December 2011: \$1 million after tax gain).

Bell Group litigation

Proceedings were brought by the liquidators of the Bell Group of companies against the consortium of banks that restructured its facilities on 26 January 1990. The Supreme Court of Western Australia Court of Appeal ruling on 17 August 2012 was adverse for the consortium of banks and resulted in an additional provision being raised by the Group. This is reported as a non-cash item due to its historic and one-off nature.

Policyholder tax

Policyholder tax is included in the Wealth Management business results for statutory reporting purposes. In the half year ended 31 December 2012, tax expense of \$84 million (30 June 2012: \$82 million tax loss; 31 December 2011: \$40 million tax loss), funds management income of \$47 million (30 June 2012: \$24 million income; 31 December 2011: \$33 million income) and insurance income of \$37 million (30 June 2012: \$58 million income; 31 December 2011: \$73 million income) was recognised. The gross up of these items are excluded from cash profit as they do not reflect the underlying performance of the business which is measured on a net of policyholder tax basis.

Investment Experience

Investment experience primarily includes the returns on shareholder capital invested in the insurance businesses as well as the volatility generated through the economically hedged guaranteed annuity portfolio held by the Group's wealth management division. This item is classified separately within cash profit.

Review of Group Assets and Liabilities

		As at					
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs		
Group Assets and Liabilities	\$M	\$M	\$М	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %		
Interest earning assets							
Home loans (1)	359,058	352,981	345,622	2	4		
Personal loans	21,470	21,057	20,907	2	3		
Business and corporate loans (1)	166,957	166,188	162,371	=	3		
Loans, bills discounted and other receivables (2)	547,485	540,226	528,900	1	4		
Non-lending interest earning assets	103,747	104,304	103,008	(1)	1		
Total interest earning assets	651,232	644,530	631,908	1	3		
Other assets	70,107	73,699	70,078	(5)	-		
Total assets	721,339	718,229	701,986	-	3		
Interest bearing liabilities							
Transaction deposits (1)	82,913	81,104	79,793	2	4		
Savings deposits (1)	99,585	91,279	91,587	9	9		
Investment deposits	192,302	197,138	188,917	(2)	2		
Other demand deposits	63,173	58,852	62,052	7	2		
Total interest bearing deposits	437,973	428,373	422,349	2	4		
Debt issues	127,439	134,429	130,039	(5)	(2)		
Other interest bearing liabilities	40,502	38,704	37,844	5	7		
Total interest bearing liabilities	605,914	601,506	590,232	1	3		
Non-interest bearing liabilities	72,126	75,151	72,879	(4)	(1)		
Total liabilities	678,040	676,657	663,111	-	2		

- (1) The Group has realigned comparative product balances as part of changes in segment allocations to conform to presentation in the current period.
- (2) Loans, bills discounted and other receivables exclude provisions for impairment which are included in Other assets.

December 2012 versus December 2011

Asset growth of \$19 billion or 3% on the prior comparative period was primarily driven by increased home lending and business and corporate lending.

Continued strong deposit growth allowed the Group to satisfy a significant portion of its funding requirements entirely through customer deposits. Customer deposits now represent 63% of total funding (31 December 2011: 62%).

Home loans

Home loans experienced steady growth with balances increasing \$13 billion to \$359 billion, a 4% increase on the prior comparative period. This outcome was impacted by strong price competition and low system credit growth. The Group has maintained its competitive position and continued profitable growth through a strong focus on customer service.

Personal loans

Personal loans, including credit cards and margin lending, increased 3% on the prior comparative period to \$21 billion. Solid growth in credit card and personal loan balances, mainly driven by successful campaigns and continued product innovation, were partly offset by lower margin lending due to continued conservative investor sentiment.

Business and corporate loans

Business and corporate loans increased \$5 billion to \$167 billion, reflecting a 3% increase on the prior comparative period. This was driven by improved momentum in business and institutional lending balances, partially offset by a reduction in higher risk pre-acquisition exposures in Bankwest.

Non-lending interest earning assets

Non-lending interest earning assets increased \$1 billion to \$104 billion, a 1% increase on the prior comparative period. This was primarily due to an increase in liquid assets resulting from prudent business settings and balance sheet growth.

Other assets

Other assets, including derivative assets, insurance assets and intangibles of \$70 billion remained flat on the prior comparative period.

Interest bearing deposits

Interest bearing deposits increased \$16 billion to \$438 billion, a 4% increase on the prior comparative period.

Targeted campaigns in a highly competitive market and customer preference for more stable investments resulted in growth of \$8 billion in savings deposits, a \$3 billion increase in investment deposits, a \$3 billion increase in transaction deposits and a \$1 billion increase in other demand deposits, the majority of which relates to Retail Banking Services.

Debt issues

Debt issues decreased \$3 billion to \$127 billion, a 2% decrease on the prior comparative period. Growth in customer deposits satisfied the Group's additional funding requirements and substituted debt issues as the incremental funding source.

Refer to page 25 for further information on debt programs and issuance for the half year ended 31 December 2012.

Other interest bearing liabilities

Other interest bearing liabilities, including loan capital, liabilities at fair value through the income statement and amounts due to other financial institutions, increased \$3 billion to \$41 billion, a 7% increase on the prior comparative period.

Non-interest bearing liabilities

Non-interest bearing liabilities, including derivative liabilities and insurance policy liabilities, decreased \$1 billion to \$72 billion, a 1% decrease on the prior comparative period. This was predominantly driven by foreign exchange volatility impacting derivative liabilities hedging term debt.

Review of Group Assets and Liabilities (continued)

December 2012 versus June 2012

Asset growth of \$3 billion on the prior half was mainly due to higher home lending, partly offset by lower derivative asset balances driven by volatility in foreign exchange and interest rate markets.

Continued strong deposits growth has seen the Group satisfy a significant portion of its funding requirements entirely from customer deposits. Customer deposits made up 63% of total funding (30 June 2012: 62%).

Home loans

Home loan balances increased \$6 billion to \$359 billion, reflecting a 2% increase on the prior half. This outcome was the result of subdued system credit growth and intense price competition. The Group continues to maintain its competitive position through profitable growth and a strong focus on delivering excellent customer service.

Personal loans

Personal loans, including credit cards and margin lending, increased 2% on the prior half to \$21 billion. Strong growth in credit card balances and personal loans was the result of successful campaigns and product innovation. This was partly offset by a decline in margin lending balances reflecting conservative investor sentiment in the market.

Business and corporate loans

Business and corporate loans increased \$1 billion to \$167 billion. This was largely due to solid business lending growth in both Australia and New Zealand.

Non-lending interest earning assets

Non-lending interest earning assets remained stable at \$104 billion.

Other assets

Other assets, including derivative assets, insurance assets and intangibles, decreased 5% on the prior half to \$70 billion. This decrease reflected lower derivative asset balances driven by volatility in foreign exchange and interest rate markets.

Interest bearing deposits

Interest bearing deposits increased \$10 billion to \$438 billion, reflecting a 2% increase on the prior half.

Customer preference for lower risk investments and ongoing global market volatility, coupled with targeted campaigns in a highly competitive market, resulted in growth of \$8 billion in savings deposits, a \$4 billion increase in other demand deposits and a \$2 billion increase in transaction deposits, the majority of which relates to Retail Banking Services.

Investment deposits decreased 2% compared to the prior half, which was mainly due to a run off of money market investments in Bankwest.

Debt issues

Debt issues decreased \$7 billion to \$127 billion, reflecting a 5% decrease on the prior half. Solid customer deposit growth satisfying the Group's additional funding requirements substituted debt issues as the incremental funding source.

Refer to page 25 for further information on debt programs and issuance for the half year ended 31 December 2012.

Other interest bearing liabilities

Other interest bearing liabilities, including loan capital, liabilities at fair value through the income statement and amounts due to other financial institutions, increased 5% on the prior half to \$41 billion.

Non-interest bearing liabilities

Non-interest bearing liabilities, including derivative liabilities and insurance policy liabilities, decreased 4% on the prior half to \$72 billion. This was driven predominantly by foreign exchange volatility impacting derivative liabilities hedging term debt.

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Group Operations and Business Settings

Loan Impairment Provisions and Credit Quality

Provisions for Impairment

		As at					
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs Jun 12 %	Dec 12 vs		
	\$M	\$M	\$M		Dec 11 %		
Provisions for impairment losses							
Collective provision	2,858	2,837	2,984	1	(4)		
Individually assessed provisions	1,845	2,008	2,097	(8)	(12)		
Total provisions for impairment losses	4,703	4,845	5,081	(3)	(7)		
Less: Off balance sheet provisions	(18)	(18)	(21)	-	(14)		
Total provisions for loan impairment	4,685	4,827	5,060	(3)	(7)		

December 2012 versus December 2011

Total provisions for impairment losses decreased 7% on the prior comparative period to \$4,703 million as at 31 December 2012. The movement in the level of provisioning reflects:

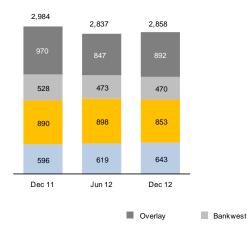
- Reduced individually assessed provisions for both the commercial and Bankwest loan portfolios, as a result of the finalisation of a number of impaired assets;
- A reduction of Bankwest collective provisions as preacquisition troublesome loans continued to run-off;
- Reduced home loan collective provisions as a result of decreasing arrears;
- A reduction in management overlays led by the decrease in Bankwest higher risk loans and the resolution of other issues during the prior half, partly offset by;
- Increased collective provisioning across Institutional Banking and Markets and Business and Private Banking caused by the deterioration in a small number of accounts, as well as softening of collateral values in a small number of troublesome assets; and
- Economic overlays remain unchanged on the prior comparative period.

December 2012 versus June 2012

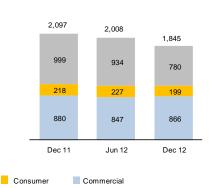
Total provisions for impairment losses decreased 3% on the prior half to \$4,703 million as at 31 December 2012. The movement in the level of provisioning reflects:

- Reduced individually assessed provisions in the Bankwest lending portfolio, as a result of the finalisation of a number of impaired assets; and
- A reduction in retail collective provisions as arrears reduced; partly offset by;
- Increased collective provisioning across Institutional Banking and Markets and Business and Private Banking which has been impacted by deterioration in a small number of accounts as well as softening of collateral values in a small number of troublesome assets; and
- Increased provisioning overlays for specific issues (economic overlays remain unchanged on the prior half).

Collective Provisions (\$M)



Individually Assessed Provisions (\$M)



Loan Impairment Provisions and Credit Quality (continued)

Credit Quality

	Haif Year Ended					
				Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs	
Credit Quality Metrics	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %	
Gross loans and acceptances (GLAA) (\$M)	549,216	542,097	530,899	1	3	
Risk weighted assets (RWA) (\$M)	301,611	302,787	297,705	-	1	
Credit risk weighted assets (\$M)	258,467	261,429	258,446	(1)	-	
Gross impaired assets (\$M) (1)	4,313	4,499	4,676	(4)	(8)	
Net impaired assets (\$M) (1)	2,468	2,491	2,579	(1)	(4)	
Provision ratios						
Collective provision as a % of credit risk weighted assets	1. 11	1. 09	1. 15	2 bpts	(4)bpts	
Total provision as a % of credit risk weighted assets	1. 82	1. 85	1. 97	(3)bpts	(15)bpts	
Individually assessed provisions for impairment as a % of gross impaired assets ⁽¹⁾	42. 78	44. 63	44. 85	(185)bpts	(207)bpts	
Total provisions for impairment losses as a % of GLAA's	0. 86	0. 89	0. 96	(3)bpts	(10)bpts	
Asset quality ratios						
Gross impaired assets as a % of GLAA's (1)	0. 79	0. 83	0. 88	(4)bpts	(9)bpts	
Loans 90+ days past due but not impaired as a % of GLAA's (1) Impairment expense ("cash basis") annualised as a % of average	0. 51	0. 57	0. 58	(6)bpts	(7)bpts	
GLAA's	0. 22	0. 20	0. 21	2 bpts	1 bpt	

⁽¹⁾ Comparative information has been restated to conform to presentation in the current period.

Provision Ratios

The provision coverage ratios remain strong. The increase in the collective provision ratio to 1.11% is a result of the reduction in credit risk weighted assets. The impaired asset portfolio remains well provisioned with provision coverage of 42.78%.

Asset Quality

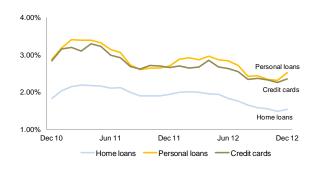
The asset quality ratios show the continued improvement in the quality of the book with both the level of impaired assets and 90 days past due loans which are not impaired continuing to reduce. The credit quality of both the retail and corporate portfolios remained sound.

Retail Portfolios - Arrears Rates (1)

Retail arrears across all products reduced during the current half, in part driven by reducing interest rates.

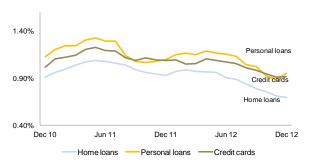
Home loan arrears reduced over the half, with 30+ day arrears decreasing from 1.83% to 1.53% and 90+ day arrears reducing from 0.90% to 0.70%. Unsecured retail arrears improved over the half with credit card 30+ days arrears falling from 2.63% to 2.36% and 90+ days arrears reducing from 1.07% to 0.92%. Personal loan arrears improved with 30+ day arrears falling from 2.83% to 2.52% and 90+ days arrears falling from 1.15% to 0.95%.

30+ Days Arrears Ratios (%)(2)



90+ Days Arrears Ratios (%)(2)

Half Voor Ended

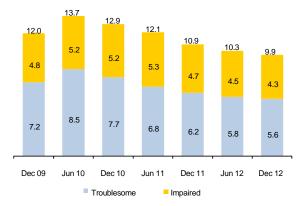


Troublesome and Impaired Assets

Commercial troublesome assets reduced 3% during the half to \$5.6 billion.

Gross impaired assets decreased 4% on the prior half to \$4,313 million. Gross impaired assets as a proportion of gross loans and acceptances of 0.79% decreased four basis points on the prior half, reflecting the improving quality of the corporate portfolios.

Troublesome and Impaired Assets (\$B)



- Comparative information has been restated to conform to presentation in the current period.
- (2) Includes retail portfolios of Retail Banking Services, Bankwest and New Zealand

Capital

Basel III Regulatory Framework

Background

The Group has adopted the Basel III measurement and monitoring of regulatory capital effective from 1 January 2013.

In December 2010, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (BCBS) published a discussion paper on banking reforms to address issues which led to the Global Financial Crisis and to position banks for future crises. The objectives of the capital reforms are to increase the quality, consistency and transparency of capital, to enhance the risk coverage framework, and to reduce systemic and pro-cyclical risk. The major reforms are to be phased in from 1 January 2013 to 1 January 2019.

In September 2012, Australian Prudential Regulation Authority (APRA) published final standards relating to the implementation of the Basel III capital reforms in Australia. APRA has adopted a more conservative approach than the minimum standards published by the BCBS and a more accelerated timetable for implementation.

The APRA prudential standards require a minimum CET1 ratio of 4.5% effective from 1 January 2013. An additional CET1 capital conservation buffer of 2.5% will be implemented on 1 January 2016, bringing the minimum CET1 requirement to 7%. The BCBS advocates the same minimum requirements, but implementation is to be phased in over an extended timeframe up to 1 January 2019.

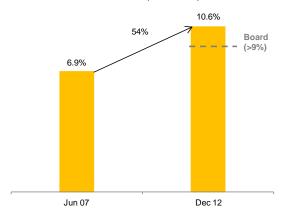
Basel III Internationally Harmonised Capital Position as at 31 December 2012

The Board has set a target of holding greater than 9% of CET1, as defined under the internationally harmonised BCBS rules.

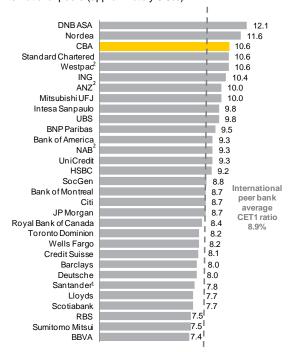
The Group's internationally harmonised CET1 ratios are calculated based on full adoption of the Basel III capital reforms, which will not come into effect until 2019 for most banks.

Adoption of a CET1 target based on internationally harmonised principles enables a more meaningful comparison of the Group's capital levels relative to its international peers. The Group is in a strong capital position upon the implementation of Basel III with CET1 as measured on an internationally harmonised basis of 10.6% as at 31 December 2012. This is well in excess of both the prescribed minimum of 4.5% and the Board approved target.

The Group has adopted a conservative and proactive approach to capital management and this is reflected in the overall strength of its capital position. The CET1 ratio (on an internationally harmonised basis) has increased by over 54% since the Global Financial Crisis (June 2007).



The Group's 31 December 2012 internationally harmonised CET1 ratio of 10.6%, places it well above the average of its international peers (approximately 8.9%).



Source: Morgan Stanley - Based on last reported Common Equity ratios up to 8 February 2013 assuming Basel III capital reforms fully implemented.

Peer group comprises listed commercial banks with total assets in excess of A\$400 billion and who have disclosed fully implemented Basel III ratios or provided sufficient disclosure for a Morgan Stanley Equity Research estimate.

- (1) Based on Morgan Stanley Equity Research estimates. For all other banks the ratios have been derived directly from company disclosures.
- (2) Domestic peer figures as at September 2012.

APRA Capital Position as at 31 December 2012 (Basel III)

The Group has a CET1 ratio of 8.1% under the Basel III APRA prudential standards, above the minimum ratio of 4.5%.

The differences in the Basel III APRA and the Basel III internationally harmonised CET1 ratios include:

Deductions

APRA requires a full deduction to be taken against CET1 for equity investments (including investments in insurance and funds management operations) and deferred tax assets. On an internationally harmonised basis, such items are concessionally risk weighted if they fall below prescribed thresholds.

Risk Weighted Assets

- APRA requires capital to be held for Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB). There is no similar requirement on an internationally harmonised basis; and
- APRA requires a minimum Loss Given Default (LGD) floor of 20% to be applied to residential mortgages which is higher than regulatory requirements elsewhere.

Basel II Regulatory Framework

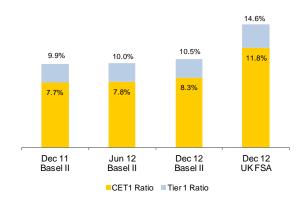
Capital Position as at 31 December 2012 (Basel II)

The Group maintained a strong capital position with the capital ratios well in excess of APRA Basel II minimum capital adequacy requirements (Prudential Capital Ratio (PCR)) and the Board Approved minimum levels at all times throughout the year ended 31 December 2012.

The Group's Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) and Tier One Capital ratios as at 31 December 2012 were 8.3% and 10.5% respectively.

The Group's CET1 and Tier One Capital ratios increased by 49 and 53 basis points respectively on the prior half. This was primarily driven by capital generated from earnings (net of dividend) and the benefit delivered from the Bankwest portfolio moving to Advanced status in December 2012. No allowance has been taken into account in the Basel II capital ratios for the Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP) as it has been anticipated that the DRP will be satisfied in full by an on market purchase of shares.

The Group's CET1 and Tier One Capital ratios as at 31 December 2012 under the Financial Services Authority (the UK regulator) method of calculating regulatory capital as a percentage of RWA were 11.8% and 14.6% respectively. This has been provided for comparative purposes as the Group is not regulated by the Financial Services Authority.



The following significant initiatives were undertaken during the half year to actively manage the Group's capital:

Tier One Capital

- In October 2012, the Group issued \$2 billion Perpetual Exchangeable Resalable Listed Securities (PERLS VI), Basel III compliant, additional Tier One security. The proceeds of this issue were used, to the extent necessary, to refinance the maturing PERLS IV and otherwise to fund the Group's business; and
- The allocation of approximately \$929 million of ordinary shares in order to satisfy the Dividend Reinvestment Plan in respect of the final dividend for the 2011/2012 financial year, representing a participation rate of 29.6%.

Further details on the Group's Basel II regulatory capital position are included in Appendix 8.

Bankwest

Bankwest relinquished its ADI license on 1 October 2012 in line with prudential regulations requiring Australian subsidiaries of major banks to operate under the same license as their parent.

Bankwest operated as a standalone bank up to 30 September 2012 and was subject to separate regulation by APRA.

APRA extended the Group's Advanced Internal Rating based accreditation to include Bankwest's non retail loans and residential mortgages from 31 December 2012.

Pillar 3 Disclosures (Basel II)

Full details on the market disclosures required under Pillar 3, per prudential standard APS 330 "Public Disclosure of Prudential Information", are provided on the Group's website.

Other Regulatory Change

General and Life Insurers

In October 2012, APRA completed its review of regulatory capital standards for life insurers and general insurers (LAGIC) and released the final version of all life insurance and general insurance prudential standards. Implementation of the majority of the reforms occurred on 1 January 2013.

Superannuation Funds Management

In November 2012, APRA released final prudential standards that introduce new financial requirements for registered superannuation trustees. The new requirements are being implemented on 1 July 2013.

In November 2011, the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) released new financial requirements that apply to Responsible Entities. These new requirements became effective on 1 November 2012.

Conglomerate Groups

APRA released a discussion paper titled "Supervision of Conglomerate Groups" in March 2010. APRA is seeking to extend its current prudential supervision framework to Conglomerate Groups that have material operations in more than one APRA regulated industry and/or have one or more material unregulated entities. The aims of the Level 3 proposals are to ensure that a Conglomerate Group holds adequate capital to protect the APRA regulated entities from potential contagion and other risks within the Group.

Draft capital standards are expected to be released in the early part of the 2013 calendar year with the intention at this point in time to implement from 1 January 2014.

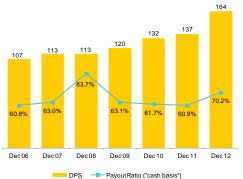
Dividends

Interim Dividend for the Year Ended 31 December 2012.

An interim dividend of \$1.64 per share was determined, an increase of 20% on the prior comparative period. The dividend payout ratio ("cash basis") for the half year to 31 December 2012 was 70.2%, up from 60.9% in the prior comparative period. This increase is consistent with the Board's revised dividend policy, announced in August 2012, which increased the payout ratio for the interim dividend.

The interim dividend will be fully franked and will be paid on 5 April 2013 to owners of ordinary shares at the close of business on 22 February 2013 (record date). Shares will be quoted ex-dividend on 18 February 2013.

Interim Dividend History (cents per share)



Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP)

The DRP will continue to operate but no discount will be applied to shares allocated under the plan for the interim dividend. The DRP for the 2013 interim dividend is anticipated to be satisfied in full by an on market purchase of shares.

Dividend Policy

As announced as part of the June 2012 full year results, the Group will seek to:

- Pay cash dividends at strong and sustainable levels;
- Target a full-year payout ratio of 70% to 80%; and
- Maximise the use of its franking account by paying fully franked dividends.

The payout ratio for interim dividends will be approximately 70% of interim profit to ensure a more even distribution of dividends across the year.

Liquidity

	As at							
	31 Dec 12 30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs				
	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %			
Internal RMBS	57,362	57,730	38,560	(1)	49			
Bank, NCD, Bills, RMBS, Supra, Covered Bonds	31,109	32,429	36,577	(4)	(15)			
Cash, Government and Semi-Government Bonds	39,833	44,418	40,220	(10)	(1)			
Liquid Assets (1)	128,304	134,577	115,357	(5)	11			

⁽¹⁾ Liquids reported net of applicable regulatory haircuts.

December 2012 versus December 2011

The Group holds a high quality, well diversified liquid asset portfolio to prudently meet Balance Sheet liquidity needs and regulatory requirements.

Liquid assets increased \$13 billion to \$128 billion, an 11% increase on the prior comparative period. The increase was driven by the expansion of the internal residential mortgage-backed securitisation vehicle (Internal RMBS) which provides the Group with the ability to borrow on a secured basis from the Reserve Bank of Australia.

Excluding Internal RMBS, the Group maintained \$71 billion of liquid assets, well above the regulatory minimum requirement of \$53 billion.

December 2012 versus June 2012

The Group holds a high quality, well diversified liquid asset portfolio to prudently meet Balance Sheet liquidity needs and regulatory requirements.

Liquid assets decreased \$7 billion to \$128 billion, a 5% decrease on the prior comparative period. The decrease was driven by the reduction in liquidity risk given lower short term deposits from financial institutions.

Excluding internal RMBS assets, the Group maintained \$71 billion of liquid assets, well above the regulatory minimum requirement of \$53 billion.

Funding

	As at				
•	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs
Group Funding (1)	\$М	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %
Customer deposits	385,879	379,299	370,464	2	4
Short term wholsesale funding	108,075	108,491	115,034	-	(6)
Long term wholesale funding - less than one year residual maturity	24,571	25,715	32,391	(4)	(24)
Long term wholesale funding - more than one year residual maturity (2)	103,031	103,638	89,734	(1)	15
IFRS MTM and derivative FX revaluations	(4,267)	(5,417)	(6,975)	(21)	(39)
Total wholesale funding	231,410	232,427	230,184	-	1
Total funding	617,289	611,726	600,648	1	3

- (1) Shareholders' equity is excluded from this view of funding sources, other than the USD trust preferred securities, which are classified as other equity instruments in the statutory balance sheet.
- (2) Residual maturity of long term wholesale funding included in Debt issues, Loan capital and Share capital other equity instruments, is the earlier of the next call date or final maturity.

December 2012 versus December 2011

Customer deposits

Customer deposits accounted for 63% of total funding at 31 December 2012, compared to 62% in the prior comparative period. Strong deposit growth has seen the Group satisfy a significant proportion of its funding requirements from high quality retail customer deposits. The remaining 37% of total funding comprised various wholesale debt issuance.

Short term wholesale funding

Short term wholesale funding includes debt with an original maturity or call date of less than 12 months, and consists of Certificates of Deposit and Bank Acceptances, as well as debt issued under domestic, Euro and US Commercial paper programs by CBA and ASB. Short term wholesale funding accounted for 47% of total wholesale funding at 31 December 2012, down from 50% at 31 December 2011.

Long term wholesale funding

Long term wholesale funding includes debt with an original maturity or call date of greater than 12 months. Long term wholesale funding conditions improved during the half compared to the prior comparative period as northern hemisphere central banks provided further support to their economies and banking systems. During the half, the Group issued \$13 billion of long term wholesale debt transactions in multiple currencies including AUD, USD, EUR, and GBP. Given improved funding conditions, most issuance was in senior unsecured format, although the Group also used its covered bond program to provide cost, tenor and diversification benefits. The weighted average maturity (WAM) of new long term wholesale debt issued in the December 2012 half year was 5.3 years. The WAM of outstanding long term wholesale debt was 3.7 years at 31 December 2012.

Long term wholesale debt (including adjustment for IFRS MTM and derivative FX valuation) increased by 7% on the prior comparative period and accounted for 53% of total wholesale funding at 31 December 2012, compared to 50% in the prior comparative period.

December 2012 versus June 2012

Customer deposits

Customer deposits accounted for 63% of total funding at 31 December 2012, compared to 62% in the prior half. Strong deposit growth has seen the Group satisfy a significant proportion of its funding requirements from high quality retail customer deposits. The remaining 37% of total funding comprised various wholesale debt issuance.

Short term wholesale funding

Short term wholesale funding includes debt with an original maturity or call date of less than 12 months, and consists of Certificates of Deposit and Bank Acceptances, as well as debt issued under domestic, Euro and US Commercial paper programs by CBA and ASB. Short term wholesale funding accounted for 47% of total wholesale funding at 31 December 2012, consistent with the prior half.

Long term wholesale funding

Long term wholesale debt (including adjustment for IFRS MTM and derivative FX valuation) was unchanged on the prior half and accounted for 53% of total wholesale funding at 31 December 2012, consistent with the prior half.

For further information on Liquidity and Funding risk, please refer to Appendix 6.

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Profit Announcement

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Retail Banking Services

		Half Year Ended						
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs			
	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %			
Net interest income	3,162	2,945	2,994	7	6			
Other banking income	756	722	729	5	4			
Total banking income	3,918	3,667	3,723	7	5			
Operating expenses	(1,524)	(1,469)	(1,496)	4	2			
Loan impairment expense	(246)	(237)	(346)	4	(29)			
Net profit before tax	2,148	1,961	1,881	10	14			
Corporate tax expense	(642)	(587)	(552)	9	16			
Cash net profit after tax	1,506	1,374	1,329	10	13			
Income analysis:								
Net interest income								
Home Loans	1,444	1,198	1,234	21	17			
Consumer Finance (2)	763	731	671	4	14			
Retail Deposits	928	993	1,062	(7)	(13)			
Business Products	27	23	27	17	-			
Total net interest income	3,162	2,945	2,994	7	6			
Other banking income								
Home Loans	101	99	105	2	(4)			
Consumer Finance (2)	251	232	230	8	9			
Retail Deposits	192	198	194	(3)	(1)			
Business Products	34	26	34	31	-			
Distribution	178	167	166	7	7			
Total other banking income	756	722	729	5	4			
Total banking income	3,918	3,667	3,723	7	5			

	As at					
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs	
Balance Sheet	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %	
Home loans	238,187	234,134	230,727	2	3	
Consumer finance (2)	14,555	13,883	13,597	5	7	
Other interest earning assets	1,734	1,925	1,432	(10)	21	
Total interest earning assets	254,476	249,942	245,756	2	4	
Other assets	932	224	93	large	large	
Total assets	255,408	250,166	245,849	2	4	
Transaction deposits	18,841	17,979	18,118	5	4	
Savings deposits	62,128	57,266	57,306	8	8	
Investment deposits and other	88,623	86,067	80,949	3	9	
Total interest bearing deposits	169,592	161,312	156,373	5	8	
Non-interest bearing liabilities	5,867	5,706	5,474	3	7	
Total liabilities	175,459	167,018	161,847	5	8	

	Half Year Ended					
				Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs	
Key Financial Metrics	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %	
Performance indicators						
Return on assets (%)	1. 2	1. 1	1. 1	10 bpts	10 bpts	
Impairment expense annualised as a % of average GLAA's (%)	0. 20	0. 19	0. 28	1 bpt	(8)bpts	
Operating expenses to total banking income (%)	38. 9	40. 1	40. 2	(120)bpts	(130)bpts	
Other asset/liability information						
Average interest earning assets (\$M)	251,433	247,998	243,573	1	3	
Average interest bearing liabilities (\$M)	165,841	157,992	152,141	5	9	

⁽¹⁾ Comparative information has been reclassified to conform to presentation in the current period. Refer to Appendix 16 for details.

⁽²⁾ Consumer Finance includes personal loans and credit cards.

Financial Performance and Business Review

December 2012 versus December 2011

Retail Banking Services cash net profit after tax for the half year ended 31 December 2012 was \$1,506 million, an increase of 13% on the prior comparative period. The result was driven by solid volume growth, disciplined expense management, and an improvement in loan impairment expense. Customer satisfaction levels continued to improve during the half, reaching their highest level in 15 years⁽¹⁾.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income was \$3,162 million, an increase of 6% on the prior comparative period. This was supported by strong volume growth in deposit and consumer finance products and improved net interest margin.

Balance sheet growth included:

- Home loan growth of 3%, achieved in a subdued environment with competitor activity remaining strong;
- Consumer finance experienced strong growth, driven by successful campaigns and product innovation; and
- Deposit balances increased by 8%, with growth mainly in lower margin investment deposit and online saver products.

Net interest margin increased, reflecting:

- A recovery in margins across the lending portfolio, as a result of repricing in response to higher average wholesale and deposit funding costs; and
- A significant decrease in deposit margins, resulting from falling cash rates and intense competition, particularly in the investment deposit and online saver products.

Other Banking Income

Other Banking Income was \$756 million, an increase of 4% on the prior comparative period, reflecting:

- A reduction in home loan fees of 4% due to the ongoing run off of deferred establishment fees offset by higher package fee income;
- An increase in consumer finance fees of 9%, reflecting volume growth in personal loans and higher credit card interchange income;
- Reduced deposit fee income of 1% as customers continue to shift into low fee deposit accounts; and
- Distribution⁽²⁾ income increasing 7% as foreign exchange products, including Travel Money Card, continue to perform strongly.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for the half year were \$1,524 million, an increase of 2% on the prior comparative period. The ongoing productivity focus through the retail business has resulted in inflationary pressures being largely absorbed. Incremental Core Banking Modernisation amortisation contributed 1% to expense growth. The expense to income ratio was 38.9%, a decrease of 130 basis points on the prior comparative period.

Expense growth also includes continued investment in technology, a strategic priority for the Group, with further enhancements to NetBank and Kaching launched during the half. Customer access via mobile devices has surpassed access from desktops, a key indicator of changing customer behaviour and the Group's focus on servicing mobile channels.

Loan Impairment Expense

Loan impairment expense for the half year was \$246 million, a decrease of 29% on the prior comparative period.

Arrears rates fell significantly across all portfolios leading to lower collective provisions and a reduced loan impairment expense. The arrears improvements have been assisted by increased repayment behaviours in a falling cash rate environment and increased Collections effectiveness.

In addition, for the secured portfolio, underlying improvements in quality, particularly from recent lending, have resulted in lower arrears. Individually assessed provisions have decreased due to a more active property market.

December 2012 versus June 2012

Cash net profit after tax increased by 10% on the prior half. The result was driven by solid revenue growth and disciplined cost management, offset by a slight increase in loan impairment expense.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income increased by 7% on the prior half, reflecting deposit balance growth and improved margins on the lending portfolio.

Balance sheet growth included:

- Subdued home loan and credit card growth, consistent with broader market trends; and
- Robust deposit balance growth of 5% on the prior half, predominantly in savings deposits.

Net interest margin increased, reflecting:

- A recovery in margins across the lending portfolio the result of the timing of repricing and the continuation of risk based pricing for unsecured loans; and
- Lower deposit margins, primarily as a result of competitive pricing in an environment of falling cash rates.

Other Banking Income

Other banking income increased by 5% on the prior half. Key factors included:

- Home loan income up 2% due to increased volumes;
- An increase in consumer finance fees of 8%, reflecting higher credit card interchange revenue; and
- Deposits down 3% due to the customer shift into low fee deposit accounts.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses grew by 4% on the prior half, primarily reflecting the impact of salary increases and inflationary increases in property costs. Loyalty costs also increased in the half due to seasonal patterns in the redemption of points and the introduction of the innovative rewards partnership with Myer, which allows customers to use their points to pay for goods in store directly at the point of sale.

The expense to income ratio was 38.9%, a decrease of 120 basis points on the prior half.

Loan Impairment Expense

Loan impairment expense increased 4% compared to the prior half largely due to a slight increase in net write-offs, proportionate with underlying portfolio growth.

- (1) Roy Morgan Research. Retail Main Financial Institution (MFI) Customer Satisfaction, Australians 14+, % "Very Satisfied" or "Fairly Satisfied" with relationship with that MFI. Six month rolling average to December 2012.
- (2) Distribution includes income associated with the sale of foreign exchange products, and commissions received from the distribution of wealth management products through the retail network.

Business and Private Banking

		н	lalf Year Ended	l	
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs
	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %
Net interest income	1,472	1,467	1,454	-	1
Other banking income	408	410	450	-	(9
Total banking income	1,880	1,877	1,904	-	(1)
Operating expenses	(678)	(671)	(679)	1	-
Loan impairment expense	(150)	(137)	(129)	9	16
Net profit before tax	1,052	1,069	1,096	(2)	(4
Corporate tax expense	(317)	(323)	(329)	(2)	(4
Cash net profit after tax	735	746	767	(1)	(4
Income analysis:					
Net interest income					
Corporate Financial Services	509	499	500	2	2
Regional & Agribusiness	268	255	254	5	6
Local Business Banking	487	487	467	-	4
Private Bank	118	112	113	5	4
Equities and Margin Lending	77	83	82	(7)	(6
Other	13	31	38	(58)	(66
Total net interest income	1,472	1,467	1,454	-	1
Other banking income					
Corporate Financial Services	157	148	169	6	(7
Regional & Agribusiness	45	48	54	(6)	(17
Local Business Banking	104	104	104	-	-
Private Bank	21	20	20	5	5
Equities and Margin Lending	78	86	101	(9)	(23
Other	3	4	2	(25)	50
Total other banking income	408	410	450	-	(9)
Total banking income	1,880	1,877	1,904	-	(1)
Income by product:					
Business Products	1,097	1,122	1,132	(2)	(3
Retail Products	536	512	484	5	11
Equities and Margin Lending	139	146	165	(5)	(16
Markets	80	60	90	33	(11
Other	28	37	33	(24)	(15
Total banking income	1,880	1,877	1,904	-	(1
			A 4		
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	As at 31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs
Balance Sheet	\$М	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %
Home loans	38,276	38,254	37,538	-	2
Consumer finance	1,043	1,125	1,043	(7)	-
Business loans	58,099	56,487	55,472	3	5
Margin loans	2,774	3,092	3,347	(10)	(17

		As at						
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs			
Balance Sheet	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %			
Home loans	38,276	38,254	37,538	-	2			
Consumer finance	1,043	1,125	1,043	(7)	-			
Business loans	58,099	56,487	55,472	3	5			
Margin loans	2,774	3,092	3,347	(10)	(17)			
Total interest earning assets	100,192	98,958	97,400	1	3			
Non-lending interest earning assets	166	365	462	(55)	(64)			
Other assets (2)	173	463	244	(63)	(29)			
Total assets	100,531	99,786	98,106	1	2			
Transaction deposits	18,536	19,047	18,577	(3)	-			
Savings deposits	12,130	11,415	12,032	6	1			
Investment deposits and other	25,093	24,549	24,719	2	2			
Total interest bearing deposits	55,759	55,011	55,328	1	1			
Due to other financial institutions	1,478	1,042	449	42	large			
Debt issues and other (3)	7,960	9,070	9,928	(12)	(20)			
Non-interest bearing liabilities (2)	5,608	5,408	5,578	4	1			
Total liabilities	70,805	70,531	71,283	-	(1)			

⁽¹⁾ Comparative information has been reclassified to conform to presentation in the current period. Refer to Appendix 16 for details.

⁽²⁾ Other assets include intangible assets and Non-interest bearing liabilities include non-interest bearing deposits.

⁽³⁾ Debt issues include Bank acceptances.

Business and Private Banking continued

		Half Year Ended						
				Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs			
Key Financial Metrics	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %			
Performance indicators								
Return on assets (%)	1. 5	1.5	1. 6	-	(10)bpts			
Impairment expense annualised as a % of average GLAA's (%)	0. 30	0. 28	0. 27	2 bpts	3 bpts			
Operating expenses to total banking income (%)	36. 1	35. 7	35. 7	40 bpts	40 bpts			
Other asset/liability information								
Average interest earning assets (\$M)	100,702	98,185	97,490	3	3			
Average interest bearing liabilities (\$M)	66,021	65,210	63,406	1	4			

Financial Performance and Business Review

December 2012 versus December 2011

Business and Private Banking achieved a cash net profit after tax of \$735 million for the half year ended 31 December 2012, a decrease of 4% on the prior comparative period. Income decreased 1% during the period with growth in business banking income offset by lower income from risk management related products and equities trading. A continued focus on productivity measures resulted in flat cost growth. Loan impairment expense was impacted by a softening of collateral values.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income of \$1,472 million increased 1% compared to the prior comparative period. This reflected modest growth in average interest earning assets and customer deposits, partly offset by a decrease in net interest margin.

Balance sheet growth included:

- Business lending growth of 5% which reflected continued customer demand for market rate linked products such as commercial bills;
- Home loan growth of 2% despite strong competitor activity in a subdued environment.
- Customer deposits increased 1% on the prior comparative period reflecting a highly competitive environment.

Net interest margin decreased reflecting continued customer demand for higher yield deposit products and the impact of the falling cash rate environment, partly offset by the effective management of asset margins.

Other Banking Income

Other banking income of \$408 million decreased 9% on the prior comparative period due to:

- A decrease of 26% in equities trading volumes, whilst yields were stronger with a higher average value per trade undertaken. Despite lower trading volumes, CommSec increased market share:
- Lower sales of risk management and foreign exchange related products: partly offset by
- Increased merchant acquiring income driven by targeted repricing activity in response to current market conditions.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses of \$678 million were flat on the prior comparative period despite significantly higher investment costs associated with the implementation of the new core banking platform. Salary related costs were 3% lower reflecting a continued focus on productivity related activities including effective capacity management in the frontline. In addition, volume related expenses decreased due to lower sales of risk management related products and lower equities trading volumes.

Loan Impairment Expense

Loan impairment expense of \$150 million increased 16% on the prior comparative period due in part to the softening in collateral

values of longstanding exposures.

Loan impairment expense as a percentage of average gross loans and acceptances increased by three basis points on the prior comparative period to 30 basis points.

December 2012 versus June 2012

Cash net profit after tax was \$735 million for the half year ended 31 December 2012, a decrease of 1% on the prior half. Income was flat during the period, with growth in business banking income partly offset by lower income from equities trading. Effective cost management resulted in 1% cost growth with lower staff expense being offset by an increased investment in technology related initiatives. Loan impairment expense increased 9% impacted by a softening of collateral values.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income of \$1,472 million was flat on the prior half. This reflected modest growth in average interest earning assets, offset by a slight reduction in net interest margin.

Balance sheet growth reflected:

- Business lending growth of 3%, whilst home loans were flat;
 and
- Customer deposits during the period increased 1% with growth in higher yield savings accounts.

Net interest margin decreased, reflecting continued customer demand for higher yield deposit products and the impact of the falling cash rate environment, partly offset by the effective management of asset margins.

Other Banking Income

Other banking income of \$408 million was flat on the prior half due to increased sales of risk management related products and higher merchant acquiring income, which was driven by targeted repricing activity. This was offset by a decrease of 10% in equities trading volumes despite yields being higher.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses of \$678 million increased 1% on the prior half. Strong cost discipline in the business has allowed for investment in the implementation of the new core banking platform. This investment has driven an increase in the number of new transaction accounts as a result of benefits relating to real-time banking and everyday settlement. Continued focus on productivity activities resulted in salary related costs decreasing 2%. In addition, volume related expenses decreased due to lower equities trading volumes.

Loan Impairment Expense

Loan impairment expense of \$150 million increased 9% on the prior half due in part to the softening in collateral values of longstanding exposures.

Loan impairment expense as a percentage of average gross loans and acceptances increased by two basis points on the prior half to 30 basis points.

Institutional Banking and Markets

		Half Year Ended						
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs			
	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %			
Net interest income	694	746	743	(7)	(7)			
Other banking income	634	454	447	40	42			
Total banking income	1,328	1,200	1,190	11	12			
Operating expenses	(442)	(423)	(417)	4	6			
Loan impairment expense	(97)	(121)	(33)	(20)	large			
Net profit before tax	789	656	740	20	7			
Corporate tax expense	(186)	(129)	(169)	44	10			
Cash net profit after tax	603	527	571	14	6			
Income analysis:								
Net interest income								
Institutional Banking	584	610	601	(4)	(3)			
Markets	110	136	142	(19)	(23)			
Total net interest income	694	746	743	(7)	(7)			
Other banking income								
Institutional Banking	403	394	377	2	7			
Markets	231	60	70	large	large			
Total other banking income	634	454	447	40	42			
Total banking income	1,328	1,200	1,190	11	12			
Income by product:								
Institutional Products	844	862	840	(2)	-			
Asset Leasing	116	126	102	(8)	14			
Markets	341	196	212	74	61			
Other	27	16	36	69	(25)			
Total banking income	1,328	1,200	1,190	11	12			

			As at		
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs
Balance Sheet	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %
Interest earning lending assets	73,225	73,425	71,550	-	2
Non-lending interest earning assets	33,556	34,267	33,614	(2)	-
Other assets (2)	32,119	35,463	34,474	(9)	(7)
Total assets	138,900	143,155	139,638	(3)	(1)
Transaction deposits	35,228	34,452	34,210	2	3
Investment deposits	36,642	40,090	36,793	(9)	-
Certificates of deposit and other	14,008	12,484	11,338	12	24
Total interest bearing deposits	85,878	87,026	82,341	(1)	4
Due to other financial institutions	15,823	15,856	14,060	-	13
Debt issues and other (3)	4,209	4,805	8,626	(12)	(51)
Non-interest bearing liabilities (2)	26,888	29,829	29,208	(10)	(8)
Total liabilities	132,798	137,516	134,235	(3)	(1)

	Half Year Ended							
				Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs			
Key Financial Metrics	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %			
Performance indicators								
Return on assets (%)	0. 9	0. 7	0.8	20 bpts	10 bpts			
Impairment expense annualised as a % of average GLAA's (%)	0. 26	0. 33	0. 09	(7)bpts	17 bpts			
Operating expenses to total banking income (%)	33. 3	35. 3	35. 0	(200)bpts	(170)bpts			
Other asset/liability information								
Average interest earning assets (\$M)	109,128	105,803	107,264	3	2			
Average interest bearing liabilities (\$M)	109,221	105,154	106,371	4	3			

⁽¹⁾ Comparative information has been reclassified to conform to presentation in the current period. Refer to Appendix 16 for details.

⁽²⁾ Other assets include intangible assets and derivative assets. Non-interest bearing liabilities include derivative liabilities.

⁽³⁾ Debt issues and other includes bank acceptances, liabilities at fair value and loan capital.

Institutional Banking and Markets continued

Financial Performance and Business Review

December 2012 versus December 2011

Institutional Banking and Markets achieved a cash net profit after tax of \$603 million, a 6% increase on the prior comparative period. The result was driven by growth in average lending balances, higher lending fee income, favourable counterparty fair value adjustments and a positive trading performance in Markets. This was partly offset by higher loan impairment expense and lower margins which were impacted by higher funding costs.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income decreased 7% on the prior comparative period to \$694 million, driven by lower margins, partly offset by growth in average lending balances.

Balance sheet growth included:

- Strong momentum in loan balances with Institutional Lending average balances increasing 12% since 31 December 2011, with particular success in the investment grade commercial property, transport and storage, and natural resources industries; and
- A 7% rise in average deposit volumes mainly driven by growth in domestic term deposit balances.

Net interest margin decreased reflecting:

- Higher funding costs leading to lower asset margins; and
- Declining deposit margins impacted by competition for deposits and a shift in product mix to lower margin term deposit products.

Other Banking Income

Other banking income increased 42% on the prior comparative period to \$634 million, due to:

- A favourable trading performance in Markets compared to the prior comparative period;
- Favourable counterparty fair value adjustments of \$47 million for the half year ended 31 December 2012 compared to the unfavourable adjustment in the prior comparative period of \$35 million. This impact was primarily driven by tightening credit spreads; and
- Higher Asset Leasing and commitment fee income.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses increased 6% on the prior comparative period to \$442 million. The increase included higher depreciation expenses (up 30% on the prior comparative period) relating to growth in the Asset Leasing business and selected investment in strategic projects.

The investment has been targeted to deliver on the Total Capital Solutions strategy to our clients. Whilst overall employee numbers have declined, there has been increased investment in the natural resources and transport industries to support growth in these sectors.

The business continued to focus on key strategic projects including Transaction Banking and systems enhancements to the Group's foreign exchange and fixed income platforms.

Loan Impairment Expense

Loan impairment expense increased \$64 million on the prior comparative period to \$97 million, driven by an increased number of small individually assessed provisions and a lower level of write-backs. The overall credit rating of the institutional portfolio remained stable.

Corporate Tax Expense

The corporate tax expense for the half year ended 31 December 2012 was \$186 million. The effective tax rate of 24% remained relatively stable.

December 2012 versus June 2012

Institutional Banking and Markets achieved a cash net profit after tax of \$603 million for the half year ended 31 December 2012, which represented a 14% increase on the prior half. The result was driven by favourable counterparty fair value adjustments and lower loan impairment expense. This was partly offset by lower margins due to increased funding costs.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income decreased 7% on the prior half to \$694 million. This decrease was driven by lower margins and subdued lending growth as clients continue to be cautious in a challenging economic environment. Favourable conditions in debt capital markets for corporate issuers also contributed to subdued growth in lending balances.

Balance sheet growth included:

- Institutional Lending average balances increased 4% since 30 June 2012, with continued momentum in the natural resources sector; and
- Average deposit volumes increased 7%, largely in domestic term deposits.

Net interest margin decreased reflecting:

- Lower asset margins due to higher funding costs; and
- Compressed deposit margins reflecting competition for deposits and a change in product mix to lower margin term deposit products.

Other Banking Income

Other banking income was \$634 million, an increase of 40% on the prior half due to:

- Favourable counterparty fair value adjustments of \$47 million for the half year ended 31 December 2012 compared to the unfavourable adjustment in the prior half of \$86 million. This impact was primarily driven by tightening credit spreads; and
- Increased sales revenue from the rates and fixed income businesses, reflecting greater client deal flow.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses increased 4% on the prior half to \$442 million. The increase was driven by higher depreciation expenses relating to growth in Asset Leasing volumes and selected investment in strategic projects, including Transaction Banking and the Group's foreign exchange and fixed income platforms. This was partly offset with a continued focus on productivity and a disciplined approach to cost management across the business.

Loan Impairment Expense

Loan impairment expense was \$97 million, a decrease of 20% on the prior half, driven by a reduction in single name exposures, partly offset by a lower level of write-backs. The overall credit rating of the institutional portfolio remained stable.

Corporate Tax Expense

The corporate tax expense for the half year ended 31 December 2012 was \$186 million. The effective tax rate of 24% was higher than the prior half due to the timing of dividend distributions in offshore jurisdictions.

Wealth Management

		н	alf Year Ended	l	
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs
	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %
Funds management income	998	943	945	6	6
Insurance income	368	327	364	13	1
Total operating income	1,366	1,270	1,309	8	4
Volume expenses	(249)	(248)	(292)	-	(15)
Net operating income	1,117	1,022	1,017	9	10
Operating expenses	(743)	(689)	(680)	8	9
Net profit before tax	374	333	337	12	11
Corporate tax expense	(101)	(90)	(88)	12	15
Underlying profit after tax	273	243	249	12	10
Investment experience after tax	61	82	55	(26)	11
Cash net profit after tax	334	325	304	3	10
Represented by:					
CFS Global Asset Management	152	123	135	24	13
Colonial First State	77	79	40	(3)	93
CommInsure	170	170	176	-	(3)
Other	(65)	(47)	(47)	38	38
Cash net profit after tax	334	325	304	3	10

		Half Year Ended							
				Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs				
Key Financial Metrics	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %				
Performance indicators									
Funds management income to average FUA (%)	0. 97	0. 99	1. 01	(2)bpts	(4)bpts				
Insurance income to average inforce premiums (%)	36. 1	34. 8	42. 0	130 bpts	large				
Operating expenses to net operating income (%)	66. 5	67. 4	66. 9	(90)bpts	(40)bpts				
Funds under administration - average (\$M)	204,009	192,325	186,266	6	10				
Funds under administration - spot (\$M)	215,851	192,781	184,045	12	17				
Funds under management - average (\$M)	152,580	147,412	145,385	4	5				
Funds under management - spot (\$M)	160,650	146,220	141,930	10	13				
Retail net funds flows (Australian Retail) (\$M)	722	703	(509)	3	large				
Annual Inforce Premiums - average (\$M)	2,021	1,889	1,724	7	17				
Annual Inforce Premiums - spot (\$M)	2,071	1,971	1,807	5	15				

						Half Year	Ended (1)					
		CFS			Colonial							
	Global As	sset Mana	agement	Fi	rst State (2)	Co	mmlnsur	е		Other	
	Dec 12	Jun 12	Dec 11	Dec 12	Jun 12	Dec 11	Dec 12	Jun 12	Dec 11	Dec 12	Jun 12	Dec 11
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Funds management income	481	435	448	445	431	414	73	77	83	(1)	-	-
Insurance income	-	-	-	-	-	-	368	325	366	-	2	(2)
Total operating income	481	435	448	445	431	414	441	402	449	(1)	2	(2)
Volume expenses	(75)	(71)	(69)	(66)	(74)	(118)	(108)	(102)	(106)	-	(1)	1
Net operating income	406	364	379	379	357	296	333	300	343	(1)	1	(1)
Operating expenses	(235)	(215)	(224)	(278)	(254)	(251)	(156)	(149)	(143)	(74)	(71)	(62)
Net profit before tax	171	149	155	101	103	45	177	151	200	(75)	(70)	(63)
Corporate tax expense	(32)	(38)	(32)	(30)	(29)	(13)	(53)	(45)	(60)	14	22	17
Underlying profit after tax	139	111	123	71	74	32	124	106	140	(61)	(48)	(46)
Investment experience after tax	13	12	12	6	5	8	46	64	36	(4)	1	(1)
Cash net profit after tax	152	123	135	77	79	40	170	170	176	(65)	(47)	(47)

⁽¹⁾ Comparative information has been reclassified to conform to presentation in the current period. Refer to Appendix 16 for details.

⁽²⁾ Colonial First State incorporates the results of all financial planning businesses including Commonwealth Financial Planning.

Financial Performance and Business Review

December 2012 versus December 2011

Cash net profit after tax for the half year ended 31 December 2012 was \$334 million, a 10% increase on the prior comparative period benefiting from a recovery in global investment markets.

Net operating income increased 10% on the prior comparative period and Funds under Administration (FUA), as at 31 December 2012, increased 17% to \$216 billion. Insurance Inforce Premiums increased 15% to \$2.1 billion.

Funds Management Income

Funds Management income of \$998 million increased 6% on the prior comparative period.

CFS Global Asset Management (CFSGAM) Funds under Management (FUM) for the half averaged \$153 billion, an increase of 5% on the prior comparative period. Growth was mainly driven by improved equity markets and sound investment performance with 75% of assets outperforming benchmark over a three year period.

The improvement in equity markets during the period reflected improved investor confidence which delivered solid FUM net flows for the half of \$3 billion and improved margins. CFSGAM continued to invest in expanding offshore sales capability and diversifying its geographic and asset class base.

Colonial First State (CFS) flagship platform's margin improved slightly due to favourable mix. Platform net flows benefited from improved market sentiment and were up 6% on the prior comparative period to \$1.8 billion, contributing to the highest Australian Retail net flows in five years. CFS platforms captured 27% of market net flows over the period and FirstChoice retained the number one market share position⁽¹⁾.

The managed contraction of the closed legacy investment business continued in line with expectations, impacting funds management margins.

Insurance Income

Insurance income was \$368 million, a 1% increase on the prior comparative period.

Retail Life Insurance income increased 1% driven by growth in Retail Bank network sales. Claims experience was mixed with some pressure in the income protection products whilst lapse rates increased, which is a trend that is consistent with the current industry experience. Wholesale Life revenue declined due to a rise in claims.

General Insurance inforce premium growth was 19% and delivered a strong result with 17% higher net earned premium, improved claims experience and no major events in the half.

Operating Expenses

Operating expense growth was 9% mainly due to increased investment in strategic growth initiatives in the period, including productivity programs, strengthening risk management and preparing for changes in the regulatory environment. The result also incorporated the full period impact of the inclusion of Count Financial Limited. Excluding strategic investment spend, expense growth was attributable to inflation-related salary increases and investment in the offshore business. Compliance projects progress remained on track and the business is well positioned for implementation of regulatory reform during 2013.

Investment Experience

Investment Experience includes the return on invested shareholder capital and benefited from unrealised mark to market revaluation gains on the Guaranteed Annuity portfolio.

December 2012 versus June 2012

Cash net profit after tax for the half year ended 31 December 2012 was \$334 million, a 3% increase on the prior half driven by market growth and improved insurance performance.

Net operating income increased 9% on the prior half and Funds under Administration, as at 31 December 2012, increased 12% to \$216 billion. Insurance Inforce Premiums increased 5% to \$2.1 billion.

Funds Management Income

Funds Management income of \$998 million increased 6% on the prior half.

CFSGAM average FUM of \$153 billion increased 4% on the prior half, mainly driven by improved equity markets and ongoing strong investment performance. Investors remained cautious despite signs of market recovery and demand for cash and fixed interest products continued to be strong.

CFS FirstChoice and Custom Solutions platforms performed well with net flows increasing 3% on the prior half. Custom Solutions reached a milestone \$10 billion in Funds under Administration during the half. While the last quarter saw increased equity net flows, demand for lower-risk deposit products remained strong, growing 13% over the last six months.

Wealth Management has now sourced over \$20 billion in bank deposit funding for the Group.

Insurance Income

Insurance income was \$368 million, a 13% increase on the prior half

Retail Life Insurance Inforce Premium increased 5% to \$856 million and revenue increased 14%, benefiting from higher sales originating from the Retail Bank network. Claims improved but overall margins were impacted by continuing lapse pressure. Wholesale Life Insurance income fell due to deteriorating claims experience.

General Insurance net earned premiums increased 8%, benefiting from strong sales growth through retail bank channels and lower working claims. The result also benefited from lower event claims due to the unpredictable nature of events.

Operating Expenses

Operating expense growth was 8% due to strategic investment in business growth initiatives. Productivity remained a key focus for the business. During the period a number of productivity initiatives progressed, including a review of call centre processes and have already delivered increased capacity and improved efficiency. The successful reintegration of motor vehicle claims processing has resulted in a significant improvement in customer service. Excluding strategic investment spend, expense growth was mainly due to inflation-related salary increases and technology spend.

Investment Experience

Investment Experience includes the return on shareholder capital, which has been impacted by lower interest rates and bond yields.

(1) Plan for Life quarterly release.

Wealth Management continued

	Half Year Ended						
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs		
Funds Under Management (FUM) (1)	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %		
Australian equities	20,211	18,366	18,391	10	10		
Global equities	58,045	50,003	47,955	16	21		
Cash and fixed interest	58,139	54,242	51,849	7	12		
Property and Infrastructure (2)	24,255	23,609	23,735	3	2		
Total	160,650	146,220	141,930	10	13		

	Half Year Ended							
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs			
Sources of Profit from Comminsure	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %			
Life insurance operating margins								
Planned profit margins	82	89	81	(8)	1			
Experience variations	(28)	(42)	(4)	(33)	large			
Funds management operating margins	39	44	45	(11)	(13)			
General insurance operating margins	31	15	18	large	72			
Operating margins	124	106	140	17	(11)			
Investment experience after tax (3)	46	64	36	(28)	28			
Cash net profit after tax	170	170	176	-	(3)			

	Half Year Ended 31 December 2012					
	Opening			Closing		
	Balance	Sales/New		Balance		
	30 Jun 12	Business	Lapses	31 Dec 12		
Annual Inforce Premiums - Risk Business	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M		
Retail life	815	133	(92)	856		
Wholesale life	651	71	(63)	659		
General insurance	505	77	(26)	556		
Total	1,971	281	(181)	2,071		

	Half Year Ended 30 June 2012						
	Opening			Closing			
	Balance	Sales/New		Balance			
	31 Dec 11	Business	Lapses	30 Jun 12			
Annual Inforce Premiums - Risk Business	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M			
Retail life	781	108	(74)	815			
Wholesale life	558	130	(37)	651			
General insurance	468	62	(25)	505			
Total	1,807	300	(136)	1,971			

	Half	Half Year Ended 31 December 2011						
	Opening			Closing				
	Balance	Sales/New		Balance				
	30 Jun 11	Business	Lapses	31 Dec 11				
Annual Inforce Premiums - Risk Business	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M				
Retail life	743	108	(70)	781				
Wholesale life	461	133	(36)	558				
General insurance	436	58	(26)	468				
Total	1,640	299	(132)	1,807				

⁽¹⁾ FUM and FUA do not include the Group's interest in the China Cinda JV.

⁽²⁾ This asset class includes wholesale and listed property trusts as well as indirect listed property securities funds which are traded through the ASX.

⁽³⁾ Comparative information has been reclassified to conform to presentation in the current period.

Wealth Management continued

	Half Year Ended 31 December 2012						
	Opening				Investment	Closing	
	Balance				Income &	Balance	
	30 Jun 12	Inflows	Outflows	Net Flows	Other (6)	31 Dec 12	
Funds Under Administration	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	
FirstChoice	50,014	7,069	(6,348)	721	4,009	54,744	
Custom Solutions (1)	9,081	2,253	(1,219)	1,034	787	10,902	
Standalone (including Legacy) (2)	17,268	3,178	(4,158)	(980)	2,532	18,820	
Retail products (3)	76,363	12,500	(11,725)	775	7,328	84,466	
Other retail (4)	1,001	14	(67)	(53)	73	1,021	
Australian retail	77,364	12,514	(11,792)	722	7,401	85,487	
Wholesale	43,443	15,332	(11,775)	3,557	2,505	49,505	
Property	18,694	357	(14)	343	147	19,184	
Other (5)	3,432	14	(74)	(60)	121	3,493	
Domestically sourced	142,933	28,217	(23,655)	4,562	10,174	157,669	
Internationally sourced	49,848	10,669	(8,772)	1,897	6,437	58,182	
Total Wealth Management	192,781	38,886	(32,427)	6,459	16,611	215,851	

	Half Year Ended 30 June 2012						
	Opening					Closing	
	Balance				Income &	Balance	
	31 Dec 11	Inflows	Outflows	Net Flows	Other ⁽⁶⁾	30 Jun 12	
Funds Under Administration	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	
FirstChoice	47,539	6,811	(6,070)	741	1,734	50,014	
Custom Solutions (1)	7,910	2,294	(1,330)	964	207	9,081	
Standalone (including Legacy) (2)	17,758	1,350	(2,307)	(957)	467	17,268	
Retail products (3)	73,207	10,455	(9,707)	748	2,408	76,363	
Other retail (4)	1,018	19	(64)	(45)	28	1,001	
Australian retail	74,225	10,474	(9,771)	703	2,436	77,364	
Wholesale	40,660	9,815	(8,249)	1,566	1,217	43,443	
Property	19,026	4	(173)	(169)	(163)	18,694	
Other (5)	3,255	14	(61)	(47)	224	3,432	
Domestically sourced	137,166	20,307	(18,254)	2,053	3,714	142,933	
Internationally sourced	46,879	4,471	(4,536)	(65)	3,034	49,848	
Total Wealth Management	184,045	24,778	(22,790)	1,988	6,748	192,781	

	Half Year Ended 31 December 2011						
	Opening Balance				Investment Income &	Closing Balance	
	30 Jun 11	Inflows	Outflows	Net Flows	Other (6)	31 Dec 11	
Funds Under Administration	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	
FirstChoice	49,118	7,144	(6,202)	942	(2,521)	47,539	
Custom Solutions (1)	7,436	2,116	(1,409)	707	(233)	7,910	
Standalone (including Legacy) (2)	20,640	1,336	(3,436)	(2,100)	(782)	17,758	
Retail products (3)	77,194	10,596	(11,047)	(451)	(3,536)	73,207	
Other retail (4)	1,105	16	(74)	(58)	(29)	1,018	
Australian retail	78,299	10,612	(11,121)	(509)	(3,565)	74,225	
Wholesale	39,624	12,937	(11,392)	1,545	(509)	40,660	
Property	18,908	183	(138)	45	73	19,026	
Other (5)	3,083	15	(79)	(64)	236	3,255	
Domestically sourced	139,914	23,747	(22,730)	1,017	(3,765)	137,166	
Internationally sourced	48,597	4,989	(3,758)	1,231	(2,949)	46,879	
Total Wealth Management	188,511	28,736	(26,488)	2,248	(6,714)	184,045	

- (1) Custom Solutions includes the FirstWrap product.
- (2) Includes cash management trusts.
- (3) Retail Funds that align to Plan for Life market share releases.
- (4) Includes regular premium plans. These retail products are not reported in market share data.
- (5) Includes life company assets sourced from retail investors but not attributable to a funds management product.
- (6) Includes foreign exchange gains and losses from translation of internationally sourced business.

		Half Year Ended						
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs			
	A\$M	A\$M	A\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %			
Net interest income	530	516	497	3	7			
Other banking income (2)	127	106	108	20	18			
Total banking income	657	622	605	6	9			
Funds management income	25	23	21	9	19			
Insurance income	113	111	116	2	(3)			
Total operating income	795	756	742	5	7			
Operating expenses	(365)	(371)	(353)	(2)	3			
Loan impairment expense	(22)	(26)	(11)	(15)	large			
Net profit before tax	408	359	378	14	8			
Corporate tax expense	(101)	(91)	(89)	11	13			
Underlying profit after tax	307	268	289	15	6			
Investment experience after tax	2	(11)	(5)	large	large			
Cash net profit after tax	309	257	284	20	9			

		Half Year Ended					
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs		
	NZ\$M	NZ\$M	NZ\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %		
Net interest income	675	660	639	2	6		
Other banking income	161	143	144	13	12		
Total banking income	836	803	783	4	7		
Funds management income	32	30	27	7	19		
Insurance income	144	143	149	1	(3)		
Total operating income	1,012	976	959	4	6		
Operating expenses	(465)	(474)	(454)	(2)	2		
Loan impairment expense	(28)	(33)	(14)	(15)	large		
Net profit before tax	519	469	491	11	6		
Corporate tax expense	(128)	(119)	(117)	8	9		
Underlying profit after tax	391	350	374	12	5		
Investment experience after tax	2	(14)	(6)	large	large		
Cash net profit after tax	393	336	368	17	7		
Represented by :							
ASB	348	300	324	16	7		
Sovereign	44	25	49	76	(10)		
Other (3)	1	11	(5)	(91)	large		
Cash net profit after tax	393	336	368	17	7		

	Half Year Ended						
				Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs		
Key Financial Metrics	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %		
Funds management income to average FUA (%)	0. 61	0. 60	0. 57	1 bpt	4 bpts		
Insurance income to average inforce premiums (%)	45. 0	47. 1	50. 6	(210)bpts	large		
Operating expenses to total operating income (%)	45. 9	49. 1	47. 6	(320)bpts	(170)bpts		

- (1) Comparative information has been reclassified to conform to presentation in the current period. Refer to Appendix 16 for details.
- (2) Other banking income disclosed in AUD includes realised gains or losses associated with the hedge of the New Zealand operations.
- (3) Other includes ASB and Sovereign funding entities and elimination entries between Sovereign and ASB.

New Zealand⁽¹⁾ cash net profit after tax⁽²⁾ for the half year ended 31 December 2012 increased 7% on the prior comparative period to NZ\$393 million. The result was driven by a solid performance from ASB Bank with improved margins from fixed lending repricing, volume growth and increases in other banking income offset by higher operating and loan impairment expenses. Sovereign's profit in the prior comparative period reflected unusually strong claims experience and record low lapse rates which has not continued in the current period.

December 2012 versus June 2012

New Zealand cash net profit after tax increased 17% on the prior half. The result was driven by a strong performance from ASB Bank reflecting growth in lending margins and other banking income, lower operating expenses and lower loan impairment expense from improved asset quality. Sovereign's profit increased significantly compared to the prior half due to the non-recurrence of unfavourable actuarial policy valuations.

- (1) The New Zealand result incorporates ASB Bank and Sovereign Insurance businesses. The CBA Branch results relating to the Institutional Banking and Markets business in New Zealand are not included.
- (2) Includes allocated capital charges and other CBA costs.

	Half Year Ended						
ASB Bank	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs		
	NZ\$M	NZ\$M	NZ\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %		
Net interest income	666	649	632	3	5		
Other banking income	180	162	161	11	12		
Total banking income	846	811	793	4	7		
Funds management income	29	26	24	12	21		
Total operating income	875	837	817	5	7		
Operating expenses	(364)	(386)	(353)	(6)	3		
Loan impairment expense	(28)	(33)	(14)	(15)	large		
Net profit before tax	483	418	450	16	7		
Corporate tax expense	(135)	(118)	(126)	14	7		
Underlying profit after tax	348	300	324	16	7		
Cash net profit after tax	348	300	324	16	7		

		As at					
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs		
Balance Sheet	NZ\$M	NZ\$M	NZ\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %		
Home loans	38,679	37,410	37,382	3	3		
Assets at fair value through Income statement	1,897	2,200	2,560	(14)	(26)		
Other interest earning assets	17,010	15,808	15,332	8	11		
Total interest earning assets	57,586	55,418	55,274	4	4		
Non-lending interest earning assets	5,258	4,841	7,336	9	(28)		
Other assets	2,465	3,133	2,841	(21)	(13)		
Total assets	65,309	63,392	65,451	3	-		
Customer deposits	38,126	37,179	37,086	3	3		
Debt issues	7,627	6,309	6,658	21	15		
Other interest bearing liabilities (2)	10,303	11,139	12,893	(8)	(20)		
Total interest bearing liabilities	56,056	54,627	56,637	3	(1)		
Non-interest bearing liabilities	4,544	4,579	4,793	(1)	(5)		
Total liabilities	60,600	59,206	61,430	2	(1)		

	Half Year Ended						
				Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs		
Key Financial Metrics	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %		
Performance indicators							
Return on assets (%)	1.1	0. 9	1. 0	20 bpts	10 bpts		
Impairment expense annualised as a % of average GLAA's (%)	0. 10	0. 12	0. 05	(2)bpts	5 bpts		
Funds management income to average FUA (%)	0. 61	0. 58	0. 56	3 bpts	5 bpts		
Operating expenses to total operating income (%)	41. 6	46. 1	43. 2	(450)bpts	(160)bpts		
Other asset/liability information							
Average interest earning assets (NZ\$M)	61,604	62,306	61,577	(1)	-		
Average interest bearing liabilities (NZ\$M)	55,440	56,009	54,590	(1)	2		

New Zealand - Funds Under Administration		Half Year Ended					
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs		
	NZ\$M	NZ\$M	NZ\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %		
Opening balance	10,084	9,523	9,344	6	8		
Inflows	1,261	1,160	1,096	9	15		
Outflows	(1,631)	(813)	(685)	large	large		
Net Flows	(370)	347	411	large	large		
Investment income & other	623	214	(232)	large	large		
Closing balance	10,337	10,084	9,523	3	9		

⁽¹⁾ Comparative information has been reclassified to conform to presentation in the current period. Refer to Appendix 16 for details.

⁽²⁾ Includes NZ\$4.4 billion due to Group companies (30 June 2012: NZ\$6.6 billion; 31 December 2011: NZ\$6.3 billion)

ASB Bank cash net profit after tax for the half year ended 31 December 2012 increased 7% on the prior comparative period to NZ\$348 million. The result was driven by 7% growth in operating income partially offset by an increase in operating and loan impairment expenses.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income was NZ\$666 million, an increase of 5% on the prior comparative period with strong customer lending growth of NZ\$1.6 billion and improving margins.

Balance Sheet growth included:

- Home loan balances increased 3% in a competitive market, with the majority of growth in the fixed rate portfolio due to focussed product offerings and improved customer retention;
- Business loans were up 11% on the prior comparative period with growth reinvigorated by ongoing investment in people development and enhanced customer experience; and
- Customer deposit balances increased 3% on the prior comparative period with growth in term deposits, transactions and savings reflecting customer demand for low risk investments.

Net interest margin increased by 10 basis points reflecting:

- Fixed rate repricing and effective margin management in the business lending portfolio, along with personal lending margin improvement; partly offset by
- Unfavourable mix impact on customer deposit margins as customers continue to move towards higher yielding products combined with the continued increase in average wholesale funding costs; and
- Competitive pressure on new business margins across the fixed home lending portfolio.

Other Banking and Funds Management Income

Other banking income for the half year ended 31 December 2012 increased 12% on the prior comparative period to NZ\$180 million. This improvement was driven by strong bancassurance income after a focus on cross sell and increased business and institutional fee income. Fund management income increased 21% as a result of balance growth in the KiwiSaver scheme.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for the half year ended 31 December 2012 increased 3% on the prior comparative period to NZ\$364 million. The increase was primarily driven by technology, marketing and inflation related property and staff costs. This was partly offset by productivity gains across the business and lower non-lending losses. The expense to income ratio for the Bank was 41.6%, an improvement of 160 basis points on the prior comparative period.

Loan Impairment Expense

Loan impairment expense for the current half increased 100% on the prior comparative period to NZ\$28 million. Coming off cyclical lows, there was increased retail provisioning as a result of lending growth partly offset by strengthening credit quality across the portfolio. The business lending portfolio expense increased as the portfolio returned to more stable levels after improvements in the prior comparative period. Arrears across the retail portfolio continue to trend downwards and are currently at the lowest level seen in recent years.

December 2012 versus June 2012

ASB Bank cash net profit after tax has increased by 16% on the prior half reflecting lending growth and lower operating and loan impairment expenses.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income has increased NZ\$17 million on the prior half, driven principally by higher lending margins, partly offset by customers continuing to shift to higher yielding deposit products. Customer lending volume growth was strong with above system growth in all key lending portfolios.

Balance Sheet growth included:

- Home loan balances increased 3% driven by growth in fixed loans due to targeted product offerings;
- Business loans were up 8% on the prior half continuing the momentum in the commercial and rural lending portfolios with increased focus on customer experience;
- Customer deposit balances increased 3% on the prior half with the major driver being savings products amidst a shift in deposit portfolio mix with term deposits remaining flat.

Net interest margin increased five basis points reflecting:

- Growth in business lending margins, offset by a slight reduction in home lending margins as a result of new and existing customer preference for lower margin fixed rate loans, reversing the trend to variable loans seen in prior periods; partly offset by
- Pressure on customer deposit margins which were impacted by a mix shift in the portfolio as customers continue to move towards higher yielding products; and
- Continued increase in average wholesale funding costs, which remain above pre GFC levels.

Other Banking and Funds Management Income

Other banking income increased 11% on the prior half. The increase was driven by higher card fees and improving cross sell contributing to higher bancassurance income. Fund management income increased 12%, continuing to benefit from the balance growth in the KiwiSaver scheme.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses decreased NZ\$22 million or 6% on the prior half reflecting productivity gains from simplifying business processes, lower project and staff costs. Discretionary expenditure has also been tightly controlled with the expense to income ratio 41.6%, an improvement of 450 basis points on the prior half.

Loan Impairment Expense

Loan impairment expense decreased NZ\$5 million or 15% on the prior half. The decrease was primarily driven by improvements in home loan asset quality with a reduction in delinquencies during the current half. Improvement in the business lending portfolio also contributed to the decrease. Retail portfolio arrears rates continued to reduce and remained at low levels.

		Half Year Ended					
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs		
Sovereign	NZ\$M	NZ\$M	NZ\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %		
Insurance income	150	151	154	(1)	(3)		
Operating expenses	(119)	(116)	(113)	3	5		
Net profit before tax	31	35	41	(11)	(24)		
Corporate tax benefit	7	-	9	large	(22)		
Underlying profit after tax	38	35	50	9	(24)		
Investment experience after tax	6	(10)	(1)	large	large		
Cash net profit after tax	44	25	49	76	(10)		
Sources of profit represented by:							
The Margin on Services profit from ordinary							
activities after income tax is represented by:							
Planned profit margins	41	42	40	(2)	3		
Experience variations	(3)	(7)	10	(57)	large		
Operating margins	38	35	50	9	(24)		
Investment experience after tax	6	(10)	(1)	large	large		
Cash net profit after tax	44	25	49	76	(10		

	Half Year Ended				
				Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs
Key Financial Metrics	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %
Performance indicators					
Insurance income to average inforce premiums (%)	47. 1	49. 5	51. 6	(240)bpts	(450)bpts
Average inforce premiums (NZ\$M)	632	614	594	3	6

	Half Year Ended				
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs
Annual Inforce Premiums	NZ\$M	NZ\$M	NZ\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %
Opening balance	623	604	584	3	7
Sales/New business	52	48	50	8	4
Lapses	(35)	(29)	(29)	21	21
Other movements	-	=	(1)	large	large
Closing balance	640	623	604	3	6

⁽¹⁾ Comparative information has been reclassified to conform to presentation in the current period. Refer to Appendix 16 for details.

Sovereign cash net profit after tax for the half year ended 31 December 2012 decreased 10% on the prior comparative period to NZ\$44 million. The reduction was driven by adverse persistency and claims experience in the current period and an unusually strong claims result in the prior comparative period.

Insurance Income

Surplus claims reserves established in relation to the Christchurch earthquake were released during the prior comparative period, resulting in a \$6 million half on half impact. Although persistency remains excellent by industry standards, the record low lapse rates in the comparative period have not been sustained, and this coupled with the impact of claims volatility has resulted in a 3% decline in Insurance income to NZ\$150 million.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses increased 5% on the prior comparative period to NZ\$119 million. Growth was primarily driven by increased renewal commission expense due to a 6% growth in annual inforce premiums.

December 2012 versus June 2012

Sovereign cash net profit after tax has increased 76% on the prior half. The prior half was impacted by unfavourable tax and actuarial policy valuation adjustments which have not recurred.

Insurance Income

Insurance income of NZ\$150 million decreased 1% on the prior half with a continuation of solid inforce premium growth offset by a deterioration in persistency experience and the impact of claims volatility. Lapse rates have not been maintained at the record low levels established last year, but still remain excellent by industry standards.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses of NZ\$119 million increased 3% on the prior half. This growth was primarily driven by increased renewal commission expense due to growth in annual inforce premiums.

Bankwest

	Half Year Ended					
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs	
	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %	
Net interest income	761	707	755	8	1	
Other banking income	110	100	101	10	9	
Total banking income	871	807	856	8	2	
Operating expenses	(416)	(420)	(428)	(1)	(3)	
Loan impairment expense	(86)	(23)	(38)	large	large	
Net profit before tax	369	364	390	1	(5)	
Corporate tax expense	(111)	(110)	(117)	1	(5)	
Cash net profit after tax	258	254	273	2	(5)	

		As at				
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs	
Balance Sheet	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %	
Home loans	51,567	50,953	48,615	1	6	
Non-lending interest earning assets	22	32	11	(31)	large	
Other interest earning assets	21,510	22,253	22,441	(3)	(4)	
Total interest earning assets	73,099	73,238	71,067	-	3	
Other assets	635	725	334	(12)	90	
Total assets	73,734	73,963	71,401	-	3	
Transaction deposits	7,177	6,758	6,205	6	16	
Savings deposits	9,901	9,631	10,111	3	(2)	
Investment deposits	24,019	28,692	28,892	(16)	(17)	
Certificates of deposit and other	236	265	283	(11)	(17)	
Total interest bearing deposits	41,333	45,346	45,491	(9)	(9)	
Other interest bearing liabilities	98	155	83	(37)	18	
Non-interest bearing liabilities	1,215	1,332	1,125	(9)	8	
Total liabilities	42,646	46,833	46,699	(9)	(9)	

	Half Year Ended				
				Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs
Key Financial Metrics	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %
Performance indicators					
Return on assets (%)	0. 7	0. 7	0.8	-	(10)bpts
Impairment expense annualised as a % of average GLAA's (%)	0. 23	0.06	0. 11	17 bpts	12 bpts
Operating expenses to total banking income (%)	47. 8	52. 0	50. 0	(420)bpts	(220)bpts
Other asset/liability information					
Average interest earning assets (\$M)	73,408	71,924	69,511	2	6
Average interest earning liabilities (\$M)	43,813	45,476	43,982	(4)	-

⁽¹⁾ Comparative information has been reclassified to conform to presentation in the current period. Refer to Appendix 16 for details.

Financial Performance and Business Review

December 2012 versus December 2011

Bankwest cash net profit after tax for the half year ended 31 December 2012 was \$258 million, a decrease of 5% from the prior comparative period. Total banking income increased 2% and operating expenses decreased 3%, offset by a \$48 million increase in loan impairment expense.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income of \$761 million increased 1% due to higher home loan margins and volumes partly offset by lower deposit margins due to falling cash rates.

Balance sheet growth included:

- Home loan balances increased 6% driven by competitive products and targeted marketing campaigns;
- Business loan balances decreased 5% in a low credit growth environment due to the continued run off of preacquisition higher risk loans;
- Transaction account balances increased 16% due to targeted marketing campaigns;
- Savings deposits decreased 2% in a competitive market; and
- Investment deposit balances decreased 17% due to the reduction of low margin money market investment deposits used for funding under Single ADI.

Net interest margin decreased reflecting:

- Lower savings and transaction account margins due to price competition and the impact of the falling cash rate environment; partly offset by
- Higher home loan margins due to repricing in response to higher funding costs.

Other Banking Income

Other banking income of \$110 million increased 9%, driven by increased home loan fees, improved counterparty fair value credit adjustment and higher ATM fees due to an expanded ATM network, partly offset by lower business lending fees.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses of \$416 million were down 3% reflecting a strong focus on productivity and expense management. The decrease was mainly attributable to lower IT expenses and marketing spend in light of the lower credit growth environment.

Expense to income ratio of 47.8% has improved, down 220 basis points compared to the prior comparative period.

Loan Impairment Expense

Loan impairment expense of \$86 million increased \$48 million. The prior comparative period benefited from a high level of write-backs. Loan impairment expense, at 23 basis points of gross loans and advances, has returned to more normal levels for this part of the economic cycle.

December 2012 versus June 2012

Cash net profit after tax for the half year increased 2% compared to the prior half. Total banking income increased 8% and operating expenses decreased 1%, partly offset by higher loan impairment expense.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income increased 8% due to higher home loan volumes and margins, higher retail deposit volumes and improved money market investment deposit margins.

Balance sheet growth included:

- Home loan balances increased 1% on the prior half, reflecting slowing credit growth;
- Business loan balances decreased 4% impacted by a reduction in pre-acquisition higher risk exposures;
- Transaction account balances increased 6% due to increasing customer numbers and cross-sell initiatives;
- Savings deposits increased 3% reflecting more opportunities for targeted profitable growth;
- Investment deposit balances decreased 16% due to the reduction of low margin money market investment deposits used for funding under Single ADI.

Net interest margin increased reflecting:

- Home loan margins increased reflecting the full period impact of prior half and current period repricing;
- Investment deposit margins increased due to the run off of low margin money market investment deposits; partly offset by
- Lower transaction account margins due to the impact of the falling cash rate environment.

Other Banking Income

Other banking income of \$110 million increased 10% compared to the prior half due to a lower counterparty fair value credit adjustment, higher ATM fees and higher transaction fees.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses of \$416 million decreased 1% due to continued productivity and efficiency initiatives. The decrease was attributable to lower IT costs and lower marketing spend. Expense to income ratio of 47.8%, decreased 420 basis points on the prior half.

Loan Impairment Expense

Loan impairment of \$86 million increased \$63 million. The prior half benefited from a high level of write-backs. The loan impairment expense has returned to more normal levels for this part of the economic cycle.

Home loan and personal loan arrears improved compared to the prior half due to an improved collections strategy and consumer de-leveraging. Credit card arrears increased modestly compared to the prior half.

	Half Year Ended				
	31 Dec 12	31 Dec 12 30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾ 31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾ Dec 12			
	\$M	\$М	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %
IFS Asia	47	42	38	12	24
Corporate Centre	16	40	(13)	(60)	large
Eliminations/ Unallocated	(28)	(28)	23	-	large
Cash net profit after tax	35	54	48	(35)	(27)

		Half Year Ended					
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs		
IFS Asia (2)	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %		
Net interest income	49	52	49	(6)	-		
Other banking income	83	76	70	9	19		
Total banking income	132	128	119	3	11		
Insurance income	37	33	34	12	9		
Total operating income	169	161	153	5	10		
Operating expenses	(111)	(107)	(105)	4	6		
Loan impairment expense	(6)	(5)	(6)	20	-		
Net profit before tax	52	49	42	6	24		
Corporate tax expense	(5)	(4)	(4)	25	25		
Non-controlling interests	(2)	(2)	(2)	-	-		
Underlying profit after tax	45	43	36	5	25		
Investment experience after tax	2	(1)	2	large	-		
Cash net profit after tax	47	42	38	12	24		

- (1) Comparative information has been reclassified to conform to presentation in the current period. Refer to Appendix 16 for details.
- (2) International Financial Services Asia (IFS Asia) incorporates the Asian retail and SME banking operations (Indonesia, China, Vietnam and India), investments in Chinese and Vietnamese banks, the joint venture Chinese life insurance business and the life insurance operations in Indonesia. It does not include the Business and Private Banking, Institutional Banking and Markets and Colonial First State Global Asset Management businesses in Asia.

International Financial Services Asia (IFS Asia) cash net profit after tax for the half year ended 31 December 2012 was \$47 million, which represented an increase of 24% on the prior comparative period. The result was driven by strong contributions from the proprietary businesses in Indonesia and from the Bank of Hangzhou in China.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income of \$49 million was in line with the prior comparative period. Growth in lending balances from Indonesia was offset by the strengthened Australian dollar. The consumer, business and SME lending balances in Indonesia have grown by 59%, 42% and 54% respectively. Partially offsetting these gains, multifinance lending balances have contracted 43% reflecting the impact of recent regulatory changes in the multifinance industry.

The Group continues to invest in expanding its footprint in Asia with PT Bank Commonwealth adding six branches bringing the total number of branches in Indonesia to 91, a further five sales offices for PT Commonwealth Life bringing the total number of proprietary sales offices to 30, and two more County Banks bringing the total number of proprietary banks in China to five. Approval for a further five County banks has been received from the Chinese regulator. While still a number of years away from achieving critical mass, County banks' lending balances continue to grow strongly.

The proprietary banking businesses in India and Vietnam continue to grow in line with expectations.

Total proprietary customer numbers in Asia have grown 26% since December 2011 to 331,000. Total IFS Asia customers, including multifinance and group insurance participants are over 1.3 million.

Other Banking Income

Other banking income increased 19% to \$83 million. The result was mainly due to a strong contribution from the Bank of Hangzhou, reflecting solid lending balance growth and improved margins in the business.

Insurance Income

Insurance income increased 9% to \$37 million, reflecting strong growth in new business volumes at PT Commonwealth Life in Indonesia. There was solid growth in average inforce premium on the prior comparative period due to higher new business and increased persistency.

BoCommLife in China also grew steadily, with average inforce premium up due to growth in new business income and a change in product mix from single premium to regular premium.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses increased 6% to \$111 million. Expense growth reflects higher volume related expenses in line with increased sales growth in the Indonesian Insurance business and continued expansion in Indonesia and China.

December 2012 versus June 2012

IFS Asia cash net profit after tax for the half year ended 31 December 2012 increased 12% on the prior half, driven by stronger performance from Bank of Hangzhou in China.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income decreased 6%, driven primarily by the strengthened Australian dollar. The consumer, business and SME lending balances in Indonesia have grown by 23%, 27% and 16% over the last 6 months respectively, partially offset by 35% contraction of multifinance lending.

The proprietary businesses in China, India and Vietnam continue to grow consistently.

Proprietary customer numbers also continue to grow steadily, with a 13% increase since June 2012.

Other Banking Income

Other banking income increased 9%, driven by a strong contribution from the Bank of Hangzhou, reflecting sound growth in lending balances in the business.

Insurance Income

Insurance income increased 12% reflecting growth in new business volumes and higher renewals at PT Commonwealth Life in Indonesia.

BoCommLife also grew steadily, with average inforce premium up due to higher new business sales.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses increased 4%, reflecting higher volume related expenses in line with sales in the Indonesian Insurance business

	Half Year Ended					
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽²⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽²⁾	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs	
Corporate Centre (1)	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %	
Net interest income	168	116	100	45	68	
Other banking income	69	123	20	(44)	large	
Total operating income	237	239	120	(1)	98	
Operating expenses	(227)	(196)	(152)	16	49	
Net profit before tax	10	43	(32)	(77)	large	
Corporate tax expense	6	(3)	19	large	(68)	
Cash net profit after tax	16	40	(13)	(60)	large	

⁽¹⁾ Corporate Centre includes the results of unallocated Group support functions such as Investor Relations, Group Strategy, Secretariat and Treasury.

Treasury is primarily focussed on the management of the Group's interest rate risk, funding and liquidity requirements, and management of the Group's capital.

The Treasury function includes:

- Portfolio Management: manages the interest rate risk of the Group's non-traded balance sheet using transfer pricing to consolidate risk into Treasury and hedging the residual mismatch between assets and liabilities using swaps, futures and options and the Group's prudent liquidity requirements;
- Group Funding & Liquidity: manages the Group's long term and short term wholesale funding requirements; and
- Capital and Regulatory Strategy: manages the Group's capital requirements.
- (2) Comparative information has been reclassified to conform with presentation in the current period. Refer to Appendix 16 for details.

December 2012 versus December 2011

Corporate Centre cash net profit after tax for the half year ended 31 December 2012 increased \$29 million on the prior comparative period to \$16 million.

Total operating income increased 98%, to \$237 million driven by:

- Improved Treasury earnings as prior comparative period results were impacted by the market volatility on the mark to market portfolios; and
- Increased earnings on the liquids portfolio.

December 2012 versus June 2012

Corporate Centre cash net profit after tax for the half year ended 31 December 2012 decreased \$24 million on the prior half to \$16 million.

Total operating income of \$237 million reflected continued stability in Treasury earnings.

		Half Year Ended					
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12 ⁽²⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽²⁾	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs		
Eliminations/Unallocated (1)	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %		
Net interest income	26	(36)	52	large	(50)		
Other banking income	(52)	9	2	large	large		
Total banking income	(26)	(27)	54	(4)	large		
Funds management income	10	14	11	(29)	(9)		
Insurance income	(13)	(12)	(13)	8	-		
Total operating income	(29)	(25)	52	16	large		
Loan impairment expense	(9)	5	18	large	large		
Net profit before tax	(38)	(20)	70	90	large		
Corporate tax expense	24	14	(24)	71	large		
Non-controlling interests	(6)	(5)	(7)	20	(14)		
Underlying profit after tax	(20)	(11)	39	82	large		
Investment experience after tax	(8)	(17)	(16)	(53)	(50)		
Cash net profit after tax	(28)	(28)	23	-	large		

⁽¹⁾ Group wide Eliminations/Unallocated includes intra-group elimination entries arising on consolidation, centrally raised provisions and other unallocated revenue and expenses.

Eliminations/Unallocated cash net loss after tax for the half year ended 31 December 2012 decreased \$51 million on the prior comparative period to \$28 million. This was primarily driven by timing of recognition of unallocated revenue items and centrally held loan impairment provisions recognised in the prior comparative period.

December 2012 versus June 2012

Eliminations/Unallocated cash net loss after tax for the half year ended 31 December 2012 was \$28 million, flat on the prior half.

⁽²⁾ Comparative information has been reclassified to conform to presentation in the current period. Refer to Appendix 16 for details.

Investment Experience

		Half Year Ended					
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs		
Investment Experience	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %		
Wealth Management	86	115	79	(25)	9		
New Zealand	3	(5)	(6)	large	large		
Other	(5)	(17)	(17)	(71)	(71)		
Investment experience before tax	84	93	56	(10)	50		
Corporate tax expense	(27)	(40)	(20)	(33)	35		
Investment experience after tax	57	53	36	8	58		

		As at 31 December 2012					
	Australia	New Zealand	Asia	Total			
Shareholder Investment Asset Mix (%) (1)	%	%	%	%			
Local equities	-	-	-	-			
International equities	-	-	-	-			
Infrastructure	1	-	-	1			
Property	11	-	-	8			
Sub-total	12	-	-	9			
Fixed interest	26	63	96	37			
Cash	62	37	4	54			
Sub-total	88	100	100	91			
Total	100	100	100	100			
Total	100	100	100				

Australia New Zealand		Asia	Total
\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
-	2	-	2
=	1	-	1
11	-	-	11
258	-	-	258
269	3	-	272
610	389	158	1,157
1,458	228	6	1,692
2,068	617	164	2,849
2,337	620	164	3,121
	\$M - 11 258 269 610 1,458 2,068	\$M \$M - 2 - 1 11 - 258 - 269 3 610 389 1,458 228 2,068 617	\$M \$M \$M - 2 - - 1 - 11 - - 258 - - 269 3 - 610 389 158 1,458 228 6 2,068 617 164

⁽¹⁾ Includes Shareholder's funds in the CFS Global Asset Management, Colonial First State and Comminsure businesses.

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Profit Announcement

Directors' Report

The Directors of the Commonwealth Bank of Australia submit their report together with the financial statements of the Commonwealth Bank of Australia and its controlled entities (collectively referred to as "the Group") for the half year ended 31 December 2012.

Directors

The names of the Directors holding office during and since the end of the half year were:

D J Turner Chairman

I M Narev Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

J A Anderson KBE Director

C R Galbraith AM Director (Resigned effective 30 October 2012)

J S Hemstritch Director
L K Inman Director
S C H Kay Director
B J Long Director
A M Mohl Director

F D Ryan AO Director (Resigned effective 30 October 2012)

H H Young Director

Review and Results of Operations

Commonwealth Bank of Australia earned a consolidated statutory net profit after tax of \$3,661 million for the half year ended 31 December 2012, compared with \$3,624 million for the prior comparative period, an increase of 1%. The result was principally supported by strong retail banking and funds management revenue growth and disciplined cost management.

The statutory net profit after tax from Retail Banking Services was \$1,506 million (December 2011: \$1,329 million) reflecting solid volume growth, disciplined expense management and an improvement in loan impairment expense.

The statutory net profit after tax from Business and Private Banking was \$735 million (December 2011: \$767 million), driven by a growth in business banking income offset by lower revenue from equities trading. A continued focus on productivity initiatives resulted in flat cost growth.

The statutory net profit after tax from Institutional Banking and Markets was \$558 million (December 2011: \$571 million), driven by improved Markets income offset by higher loan impairment expenses.

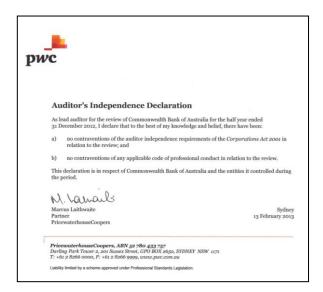
The statutory net profit after tax from Wealth Management was \$303 million (December 2011: \$272 million), driven by a recovery in global investment markets and lower claims.

The statutory net profit after tax from New Zealand was \$303 million (December 2011: \$312 million), driven by a solid performance from ASB Bank with improved lending margins and volume growth offset by higher impairment expenses and Hedging and IFRS volatility.

The statutory net profit after tax from Bankwest was \$225 million (December 2011: \$238 million). This result reflected higher home loan volumes and margins, higher fees and lower expenses, offset by an increase in loan impairment expense.

The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer have provided the Board with a written statement that the accompanying financial statements and notes are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, they represent a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2012 and of its performance for the half year ended on that date and also that they are prepared in accordance with relevant accounting standards and any further requirements in the Corporations Act 2001.

We have obtained the following independence declaration from the Group's auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers.



Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

D J Turner Chairman

13 February 2013

I M Narev

Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

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Financial Statements

Consolidated Income Statement

For the half year ended 31 December 2012

		н		
	31	1 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
Note	s	\$M	\$M	\$M
Interest income	2	17,780	18,786	19,472
Interest expense		(10,928)	(12,294)	(12,842)
Net interest income		6,852	6,492	6,630
Other banking income		2,120	2,010	2,079
Net banking operating income		8,972	8,502	8,709
Funds management income		1,030	978	981
Investment revenue/(expense)		550	361	(135)
Claims and policyholder liability (expense)/revenue		(540)	(356)	111
Net funds management operating income		1,040	983	957
Premiums from insurance contracts		1,157	1,108	1,006
Investment revenue		281	329	218
Claims and policyholder liability expense from insurance contracts		(811)	(826)	(602)
Net insurance operating income		627	611	622
Total net operating income before impairment and operating expenses		10,639	10,096	10,288
Impairment expense	6	(680)	(544)	(545)
Operating expenses	3	(4,792)	(4,649)	(4,682)
Net profit before income tax		5,167	4,903	5,061
Corporate tax expense	4	(1,414)	(1,348)	(1,388)
Policyholder tax expense	4	(84)	(82)	(40)
Net profit after income tax		3,669	3,473	3,633
Non-controlling interests		(8)	(7)	(9)
Net profit attributable to Equity holders of the Bank		3,661	3,466	3,624

		Half Year Ended		
	31	Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
		Ce	ents per Share	
Earnings per share:				
Basic		228. 6	218. 1	230. 8
Diluted		221.7	210. 3	222. 1

The above Consolidated Income Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the half year ended 31 December 2012

	н	Half Year Ended		
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	
	\$M	\$M	\$M	
Net profit after income tax for the period	3,669	3,473	3,633	
Other comprehensive income/(expense):				
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
Gains and losses on cash flow hedging instruments:				
Recognised in equity	(447)	20	710	
Transferred to Income Statement	220	565	193	
Gains and losses on available-for-sale investments:				
Recognised in equity	323	61	(410)	
Transferred to Income Statement on disposal	(36)	(28)	(53)	
Foreign currency translation reserve	21	191	11	
Income tax on items transferred directly to/from equity:				
Foreign currency translation reserve	(1)	(4)	(8)	
Available-for-sale investments revaluation reserve	(86)	(13)	135	
Cash flow hedge reserve	68	(175)	(267)	
Total of items that may be reclassified	62	617	311	
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:				
Actuarial gains and losses from defined benefit superannuation plans net of tax	235	197	(420)	
Revaluation of properties	-	28	4	
Income tax on revaluation of properties	-	(5)	-	
Total of items that will not be reclassified	235	220	(416)	
Other comprehensive income/(expense) net of income tax	297	837	(105)	
Total comprehensive income for the period	3,966	4,310	3,528	
Total comprehensive income for the period is attributable to:				
Equity holders of the Bank	3,958	4,303	3,519	
Non-controlling interests	8	7	9	
Total comprehensive income for the period	3,966	4,310	3,528	

The above Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Financial Statements continued

Consolidated Balance Sheet

As at 31 December 2012

			As at	
		31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
Assets	Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M
Cash and liquid assets		18,837	19,666	19,220
Receivables due from other financial institutions		9,650	10,886	8,428
Assets at fair value through Income Statement:				
Trading		17,736	13,816	16,512
Insurance		14,136	14,525	14,410
Other		1,211	980	1,227
Derivative assets		36,838	38,937	37,191
Available-for-sale investments		58,792	60,827	59,971
Loans, bills discounted and other receivables	5	534,645	525,682	513,108
Bank acceptances of customers		8,155	9,717	10,732
Property, plant and equipment		2,598	2,503	2,448
Investment in associates		2,029	1,898	1,863
Intangible assets		10,366	10,281	10,026
Deferred tax assets		840	980	1,471
Other assets		5,488	7,517	5,345
		721,321	718,215	701,952
Assets held for sale		18	14	34
Total assets		721,339	718,229	701,986
Liabilities				
Deposits and other public borrowings	7	448,410	437,655	431,827
Payables due to other financial institutions		23,479	22,126	17,424
Liabilities at fair value through Income Statement		7,195	6,555	9,986
Derivative liabilities		37,203	39,221	38,212
Bank acceptances		8,155	9,717	10,732
Current tax liabilities		1,287	1,537	1,428
Deferred tax liabilities		395	338	394
Other provisions		1,223	1,224	1,255
Insurance policy liabilities		13,032	12,994	12,881
Debt issues		119,284	124,712	119,307
Managed funds units on issue		710	995	1,028
Bills payable and other liabilities		7,840	9,561	8,204
2 no payable dita etter itabilities		668,213	666,635	652,678
Loan capital		9,827	10,022	10,433
Total liabilities		678,040	676,657	663,111
Net assets		43,299	41,572	38,875
		.,	,	
Shareholders' Equity				
Share capital:				
Ordinary share capital	9	26,126	25,175	24,651
Other equity instruments	9	939	939	939
Reserves	9	1,262	1,571	829
Retained profits	9	14,440	13,356	11,928
Shareholders' equity attributable to Equity holders of the Bank		42,767	41,041	38,347
Non-controlling interests	9	532	531	528
Total Shareholders' equity		43,299	41,572	38,875

 $\label{thm:conjunction} The above Consolidated \ Balance \ Sheet \ should \ be \ read \ in \ conjunction \ with \ the \ accompanying \ notes.$

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the half year ended 31 December 2012

				s	hareholders'		
					equity		
		•			attributable		
	Ordinary share	Other equity		Retained	to Equity holders	Non- controlling	Total Shareholders'
	capital	instruments	Reserves	profits	of the Bank	interests	equity
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
As at 30 June 2011	23,602	939	392	11,826	36,759	528	37,287
Net profit after income tax	-	-	-	3,624	3,624	9	3,633
Net other comprehensive income	-	-	315	(420)	(105)	-	(105)
Total comprehensive income for the			245	0.004	2.540	0	2.500
period	-	-	315	3,204	3,519	9	3,528
Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:							
Dividends paid on ordinary shares	_	-	_	(2,930)	(2,930)	_	(2,930)
Dividends paid on other equity				, , ,			, , ,
instruments	-	-	-	(15)	(15)	-	(15)
Dividend reinvestment plan (net of							
issue costs)	832	-	-	-	832	-	832
Other equity movements:							
Share based payments	2	-	(40)	-	(38)	-	(38)
Issue of shares (net of issue costs)	237	-	-	-	237	-	237
Purchase of treasury shares	(73)	-	-	-	(73)	-	(73)
Sale and vesting of treasury shares	51	-	-	-	51	-	51
Other changes		-	162	(157)	5	(9)	
As at 31 December 2011	24,651	939	829	11,928	38,347	528	38,875
Net profit after income tax	-	-	-	3,466	3,466	7	3,473
Net other comprehensive income	-	-	640	197	837	-	837
Total comprehensive income for the	_	_	640	3,663	4,303	7	4,310
period Transactions with equity holders in			0.10	0,000	4,000	,	4,010
their capacity as equity holders:							
Dividends paid on ordinary shares	-	-	-	(2,166)	(2,166)	-	(2,166)
Dividends paid on other equity				(4.5)	(45)		(4E)
instruments	-	-	-	(15)	(15)	-	(15)
Dividend reinvestment plan (net of	F24				F24		E24
issue costs)	531	-	-	-	531	-	531
Other equity movements:			44				
Share based payments	- (00)	-	41	-	41	-	41
Purchase of treasury shares	(23)	-	-	-	(23)	-	(23)
Sale and vesting of treasury shares	16	-	-	-	16	-	16
Other changes		-	61	(54)	7	(4)	
As at 30 June 2012	25,175	939	1,571	13,356	41,041	531	41,572
Net profit after income tax	-	-	-	3,661	3,661	8	3,669
Net other comprehensive income	-	-	62	235	297	-	297
Total comprehensive income for the period	_	-	62	3,896	3,958	8	3,966
Transactions with equity holders in				-,	.,		.,
their capacity as equity holders:							
Dividends paid on ordinary shares	-	-	-	(3,137)	(3,137)	-	(3,137)
Dividends paid on other equity	_	_	_	(14)	(14)	_	(14)
instruments				(14)	(14)		(14)
Dividend reinvestment plan (net of	929	_	_	_	929	_	929
issue costs)	525				323		323
Other equity movements:			(46)		(46)		(46)
Share based payments	- (FF)		(46)	-	(46)	-	(46)
Purchase of treasury shares	(55)	· -	-	-	(55) 77	-	(55) 77
Sale and vesting of treasury shares	77	-	- (20E)	-		- /-/	
Other changes	00.400	- 020	(325)	339	14	(7)	
As at 31 December 2012	26,126	939	1,262	14,440	42,767	532	43,299

The above Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

	н	Half Year Ended		
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	
	С	ents per Share	•	
Dividends per share attributable to shareholders of the Bank:				
Ordinary shares	164	197	137	
Trust preferred securities	2,877	3,043	2,946	

Financial Statements continued

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (1)

For the half year ended 31 December 2012

	Half Year Ended		
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
Notes	\$М	\$M	\$M
Cash flows from operating activities			
Interest received (2)	17,817	18,981	19,356
Interest paid (2)	(11,239)	(12,535)	(12,921)
Other operating income received (2)	2,601	2,604	2,529
Expenses paid	(4,419)	(3,904)	(4,633)
Income taxes paid	(1,740)	(1,171)	(1,201)
Net cash (outflows)/inflows from assets at fair value through Income Statement			
(excluding life insurance)	(2,332)	(502)	2,830
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from liabilities at fair value through Income Statement:			
Life insurance:			
Investment income	227	711	80
Premiums received (3)	1,060	1,136	1,002
Policy payments (3)	(2,068)	(1,772)	(1,260)
Other liabilities at fair value through Income Statement	706	(3,031)	(572)
Cash flows from operating activities before changes in operating assets	040	547	5.040
and liabilities	613	517	5,210
Changes in operating assets and liabilities arising from cash flow			
movements Movement in available-for-sale investments:			
	(22 606)	(24.207)	(40.404)
Purchases	(23,696)	(34,307)	(42,101)
Proceeds	26,022	34,556	28,309
Net change in deposits with regulatory authorities Net increase in loans, bills discounted and other receivables	16	(3)	(12)
•	(9,417)	(11,740)	(14,014)
Net decrease in receivables due from other financial institutions not at call	171	2,148	1,237
Net (increase)/decrease in securities purchased under agreements to resell	(534)	170	(668)
Life insurance business:	(755)	(4.070)	(04.0)
Purchase of insurance assets at fair value through Income Statement (2)	(755)	(1,273)	(916)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of insurance assets at fair value through Income Statement (2)	1,909	1,808	1,483
Net (increase)/decrease in other assets	(329)	114	(175)
Net increase in deposits and other public borrowings	10,986	3,609	32,141
Net decrease in payables due to other financial institutions not at call	(382)	(8,843)	(1,472)
Net (decrease)/increase in securities sold under agreements to repurchase	(616)	1,548	(365)
Net (decrease)/increase in other liabilities	(366)	475	(320)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities arising from cash flow	(000)		(020)
movements	3,009	(11,738)	3,127
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities 10 (a)	3,622	(11,221)	8,337
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for acquisition of controlled entities 10 (d)	-	-	(125)
Net proceeds from disposal of entities and businesses (net of cash disposals)	-	9	12
Dividends received	28	28	24
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	17	10	15
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(307)	(317)	(267)
Payments for acquisitions of investments in associates/joint ventures	(71)	(20)	(65)
Purchase of intangible assets	(242)	(307)	(278)
Sale/(purchase) of assets held for sale	2	1	(1)
Net cash used in investing activities	(573)	(596)	(685)

⁽¹⁾ It should be noted that the Group does not use this accounting Statement of Cash Flows in the internal management of its liquidity positions.

⁽²⁾ Comparative information has been restated to conform to presentation in the current period.

 $^{(3) \} Represents \ gross \ premiums \ and \ policy \ payments \ before \ splitting \ between \ policyholders \ and \ shareholders.$

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

For the half year ended 31 December 2012

	Ha	Half Year Ended 1 Dec 12 30 Jun 12 \$M \$M - (2,214) (1,649) 43,670 91,454		
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	
Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	
	-	-	2	
	(2,214)	(1,649)	(2,099)	
	43,670	91,454	70,976	
	(48,327)	(85,369)	(73,549)	
	(55)	(23)	(73)	
	24	8	11	
	1,977	-	-	
	(2,132)	(504)	(1,271)	
	(81)	284	(17)	
	(7,138)	4,201	(6,020)	
	(4,089)	(7,616)	1,632	
	(42)	(74)	205	
	2,075	9,765	7,928	
10 (b)	(2,056)	2,075	9,765	
		31 Dec 12 Notes \$M (2,214) 43,670 (48,327) (55) 24 1,977 (2,132) (81) (7,138) (4,089) (42) 2,075	31 Dec 12 30 Jun 12 30 Notes \$M	

⁽¹⁾ It should be noted that the Group does not use this accounting Statement of Cash Flows in the internal management of its liquidity positions.

The above Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

⁽²⁾ Comparative information has been restated to conform to presentation in the current period.

⁽³⁾ For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash, money at short call, at call deposits with other financial institutions and settlement account balances with other banks.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 1 Accounting Policies

General Information

The Financial Statements of the Commonwealth Bank of Australia (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the half year ended 31 December 2012, were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 13 February 2013.

The Bank is incorporated and domiciled in Australia. It is a company limited by shares that are publicly traded on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX). The address of its registered office is Ground Floor, Tower 1, 201 Sussex Street, Sydney NSW 2000, Australia.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of the principal activities of the Group during the half year.

(a) Basis of accounting

This general purpose financial report for the half year ended 31 December 2012 has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and "AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting" which ensures compliance with "IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting".

This half year financial report does not include all notes of the type normally included within an Annual Financial Report and therefore cannot be expected to provide as full an understanding of the financial position and financial performance of the Group as that given by the Annual Financial Report.

As a result, this report should be read in conjunction with the 30 June 2012 Annual Financial Report of the Group and any public announcements made in the period by the Group in accordance with the continuous disclosure requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ASX Listing Rules.

The amounts contained in this Financial Report and the Financial Statements are presented in Australian Dollars and rounded to the nearest million dollars unless otherwise stated, under the option available under ASIC Class Order 98/100 (as amended by ASIC Class Order 04/667).

For the purpose of this half year financial report, the half year has been treated as a discrete reporting period.

The accounting policies and methods of computation adopted in the preparation of the half year financial report are consistent with those adopted and disclosed in the Annual Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2012. Certain comparatives have been restated for consistency in presentation at 31 December 2012. The affected comparatives are footnoted. Aside from changes to the presentation of segment information as disclosed in Note 8, the restatements are not considered to have a material impact.

The following amendments to Australian Accounting Standards have been adopted during the period but do not have a material impact on the Group:

- AASB 2010-8 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets';
 and
- AASB 2011-9 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income'.

Note 2 Income from Ordinary Activities

	Half Year Ended			
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	
	\$M	\$M	\$M	
Banking				
Interest income	17,780	18,786	19,472	
Fees and commissions	1,502	1,524	1,470	
Trading income	443	281	241	
Net gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments recognised in Income Statement	36	28	53	
Net gain on other non-fair valued financial instruments	-	1	1	
Net hedging ineffectiveness	(5)	(24)	63	
Net (loss)/gain on other fair valued financial instruments:				
Fair value through Income Statement	(1)	1	47	
Non-trading derivatives	(10)	23	62	
Dividends	4	4	2	
Net (loss)/gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	(9)	41	(2)	
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	67	37	39	
Other income	93	94	103	
	19,900	20,796	21,551	
Funds management, investment contract and insurance contract revenue				
Funds management and investment contract income including premiums	1,030	978	981	
Insurance contract premiums and related income	1,157	1,108	1,006	
Funds management claims and policyholder liability revenue	-	-	111	
Investment income	831	690	218	
	3,018	2,776	2,316	
Total income	22,918	23,572	23,867	

Note 3 Operating Expenses

Staff expenses		H	Half Year Ended			
Staff expenses 2,108 2,057 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,		31 Dec 12	Dec 12 30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11		
Salaries and wages 2,108 2,057 2, Share-based compensation 94 95 Superannuation - defined contribution plans 20 26 Superannuation - defined benefit plan 110 88 Provisions for employee entiltements 54 45 Payroll tax 112 104 Payroll tax 20 17 Finge benefits tax 20 17 Other staff expenses 46 37 Total staff expenses 2,564 2,469 2,769 Occupancy and equipment expenses 288 296 2,764 2,469 2,764 Oberating lease rentals 288 296 2,764 2,469 2,764 2,469 2,764 2,469 2,764 2,469 2,764 2,469 2,764 2,469 2,764 2,469 2,764 2,469 2,764 2,469 2,764 2,469 2,765 2,664 2,469 2,765 2,661 2,669 2,669 2,661 2,662 3,662 3,66		\$M	\$M	\$M		
Share-based compensation 94 95 Superannuation - defined contribution plans 20 26 Superannuation - defined benefit plan 1110 88 Provisions for employee entitlements 54 45 Payroll tax 112 104 Fringe benefits tax 20 17 Other staff expenses 46 37 Total staff expenses 46 37 Total staff expenses 2,564 2,469 2, Occupancy and equipment expenses 288 296 3 Operating lease rentals 288 296 3 Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 147 138 Repairs and maintenance 44 45 Other 57 56 Total occupancy and equipment expenses 536 535 Information technology services 101 172 Information technology services 211 172 Desktop 50 41 122 Desktop 50 41 40 <td>Staff expenses</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Staff expenses					
Superannuation - defined contribution plans 20 26 Superannuation - defined benefit plan 110 88 Payroll tax 54 45 Payroll tax 112 104 Fringe benefits tax 20 17 Total staff expenses 46 37 Total staff expenses 2,564 2,469 2, Occupancy and equipment expenses 2,564 2,469 2, Operating lease rentals 288 296 2, Superation of property, plant and equipment 147 138 2, Repairs and maintenance 44 45 45 45 Other 57 56 5	Salaries and wages	2,108	2,057	2,079		
Superannuation - defined benefit plan 110 88 Provisions for employee entitlements 54 45 45 45 45 45 45 4	Share-based compensation	94	95	90		
Provisions for employee entitlements	Superannuation - defined contribution plans	20	26	16		
Payroll tax 112 104 Fringe benefits tax 20 17 Other staff expenses 46 37 Total staff expenses 2,564 2,469 2,60 Occupancy and equipment expenses 288 296 2,60 Operating lease rentals 288 296 2,60 Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 147 138 Repairs and maintenance 44 45 Other 57 56 Total occupancy and equipment expenses 536 535 Information technology services 211 172 Application maintenance and development 211 172 Desktop 50 41 Communications 103 109 Amortisation and impairment of software assets 112 90 Trequipment depreciation 40 44 Total information technology services 627 578 Other expenses 57 55 Other expenses 57 55 Other e	Superannuation - defined benefit plan	110	88	80		
Fringe benefits tax 20 17 Other staff expenses 46 37 Total staff expenses 2,564 2,469 2, Occupancy and equipment expenses 288 296 2 Operaciation of property, plant and equipment 147 138 288 296 3 Repairs and maintenance 44 45 45 44 45 44 45 44 45 44 45 44 45 44 45 44 45 44 45 44 45 44 45 44 45 44 45 46 37 56 536 535 536 535 536 535 536 535 536 535 536 535 536 535 536 535 536 535 536 535 536 535 536 535 536 535 536 535 536 535 536 535 536 535 536 535	Provisions for employee entitlements	54	45	56		
Other staff expenses 46 37 Total staff expenses 2,564 2,469 2, Occupancy and equipment expenses 288 296 2 Operating lease rentals 288 296 3 Repairs and maintenance 44 45 45 Other 57 56 535 535 Information technology services 3536 535 535 Information technology services 211 172 Application maintenance and development 211 172 Data processing 111 122 Desktop 50 41 12 Communications 103 109 4 Amortisation and impairment of software assets 112 90 4 T equipment depreciation 40 44 4 Total information technology services 527 578 5 Other expenses 57 55 5 Stationery 46 44 4 Fees and commissions: <td>Payroll tax</td> <td>112</td> <td>104</td> <td>109</td>	Payroll tax	112	104	109		
Total staff expenses 2,564 2,469 2,	Fringe benefits tax	20	17	18		
Occupancy and equipment expenses 288 296 Operating lease rentals 288 296 Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 147 138 Repairs and maintenance 44 45 Other 57 56 Total occupancy and equipment expenses 536 535 Information technology services 211 172 Application maintenance and development 211 172 Desktop 50 41 Communications 103 109 Amortisation and impairment of software assets 112 90 IT equipment depreciation 40 44 Total information technology services 627 578 Other expenses 57 55 Postage 57 55 Stationery 46 44 Tees and commissions: Fees and commissions: Fees and commissions: 263 290 Fees and commissions; 36 229 Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229	Other staff expenses	46	37	30		
Operating lease rentals 288 296 Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 147 138 Repairs and maintenance 44 45 Other 57 56 Total occupancy and equipment expenses 536 535 Information technology services 211 172 Application maintenance and development 211 172 Data processing 111 122 Desktop 50 41 Communications 103 109 Amortisation and impairment of software assets 112 90 IT equipment depreciation 40 44 Total information technology services 627 578 Other expenses 57 55 Postage 57 55 Stationery 46 44 Fees and commissions: 263 290 Fees apayable on trust and other fiduciary activities 263 290 Other 162 122 Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229 <td>Total staff expenses</td> <td>2,564</td> <td>2,469</td> <td>2,478</td>	Total staff expenses	2,564	2,469	2,478		
Operating lease rentals 288 296 Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 147 138 Repairs and maintenance 44 45 Other 57 56 Total occupancy and equipment expenses 536 535 Information technology services 211 172 Application maintenance and development 211 172 Data processing 111 122 Desktop 50 41 Communications 103 109 Amortisation and impairment of software assets 112 90 IT equipment depreciation 40 44 Total information technology services 627 578 Other expenses 57 55 Postage 57 55 Stationery 46 44 Fees and commissions: 263 290 Fees apayable on trust and other fiduciary activities 263 290 Other 162 122 Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229 <td>Occupancy and equipment expenses</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Occupancy and equipment expenses					
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 147 138 Repairs and maintenance 44 45 Other 57 56 Total occupancy and equipment expenses 536 535 Information technology services 36 535 Application maintenance and development 211 172 Data processing 1111 122 Desktop 50 41 Communications 103 109 Amortisation and impairment of software assets 112 90 IT equipment depreciation 40 44 Total information technology services 627 578 Other expenses 57 55 Postage 57 55 Stationery 46 44 Fees and commissions: Fees payable on trust and other fiduciary activities 263 290 Other 162 122 Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229 Amortisation of intangible assets (excluding software and merger related amortisation) 11 10 <td></td> <td>288</td> <td>296</td> <td>289</td>		288	296	289		
Repairs and maintenance 44 45 Other 57 56 Total occupancy and equipment expenses 536 535 Information technology services 36 535 Application maintenance and development 211 172 Data processing 111 122 Desktop 50 41 Communications 103 109 Amortisation and impairment of software assets 112 90 IT equipment depreciation 40 44 Total information technology services 627 578 Other expenses 57 55 Stationery 46 44 Fees payable on trust and other fiduciary activities 263 290 Other 162 122 Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229 Amortisation of intangible assets (excluding software and merger related amortisation) 11 10 Non-lending losses 35 43 3 Other 229 219 1 <t< td=""><td>. •</td><td>147</td><td>138</td><td>132</td></t<>	. •	147	138	132		
Other 57 56 Total occupancy and equipment expenses 536 535 Information technology services Application maintenance and development 211 172 Data processing 111 122 Desktop 50 41 Communications 103 109 Amortisation and impairment of software assets 112 90 IT equipment depreciation 40 44 Total information technology services 627 578 Other expenses 57 55 Stationery 46 44 Fees payable on trust and other fiduciary activities 263 290 Other 162 122 Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229 Amortisation of intangible assets (excluding software and merger related amortisation) 11 10 Non-lending losses 35 43 0 Other 229 219 1 Total other expenses 1,028 1,012 1, Investment and restructuring		44	45	45		
Information technology services 211 172 Application maintenance and development 211 172 Data processing 1111 122 Desktop 50 41 Communications 103 109 Amortisation and impairment of software assets 112 90 IT equipment depreciation 40 44 Total information technology services 627 578 Other expenses Postage 57 55 Stationery 46 44 Fees and commissions: Fees payable on trust and other fiduciary activities 263 290 Other 162 122 Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229 2 Amortisation of intangible assets (excluding software and merger related amortisation) 11 10 Non-lending losses 35 43 Other 229 219 Total other expenses 1,028 1,012 1, Investment and restructuring - 17	·	57		55		
Application maintenance and development 211 172 Data processing 111 122 Desktop 50 41 Communications 103 109 Amortisation and impairment of software assets 112 90 IT equipment depreciation 40 44 Total information technology services 627 578 Other expenses Postage 57 55 Stationery 46 44 Fees and commissions: 263 290 Fees payable on trust and other fiduciary activities 263 290 Other 162 122 Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229 Amortisation of intangible assets (excluding software and merger related amortisation) 11 10 Non-lending losses 35 43 Other 229 219 Total other expenses 1,028 1,012 1, Investment and restructuring - 17 Merger related amortisation (2) 37 38 Total investment and restructuring 37 55 </td <td>Total occupancy and equipment expenses</td> <td>536</td> <td>535</td> <td>521</td>	Total occupancy and equipment expenses	536	535	521		
Application maintenance and development 211 172 Data processing 111 122 Desktop 50 41 Communications 103 109 Amortisation and impairment of software assets 112 90 IT equipment depreciation 40 44 Total information technology services 627 578 Other expenses Postage 57 55 Stationery 46 44 Fees and commissions: 263 290 Fees payable on trust and other fiduciary activities 263 290 Other 162 122 Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229 Amortisation of intangible assets (excluding software and merger related amortisation) 11 10 Non-lending losses 35 43 Other 229 219 Total other expenses 1,028 1,012 1, Investment and restructuring - 17 Merger related amortisation (2) 37 38 Total investment and restructuring 37 55 </td <td>Information technology services</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Information technology services					
Data processing 111 122 Desktop 50 41 Communications 103 109 Amortisation and impairment of software assets 112 90 IT equipment depreciation 40 44 Total information technology services 627 578 Other expenses Postage 57 55 Stationery 46 44 Fees and commissions: Fees payable on trust and other fiduciary activities 263 290 Other 162 122 Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229 Amortisation of intangible assets (excluding software and merger related amortisation) 11 10 Non-lending losses 35 43 Other 229 219 Total other expenses 1,028 1,012 1, Investment and restructuring - 17 Merger related amortisation (2) 37 38 Total investment and restructuring 37 55	-	211	172	150		
Desktop 50 41 Communications 103 109 Amortisation and impairment of software assets 112 90 IT equipment depreciation 40 44 Total information technology services 627 578 Other expenses Postage 57 55 Stationery 46 44 Fees and commissions: 263 290 Fees payable on trust and other fiduciary activities 263 290 Other 162 122 Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229 Amortisation of intangible assets (excluding software and merger related amortisation) 11 10 Non-lending losses 35 43 Other 229 219 Total other expenses 1,028 1,012 1, Investment and restructuring - 17 Merger related amortisation (2) 37 38 Total investment and restructuring 37 55				119		
Communications 103 109 Amortisation and impairment of software assets 112 90 IT equipment depreciation 40 44 Total information technology services 627 578 Other expenses 827 578 Postage 57 55 Stationery 46 44 Fees and commissions: 8263 290 20 Other 162 122 Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229 Amortisation of intangible assets (excluding software and merger related amortisation) 11 10 Non-lending losses 35 43 Other 229 219 Total other expenses 1,028 1,012 1, Investment and restructuring - 17 Merger related amortisation (2) 37 38 Total investment and restructuring 37 38				64		
Amortisation and impairment of software assets 112 90 IT equipment depreciation 40 44 Total information technology services 627 578 Other expenses 57 55 Postage 57 55 Stationery 46 44 Fees and commissions: 263 290 Tees payable on trust and other fiduciary activities 263 290 Other 162 122 Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229 Amortisation of intangible assets (excluding software and merger related amortisation) 11 10 Non-lending losses 35 43 Other 229 219 Total other expenses 1,028 1,012 1, Investment and restructuring - 17 4 Merger related amortisation (2) 37 38 - Total investment and restructuring 37 55	•			117		
Total information technology services				93		
Total information technology services 627 578 Other expenses Postage 57 55 Stationery 46 44 Fees and commissions: 263 290 Fees payable on trust and other fiduciary activities 263 290 Other 162 122 Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229 Amortisation of intangible assets (excluding software and merger related amortisation) 11 10 Non-lending losses 35 43 Other 229 219 Total other expenses 1,028 1,012 1, Investment and restructuring - 17 4 Merger related amortisation (2) 37 38 Total investment and restructuring 37 55	·			38		
Other expenses 57 55 Postage 57 55 Stationery 46 44 Fees and commissions: 263 290 Fees payable on trust and other fiduciary activities 263 290 Other 162 122 Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229 Amortisation of intangible assets (excluding software and merger related amortisation) 11 10 Non-lending losses 35 43 Other 229 219 Total other expenses 1,028 1,012 1, Investment and restructuring - 17 17 Merger related amortisation (2) 37 38 Total investment and restructuring 37 55				581		
Postage 57 55 Stationery 46 44 Fees and commissions: Fees payable on trust and other fiduciary activities 263 290 Other 162 122 Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229 Amortisation of intangible assets (excluding software and merger related amortisation) 11 10 Non-lending losses 35 43 Other 229 219 Total other expenses 1,028 1,012 1, Investment and restructuring - 17 4 Merger related amortisation (2) 37 38 Total investment and restructuring 37 55						
Stationery 46 44 Fees and commissions: 263 290 Fees payable on trust and other fiduciary activities 263 290 Other 162 122 Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229 Amortisation of intangible assets (excluding software and merger related amortisation) 11 10 Non-lending losses 35 43 Other 229 219 Total other expenses 1,028 1,012 1, Investment and restructuring - 17 4 Merger related amortisation (2) 37 38 38 Total investment and restructuring 37 55		E-7				
Fees and commissions: 263 290 29				57 41		
Fees payable on trust and other fiduciary activities 263 290 290 290 200	•	40	44	41		
Other 162 122 Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229 Amortisation of intangible assets (excluding software and merger related amortisation) 11 10 Non-lending losses 35 43 Other 229 219 Total other expenses 1,028 1,012 1, Investment and restructuring - 17 4 Merger related amortisation (2) 37 38 38 Total investment and restructuring 37 55		262	200	273		
Advertising, marketing and loyalty 225 229 Amortisation of intangible assets (excluding software and merger related amortisation) 11 10 Non-lending losses 35 43 Other 229 219 Total other expenses 1,028 1,012 1, Investment and restructuring Integration expenses (1) - 17 4 Merger related amortisation (2) 37 38 38 Total investment and restructuring 37 55				188		
Amortisation of intangible assets (excluding software and merger related amortisation) Non-lending losses Other 229 219 Total other expenses 1,028 1,012 1, Investment and restructuring Integration expenses (1) Merger related amortisation (2) 37 38 Total investment and restructuring 37 55				230		
Non-lending losses 35 43 Other 229 219 Total other expenses 1,028 1,012 1, Investment and restructuring - 17 Integration expenses (1) - 17 Merger related amortisation (2) 37 38 Total investment and restructuring 37 55				230		
Other 229 219 Total other expenses 1,028 1,012 1, Investment and restructuring - 17 - 17 Merger related amortisation (2) 37 38 - - - 55 - - - 55 - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>38</td>				38		
Total other expenses 1,028 1,012 1, Investment and restructuring - 17 Integration expenses (1) - 17 Merger related amortisation (2) 37 38 Total investment and restructuring 37 55	-					
Investment and restructuring Integration expenses (1) - 17 Merger related amortisation (2) 37 38 Total investment and restructuring 37 55				1,022		
Integration expenses (1) Merger related amortisation (2) Total investment and restructuring - 17 38 38 55	·	1,028	1,012	1,022		
Merger related amortisation (2) 37 38 Total investment and restructuring 37 55			. =			
Total investment and restructuring 37 55				43		
-				37		
Total operating expenses 4 792 4 649 4	Total investment and restructuring	37	55	80		
Total operating expenses	Total operating expenses	4,792	4,649	4,682		

⁽¹⁾ Integration expenses relate to the Count Financial Limited acquisition.

⁽²⁾ Merger related amortisation relates to Bankwest core deposits and customer lists.

Note 4 Income Tax Expense

	н	Half Year Ended		
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	
	\$М	\$M	\$M	
Profit before Income Tax	5,167	4,903	5,061	
Prima facie income tax at 30%	1,550	1,471	1,518	
Effect of amounts which are non-deductible/(assessable) in calculating taxable				
income:				
Taxation offsets and other dividend adjustments	-	-	(3)	
Tax adjustment referable to policyholder income	59	58	28	
Tax losses not previously brought to account	(11)	(14)	(14)	
Offshore tax rate differential	(39)	(51)	(32)	
Offshore banking unit	(16)	(19)	(17)	
Income tax under/(over) provided in prior year	-	37	(15)	
Other	(45)	(52)	(37)	
Total income tax expense	1,498	1,430	1,428	
Corporate tax expense	1,414	1,348	1,388	
Policyholder tax expense	84	82	40	
Total income tax expense	1,498	1,430	1,428	
Effective tax rate (1)	%	%	%	
Total – corporate	27. 8	28. 0	27. 6	
Retail Banking Services – corporate	29. 9	29. 9	29. 3	
Business and Private Banking – corporate	30. 1	30. 2	30. 0	
Institutional Banking and Markets – corporate	23. 0	19. 7	22. 8	
Wealth Management – corporate	28. 1	27. 4	27. 9	
New Zealand – corporate	24. 6	27. 4	24. 3	
Bankwest – corporate	29. 2	36. 2	30. 1	

⁽¹⁾ Comparative information has been reclassified to conform to presentation in the current period.

Note 5 Loans, Bills Discounted and Other Receivables

		As at			
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11		
	\$M	\$M	\$M		
Australia					
Overdrafts	21,555	21,497	21,671		
Home loans (1)	327,626	322,918	316,462		
Credit card outstandings	11,331	11,149	11,088		
Lease financing	4,087	4,250	4,428		
Bills discounted	19,703	16,777	15,322		
Term loans ⁽¹⁾	98,013	99,902	97,793		
Other lending	648	625	1,004		
Other securities	7	7	5		
Total Australia	482,970	477,125	467,773		
New Zealand					
Overdrafts	694	697	448		
Home loans	30,674	29,326	28,434		
Credit card outstandings	646	603	590		
Lease financing	340	358	378		
Term loans	15,030	14,016	13,493		
Total New Zealand	47,384	45,000	43,343		
Other Overseas					
Overdrafts	212	194	159		
Home loans	758	737	726		
Lease financing	114	120	103		
Term loans	9,623	9,204	8,063		
Total Other Overseas	10,707	10,255	9,051		
Gross loans, bills discounted and other receivables	541,061	532,380	520,167		
Less:					
Provisions for Loan Impairment:					
Collective provision	(2,840)	(2,819)	(2,963)		
Individually assessed provisions	(1,845)	(2,008)	(2,097)		
Unearned income:					
Term loans	(969)	(1,032)	(1,136)		
Lease financing	(762)	(839)	(863)		
	(6,416)	(6,698)	(7,059)		
Net loans, bills discounted and other receivables	534,645	525,682	513,108		

⁽¹⁾ Comparative information has been reclassified to conform to presentation in the current period.

Note 6 Provisions for Impairment and Asset Quality

Loans which were neither past due nor impaired					
Investment Grade	207,424	4,072	597	95,819	307,912
Pass Grade	129,009	13,487	7,752	47,022	197,270
Weak	12,879	2,628	90	4,253	19,850
Total loans which were neither past due nor impaired	349,312	20,187	8,439	147,094	525,032
Loans which were past due but not impaired					
Past due 1 - 29 days	3,988	736	95	959	5,778
Past due 30 - 59 days	1,976	188	36	121	2,321
Past due 60 - 89 days	917	105	18	85	1,125
Past due 90 - 179 days	958	167	3	354	1,482
Past due 180 days or more	951	20	=	353	1,324
Total loans past due but not impaired	8,790	1,216	152	1,872	12,030

	As at 30 June 2012					
				Other		
	Home	Other	Asset	Commercial		
	Loans	Personal	Financing	Industrial	Total	
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	
Loans which were neither past due nor impaired (1)						
Investment Grade	205,400	4,074	526	95,955	305,955	
Pass Grade	121,643	13,417	7,829	46,088	188,977	
Weak	12,972	3,605	77	3,818	20,472	
Total loans which were neither past due nor impaired	340,015	21,096	8,432	145,861	515,404	
Loans which were past due but not impaired (1)						
Past due 1 - 29 days	3,871	775	110	1,007	5,763	
Past due 30 - 59 days	2,038	194	52	154	2,438	
Past due 60 - 89 days	1,108	112	15	101	1,336	
Past due 90 - 179 days	1,274	195	4	137	1,610	
Past due 180 days or more	1,255	22	9	169	1,455	
Total loans past due but not impaired	9,546	1,298	190	1,568	12,602	

	As at 31 December 2011				
				Other	
	Home	Other	Asset	Commercial	
	Loans	Personal	Financing	Industrial	Total
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Loans which were neither past due nor impaired (1)					
Investment Grade	201,075	3,926	582	86,971	292,554
Pass Grade	119,116	13,018	7,872	51,041	191,047
Weak	12,086	2,554	112	4,240	18,992
Total loans which were neither past due nor impaired	332,277	19,498	8,566	142,252	502,593
Loans which were past due but not impaired (1) (2)					
Past due 1 - 29 days	4,398	731	133	1,061	6,323
Past due 30 - 59 days	1,956	185	46	208	2,395
Past due 60 - 89 days	990	109	26	129	1,254
Past due 90 - 179 days	1,197	193	-	123	1,513
Past due 180 days or more	1,299	26	14	239	1,578
Total loans past due but not impaired	9,840	1,244	219	1,760	13,063

⁽¹⁾ Comparative information has been restated to conform to presentation in the current period.

⁽²⁾ Included in these balances are credit card facilities and other unsecured portfolio managed facilities up to 180 days past due. If they are not written off at this time they are classified as impaired.

Note 6 Provisions for Impairment and Asset Quality (continued)

	н	Half Year Ended			
	31 Dec 12	31 Dec 12 30 Jun 12 \$M \$M	31 Dec 12 30 Jun 12	31 Dec 12 30 Jun 12 31 I	31 Dec 11
	\$M		\$M		
Movement in impaired asset balances (1)					
Gross impaired assets - opening balance	4,499	4,676	5,297		
New and increased	1,842	2,010	1,919		
Balances written off	(951)	(940)	(747)		
Returned to performing or repaid	(1,077)	(1,247)	(1,793)		
Gross impaired assets - closing balance (2)	4,313	4,499	4,676		

		As at			As at	
	31 Dec 12	ec 12 30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11			
	\$M	\$M	\$M			
Impaired assets by size of asset (1)						
Less than \$1 million	1,129	1,106	1,044			
\$1 million to \$10 million	1,280	1,469	1,630			
Greater than \$10 million	1,904	1,924	2,002			
Gross impaired assets	4,313	4,499	4,676			
Less individually assessed provisions for impairment	(1,845)	(2,008)	(2,097)			
Net impaired assets	2,468	2,491	2,579			

	As at		
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
	%	%	%
Asset quality ratios			
Gross impaired assets as a % of gross loans and acceptances	0. 79	0. 83	0. 88
Loans 90 or more days past due but not impaired as a % of gross loans and acceptances (1)	0. 51	0. 57	0. 58

 $^{(1) \} Comparative \ information \ has \ been \ restated \ to \ conform \ to \ presentation \ in \ the \ current \ period.$

⁽²⁾ Includes \$3,999 million of loans and advances and \$314 million of other financial assets (30 June 2012: \$4,374 million of loans and advances and \$125 million of other financial assets; 31 December 2011: \$4,511 million of loans and advances and \$165 million of other financial assets).

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

Note 6 Provisions for Impairment and Asset Quality (continued)

Provisioning Policy

Provisions for impairment are maintained at an amount adequate to cover incurred credit related losses.

For loans and receivables the Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, and then individually or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If there is objective evidence of impairment, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the expected future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. Short term balances are not discounted.

	н	Half Year Ended			
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11		
	\$M	\$M	\$M		
Provision for Impairment Losses					
Collective provision					
Opening balance	2,837	2,984	3,043		
Net collective provision funding	299	111	201		
Impairment losses written off	(349)	(384)	(356)		
Impairment losses recovered	74	127	101		
Other	(3)	(1)	(5)		
Closing balance	2,858	2,837	2,984		
Individually assessed provisions					
Opening balance	2,008	2,097	2,125		
Net new and increased individual provisioning	521	662	540		
Net write-back of provisions no longer required	(140)	(229)	(196)		
Discount unwind to interest income	(51)	(59)	(63)		
Other	168	187	178		
Impairment losses written off	(661)	(650)	(487)		
Closing balance	1,845	2,008	2,097		
Total provisions for impairment losses	4,703	4,845	5,081		
Less: Off balance sheet provisions	(18)	(18)	(21)		
Total provisions for loan impairment	4,685	4,827	5,060		

	As at			
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	
	%	%	%	
Provision Ratios				
Collective provision as a % of credit risk weighted assets	1. 11	1. 09	1. 15	
Total provision as a % of credit risk weighted assets	1. 82	1. 85	1. 97	
Individually assessed provisions for impairment as a % of gross impaired assets (1)	42. 78	44. 63	44. 85	
Total provisions for impairment losses as a % of gross loans and acceptances	0. 86	0. 89	0. 96	

	Half Year Ended			
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	
	\$M	\$M	\$M	
Loan Impairment Expense				
Net collective provisioning funding	299	111	201	
Net new and increased individual provisioning	521	662	540	
Write-back of individually assessed provisions	(140)	(229)	(196)	
Total impairment expense	680	544	545	

⁽¹⁾ Comparative information has been restated to conform to presentation in the current period.

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

Note 7 Deposits and Other Public Borrowings

		As at			
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11		
	\$M	\$M	\$M		
Australia					
Certificates of deposit	48,123	45,839	50,093		
Term deposits	154,698	152,543	148,135		
On demand and short term deposits	184,199	176,866	175,519		
Deposits not bearing interest	8,415	7,530	7,757		
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	4,592	5,245	3,600		
Total Australia	400,027	388,023	385,104		
New Zealand					
Certificates of deposit	352	254	255		
Term deposits	17,670	17,710	16,531		
On demand and short term deposits	11,576	10,732	10,735		
Deposits not bearing interest	1,921	1,661	1,648		
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	19	-	80		
Total New Zealand	31,538	30,357	29,249		
Other Overseas					
Certificates of deposit	9,408	7,002	7,419		
Term deposits	6,361	11,266	9,027		
On demand and short term deposits	957	916	938		
Deposits not bearing interest	102	91	74		
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	17	-	16		
Total Other Overseas	16,845	19,275	17,474		
Total deposits and other public borrowings	448,410	437,655	431,827		

Note 8 Financial Reporting by Segments

The principal activities of the Group are carried out in the below business segments. These segments are based on where the customer relationship is being managed. A detailed description of each segment is disclosed in Note 31 of the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2012.

				lalf Year Ended 31 D	ecember 2012			
	Retail	Business and	Institutional					
	Banking	Private	Banking and	Wealth	New			
	Services	Banking	Markets	Management	Zealand	Bankwest	Other	Total
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$М	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Net interest income	3,162	1,472	694	-	530	761	243	6,862
Other banking income	756	408	634	-	127	110	100	2,135
Total banking income	3,918	1,880	1,328	-	657	871	343	8,997
Funds management income	-	-	-	998	25	-	10	1,033
Insurance income	-	-	-	368	113	-	24	505
Total operating income	3,918	1,880	1,328	1,366	795	871	377	10,535
Investment experience (1)	-	-	-	86	3	-	(5)	84
Total income	3,918	1,880	1,328	1,452	798	871	372	10,619
Operating expenses (2)	(1,524)	(678)	(442)	(992)	(365)	(416)	(338)	(4,755)
Loan impairment expense	(246)	(150)	(97)	-	(22)	(86)	(15)	(616)
Net profit before tax	2,148	1,052	789	460	411	369	19	5,248
Corporate tax expense	(642)	(317)	(186)	(126)	(102)	(111)	24	(1,460)
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8)	(8)
Net profit after tax ("cash basis") (3)	1,506	735	603	334	309	258	35	3,780
Hedging and IFRS volatility	-	-	-	-	(6)	-	(4)	(10)
Other non-cash items	-	-	(45)	(31)	-	(33)	-	(109)
Net profit after tax ("statutory basis")	1,506	735	558	303	303	225	31	3,661
Additional information								
Intangible asset amortisation	(15)	(22)	(9)	(7)	(13)	(38)	(56)	(160)
Depreciation	(3)	(7)	(31)	(2)	(14)	(19)	(111)	(187)
Balance Sheet								
Total assets	255,408	100,531	138,900	20,594	53,640	73,734	78,532	721,339
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment, intangibles and other non-								
current assets	-	11	124	2	21	33	127	318
Investment in associates	72	28	7	892	-	-	1,030	2,029
Total liabilities	175,459	70,805	132,798	22,594	48,888	42,646	184,850	678,040

⁽¹⁾ Investment experience is presented on a pre-tax basis.

⁽²⁾ Operating expenses include volume related expenses.

⁽³⁾ Non-cash items are excluded from net profit after tax ("cash basis"), which is Management's preferred measure of the Group's financial performance, as they tend to be nonrecurring in nature or not considered representative of the Group's ongoing financial performance. The items for the period are Bell Group litigation, treasury shares valuation adjustment, unrealised gains and losses related to hedging and IFRS volatility, and Bankwest non-cash items.

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

Note 8 Financial Reporting by Segments (continued)

Half Year Ended 31 December 2011 (1)

			На	If Year Ended 31 De	cember 2011 (1)			
	Retail	Business and	Institutional					
	Banking	Private	Banking and	Wealth	New			
	Services	Banking	Markets	Management	Zealand	Bankwest	Other	Total
	\$M	\$M	\$М	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$М	\$М
Net interest income	2,994	1,454	743	-	497	755	201	6,644
Other banking income	729	450	447	-	108	101	92	1,927
Total banking income	3,723	1,904	1,190	-	605	856	293	8,571
Funds management income	-	-	=	945	21	-	11	977
Insurance income	-	-	-	364	116	-	21	501
Total operating income	3,723	1,904	1,190	1,309	742	856	325	10,049
Investment experience (2)	-	-	-	79	(6)	-	(17)	56
Total income	3,723	1,904	1,190	1,388	736	856	308	10,105
Operating expenses (3)	(1,496)	(679)	(417)	(972)	(353)	(428)	(257)	(4,602
Loan impairment expense	(346)	(129)	(33)	-	(11)	(38)	12	(545
Net profit before tax	1,881	1,096	740	416	372	390	63	4,958
Corporate tax expense	(552)	(329)	(169)	(112)	(88)	(117)	(6)	(1,373
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9)	(9
Net profit after tax ("cash basis") (4)	1,329	767	571	304	284	273	48	3,576
Hedging and IFRS volatility	-	-	-	-	28	-	87	115
Other non-cash items	-	-	=	(32)	-	(35)	-	(67
Net profit after tax ("statutory basis")	1,329	767	571	272	312	238	135	3,624
Additional information								
Intangible asset amortisation	(20)	(24)	(4)	(3)	(12)	(42)	(33)	(138
Depreciation	(4)	(8)	(24)	(2)	(13)	(15)	(104)	(170
Balance Sheet								
Total assets	245,849	98,106	139,638	20,434	51,502	71,401	75,056	701,986
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment, intangibles and other non-								
current assets	5	-	124	287	23	31	109	579
Investment in associates	69	26	7	829	-	-	932	1,863
Total liabilities	161,847	71,283	134,235	20,235	47,568	46,699	181,244	663,111

⁽¹⁾ Comparatives have been restated to align to improvements made in segment reporting. For details of the changes made refer to Note 8 page 69.

⁽²⁾ Investment experience is presented on a pre-tax basis.

⁽³⁾ Operating expenses include volume related expenses.

⁽⁴⁾ Represents net profit after tax and non-controlling interests before Bankwest non-cash items, the gain/loss on disposal of controlled entities/investments, treasury shares valuation adjustment, Count Financial acquisition costs and unrealised gains and losses related to hedging and IFRS volatility.

Note 8 Financial Reporting by Segments (continued)

		Half Year Ended					
Geographical Information	31 Dec 12	31 Dec 12	31 Dec 11	31 Dec 11			
Financial Performance and Position	\$M	%	\$M	%			
Income (1)							
Australia	20,114	87. 8	21,143	88. 6			
New Zealand	1,898	8. 3	1,896	7. 9			
Other locations (2)	906	3. 9	828	3. 5			
Total Income	22,918	100.0	23,867	100. 0			
Non-Current Assets							
Australia	13,895	92. 7	13,311	92. 9			
New Zealand	923	6. 1	853	5. 9			
Other locations (2)	175	1. 2	173	1. 2			
Total non-current assets (3)	14,993	100.0	14,337	100. 0			

- (1) Comparative information has been restated to conform to presentation in the current period.
- (2) Other locations include: United Kingdom, United States, Japan, Singapore, Malta, Hong Kong, Indonesia, China, Vietnam and India.
- (3) Non-current assets include property, plant and equipment, investments in associates, joint ventures and intangibles.

The geographical segment represents the location in which the transaction was booked.

During the period, the Group made a number of segment reporting improvements effective from 1 July 2012. Results and balances for the comparative period in this note have been restated due to the following:

- Customer Reporting revenue, expenses and associated customer balances were reallocated between segments based on where the customer relationship is being managed, rather than the business from which the product originated. This change primarily affects the presentation of the Retail Banking Services and Business and Private Banking segments.
- Capital Allocation the Group allocated higher capital requirements to business segments following the introduction of the Basel
 III regulatory capital framework. Earnings on equity were reallocated from the Corporate Centre (where residual capital was
 previously held) to each segment, with no change to total Group capital levels.
- Single ADI treasury-related revenues, operating expenses and balance sheet items were transferred from the Bankwest segment to the Corporate Centre following the relinquishment of the Bankwest banking licence.

Note 9 Shareholders' Equity

	На	Half Year Ended			
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11		
	\$M	\$M	\$M		
Ordinary share capital					
Opening balance	25,175	24,651	23,602		
Issue of shares	-	-	237		
Dividend reinvestment plan (net of issue costs) (1)	929	531	832		
Exercise of executive options under employee share ownership schemes	-	-	2		
Sale/(purchase) and vesting of treasury shares (2)	22	(7)	(22)		
Closing balance	26,126	25,175	24,651		
Other equity instruments					
Opening balance	939	939	939		
Closing balance	939	939	939		
Retained profits					
Opening balance	13,356	11,928	11,826		
Actuarial gains/(losses) from defined benefit superannuation plans	235	197	(420)		
Realised gains and dividend income on treasury shares	14	7	6		
Operating profit attributable to Equity holders of the Bank	3,661	3,466	3,624		
Total available for appropriation	17,266	15,598	15,036		
Transfers from/(to) general reserve	325	(61)	(162)		
Transfers from employee compensation reserve	-	-	(1)		
Interim dividend - cash component	-	(1,635)	-		
Interim dividend - dividend reinvestment plan	-	(531)	-		
Final dividend - cash component	(2,207)	-	(2,099)		
Final dividend - dividend reinvestment plan (DRP) (1)	(930)	-	(831)		
Other dividends ⁽³⁾	(14)	(15)	(15)		
Closing balance	14,440	13,356	11,928		

⁽¹⁾ The determined dividend includes an amount attributable to DRP of \$930 million (final 2011/2012) and \$831 million (final 2010/2011) with \$929 million and \$832 million ordinary shares being issued under plan rules, which include the carry forward of DRP balance from previous dividends.

⁽²⁾ Relates to movements in treasury shares held within life insurance statutory funds and the employee share scheme trust.

⁽³⁾ Dividends relating to equity instruments on issue other than ordinary shares.

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

Note 9 Shareholders' Equity (continued)

	На	Half Year Ended			
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11		
	\$M	\$M	\$M		
Reserves					
General reserve					
Opening balance	1,201	1,140	978		
Appropriation (to)/from retained profits	(325)	61	162		
Closing balance	876	1,201	1,140		
Capital reserve					
Opening balance	351	332	328		
Revaluation surplus on sale of property	2	19	4		
Closing balance	353	351	332		
Asset revaluation reserve					
Opening balance	195	191	191		
Revaluation of properties	-	28	4		
Transfers on sale of properties	(2)	(19)	(4)		
Tax on revaluation of properties	-	(5)	-		
Closing balance	193	195	191		
Foreign currency translation reserve					
Opening balance	(893)	(1,080)	(1,083)		
Currency translation adjustments of foreign operations	23	192	7		
Currency translation on net investment hedge	(2)	(1)	4		
Tax on translation adjustments	(1)	(4)	(8)		
Closing balance	(873)	(893)	(1,080)		
Cash flow hedge reserve					
Opening balance	644	234	(402)		
Gains and losses on cash flow hedging instruments:					
Recognised in equity	(447)	20	710		
Transferred to Income Statement:					
Interest income	(408)	(330)	(24)		
Interest expense	628	895	217		
Tax on cash flow hedging instruments	68	(175)	(267)		
Closing balance	485	644	234		
Employee compensation reserve					
Opening balance	136	95	135		
Current period movement	(46)	41	(40)		
Closing balance	90	136	95		
Available-for-sale investments reserve					
Opening balance	(63)	(83)	245		
Net gains and losses on revaluation of available-for-sale investments	323	61	(410)		
Net gains and losses on available-for-sale investments transferred to			,		
Income Statement on disposal	(36)	(28)	(53)		
Tax on available-for-sale investments	(86)	(13)	135		
Closing balance	138	(63)	(83)		
Total reserves	1,262	1,571	829		
Shareholders' equity attributable to equity holders of the Bank	42,767	41,041	38,347		
Shareholders' equity attributable to non-controlling interests	532	531	528		
Total Shareholders' equity	43,299	41,572	38,875		

The balances disclosed above include a share of associates and joint ventures' other comprehensive income of: \$nil for December 2012, \$14 million for June 2012, and (\$7) million for December 2011.

Note 10 Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows

(a) Reconciliation of Net Profit after Income Tax to Net Cash provided by/(used in) Operating Activities

	Half Year Ended			
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	
	\$M	\$M	\$M	
Net profit after income tax	3,669	3,473	3,633	
(Decrease)/increase in interest receivable	37	195	(116)	
Decrease in interest payable	(310)	(241)	(79)	
Net (increase)/decrease in assets at fair value through Income Statement (excluding life insurance)	(2,541)	324	3,067	
Net gain on sale of controlled entities and associates	-	(9)	(12)	
Net gain on sale of investments	-	(1)	-	
Net increase in derivative assets/(liabilities)	(226)	(441)	(222)	
Net loss/(gain) on sale of property, plant and equipment	9	(41)	2	
Equity accounting profit	(92)	(59)	(61)	
Loan impairment expense	680	447	642	
Depreciation and amortisation (including asset write downs)	347	320	308	
Increase/(decrease) in liabilities at fair value through Income Statement (excluding life insurance)	600	(3,749)	(572)	
Decrease in other provisions	(4)	(42)	(27)	
(Decrease)/increase in income taxes payable	(342)	(93)	130	
(Decrease)/increase in deferred tax liabilities	58	(56)	208	
Decrease/(increase) in deferred tax assets	73	434	(85)	
(Increase)/decrease in accrued fees/reimbursements receivable	(5)	22	(4)	
(Decrease)/increase in accrued fees and other items payable	(75)	379	(315)	
Net decrease in life insurance contract policy liabilities	(695)	(473)	(684)	
Increase/(decrease) in cash flow hedge reserve	12	(20)	(38)	
Increase/(decrease) in fair value on hedged items	102	(109)	(209)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities arising from cash flow movements	3,009	(11,738)	3,127	
Other (1)	(684)	257	(356)	
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	3,622	(11,221)	8,337	

⁽¹⁾ Comparative information has been restated to conform to presentation in the current period.

(b) Reconciliation of Cash

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash, money at short call, at call deposits with other financial institutions and settlement account balances with other banks.

		As at			
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11		
	\$M	\$M	\$M		
Notes, coins and cash at banks	8,502	8,508	10,985		
Other short term liquid assets	2,686	4,095	1,052		
Receivables due from other financial institutions – at call (1)	9,555	10,597	5,841		
Payables due to other financial institutions – at call (1)	(22,799)	(21,125)	(8,113)		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	(2,056)	2,075	9,765		

⁽¹⁾ At call includes certain receivables and payables due from and to financial institutions within three months.

(c) Non-Cash Financing and Investing Activities

	H	alf Year Ended	
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
	\$M	\$M	\$M
d Reinvestment Plan	929	531	832

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

Note 10 Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

(d) Acquisition of Controlled Entities

Current period

There were no acquisitions in the current period.

Prior comparative period

The Group obtained control of Count Financial Limited (Count) on 29 November 2011. The Group subsequently acquired 100% of the issued share capital on 9 December 2011. Count is an accountant-based financial advice business. This acquisition is supporting the Group in growing its distribution capabilities through the expansion of its adviser network.

Details of this business combination were disclosed in Note 48 of the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2012.

Note 11 Events Subsequent to Balance Date

Other than as outlined below, the Group is not aware of any further matters or circumstances that have occurred since the end of the period that have significantly affected or will significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Group in subsequent financial years.

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

The Dividend Reinvestment Plan for the interim dividend for the half year ended 31 December 2012 is anticipated to be satisfied fully by an on market purchase and transfer of shares.

Note 12 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

Contingent Liabilities

Other than as outlined below, there has been no material change in contingent liabilities since those disclosed in the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012. Refer to Note 35 of the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2012.

Storm Financial

In September 2012, the Group reached settlement with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) in relation to Storm Financial, whereby additional amounts will be offered to affected customers.

The class action proceedings against the Group in relation to Storm Financial remain ongoing. The claims of all the members in the class remain unable to be quantified, as class members can still elect to settle through the revised offers of the resolution scheme. The proceedings for the class action are listed for hearing in March 2013.

The Group believes that appropriate provisions are held with respect to Storm Financial.

Exception Fee Class Action

In May 2011, Maurice Blackburn announced that it intended to sue 12 Australian banks, including the Commonwealth Bank of Australia and Bankwest, with respect to exception fees. On 16 December 2011 proceedings were issued against the Commonwealth Bank of Australia and on 18 April 2012 proceedings were issued against Bankwest. The financial impact cannot be reliably measured at this stage; however, it is not anticipated to have a material impact on the Group. Proceedings are stayed until 7 June 2013.

Contingent Commitments

Aussie Home Loans Pty Limited

The Group entered into an agreement on 18 December 2012 to increase its investment in Aussie Home Loans Pty Limited initially from 33% to 80%, with the subsequent right to move to 100% ownership. John Symond will remain as Executive Chairman and Aussie Home Loans Pty Limited will continue to operate as a stand-alone mortgage broker and financial services provider. The acquisition is dependent on the Group obtaining clearance from the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission and is not material to the Group's results.

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of the Commonwealth Bank of Australia we declare that in the opinion of the Directors:

- (a) The half year consolidated financial statements and notes as set out on pages 52 to 72 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - (i) give a true and fair view of the financial position of the consolidated entity as at 31 December 2012 and of its performance for the half year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) comply with the Accounting Standards and any further requirements in the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- (b) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Commonwealth Bank of Australia will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

D J Turner

Chairman

Dated: 13 February 2013

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In Nover

Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer



Independent auditor's review report to the members of Commonwealth Bank of Australia

Report on the Half-Year Financial Report

We have reviewed the accompanying half-year financial report of Commonwealth Bank of Australia, which comprises the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2012, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the half-year ended on that date, selected explanatory notes and the directors' declaration for the Commonwealth Bank of Australia Group (the consolidated entity). The consolidated entity comprises both Commonwealth Bank of Australia and the entities it controlled during that half-year.

Directors' responsibility for the half-year financial report

The directors of Commonwealth Bank of Australia are responsible for the preparation of the half-year financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the half-year financial report that is free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the half-year financial report based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410 Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity, in order to state whether, on the basis of the procedures described, we have become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the financial report is not in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including: giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 December 2012 and its performance for the half-year ended on that date; and complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Regulations 2001. As the auditor of Commonwealth Bank of Australia, ASRE 2410 requires that we comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the audit of the annual financial report.

A review of a half-year financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our review, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

Conclusion

Based on our review, which is not an audit, we have not become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the half-year financial report of Commonwealth Bank of Australia is not in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 December 2012 and of its performance for the half-year ended on that date; and
- (b) complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Marcus Laithwaite

Partner

Sydney 13 February 2013

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Profit Announcement 75

1. Net Interest Income

		Ha	alf Year Ended	I	
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs
	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %
Interest Income					
Loans and bills discounted	16,338	17,090	17,619	(4)	(7)
Other financial institutions	34	48	54	(29)	(37)
Cash and liquid assets	99	158	172	(37)	(42)
Assets at fair value through Income Statement	220	221	400	-	(45)
Available-for-sale investments	1,089	1,269	1,227	(14)	(11)
Total interest income ("statutory basis")	17,780	18,786	19,472	(5)	(9)
Interest Expense					
Deposits	7,887	8,588	9,045	(8)	(13)
Other financial institutions	111	86	99	29	12
Liabilities at fair value through Income Statement	98	124	196	(21)	(50)
Debt issues	2,611	3,254	3,238	(20)	(19)
Loan capital	221	242	264	(9)	(16)
Total interest expense ("statutory basis")	10,928	12,294	12,842	(11)	(15)
Net interest income ("statutory basis")	6,852	6,492	6,630	6	3

Net Interest Income - Reconciliation of Cash to Statutory basis

The table below sets out the accounting impacts arising from the application of "AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" to the Group's derivative hedging activities and other non-cash items.

	Half Year Ended						
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs		
	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %		
Total interest income ("cash basis")	17,794	18,811	19,490	(5)	(9)		
Fair value adjustment interest income	(14)	(13)	(13)	8	8		
Hedging and IFRS volatility	-	(12)	(5)	(100)	(100)		
Total interest income ("statutory basis")	17,780	18,786	19,472	(5)	(9)		
Total interest expense ("cash basis")	10,932	12,298	12,846	(11)	(15)		
Hedging and IFRS volatility	(4)	(4)	(4)	=	-		
Total interest expense ("statutory basis")	10,928	12,294	12,842	(11)	(15)		

2. Net Interest Margin

	н	Half Year Ended		
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	
	%	%	%	
Australia				
Interest spread (1)	1. 84	1. 81	1.89	
Benefit of interest-free liabilities, provisions and equity (2)	0. 27	0. 29	0. 28	
Net interest margin (3)	2. 11	2. 10	2. 17	
New Zealand				
Interest spread (1)	1. 78	1. 78	1. 73	
Benefit of interest-free liabilities, provisions and equity (2)	0. 37	0. 36	0. 32	
Net interest margin (3)	2. 15	2. 14	2. 05	
Other Overseas				
Interest spread (1)	1. 28	1. 38	1. 21	
Benefit of interest-free liabilities, provisions and equity (2)	0. 04	0.06	0.06	
Net interest margin (3)	1. 32	1. 44	1. 27	
Total Group				
Interest spread (1)	1. 86	1. 79	1. 86	
Benefit of interest-free liabilities, provisions and equity (2)	0. 24	0. 27	0. 26	
Net interest margin (3)	2. 10	2. 06	2. 12	

⁽¹⁾ Difference between the average interest rate earned and the average interest rate paid on funds.

⁽²⁾ A portion of the Group's interest earning assets is funded by net interest free liabilities and Shareholders' equity. The benefit to the Group of these interest free funds is the amount it would cost to replace them at the average cost of funds.

⁽³⁾ Net interest income divided by average interest earning assets for the half year annualised.

3. Average Balances and Related Interest

The following table lists the major categories of interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities of the Group together with the respective interest earned or paid and the average interest rate for each of the half years ending 31 December 2012, 30 June 2012 and 31 December 2011. Averages used were predominantly daily averages. Interest is accounted for based on product yield, while all trading gains and losses are disclosed as trading income within Other banking income. Where assets or liabilities are hedged, the interest amounts are shown net of the

hedge, however individual items not separately hedged may be affected by movements in exchange rates.

The New Zealand and Other Overseas components comprise overseas branches of the Bank and overseas domiciled controlled entities.

Non-accrual loans are included in interest earning assets under Loans, bills discounted and other receivables.

The official cash rate in Australia decreased by 50 basis points during the half year, while official cash rate in New Zealand was unchanged.

	Half Year Ended 31 Dec 12		Half Yea	ar Ended 30	Jun 12	Half Year Ended 31 Dec 11			
	Avg Bal	Interest	Yield	Avg Bal	Interest	Yield	Avg Bal	Interest	Yield
Interest Earning Assets	\$M	\$M	%	\$M	\$M	%	\$M	\$M	%
Home loans (1)	355,674	10,404	5. 80	349,266	11,021	6. 35	341,861	11,631	6. 77
Personal (2)	21,036	1,363	12. 85	21,034	1,373	13. 13	20,709	1,348	12. 95
Business and corporate (1)	168,726	4,585	5. 39	163,963	4,713	5. 78	160,874	4,658	5. 76
Loans, bills discounted and									
other receivables	545,436	16,352	5. 95	534,263	17,107	6. 44	523,444	17,637	6. 70
Cash and liquid assets	28,600	133	0. 92	28,638	206	1. 45	27,437	226	1. 64
Assets at fair value through									
Income Statement (excluding life									
insurance)	15,351	220	2. 84	14,135	221	3. 14	20,864	400	3. 81
Available-for-sale investments	60,007	1,089	3. 60	59,511	1,277	4. 32	51,153	1,227	4. 77
Non-lending interest earning									
assets	103,958	1,442	2. 75	102,284	1,704	3. 35	99,454	1,853	3. 71
Total interest earning assets (3)	649,394	17,794	5. 44	636,547	18,811	5. 94	622,898	19,490	6. 22
Non-interest earning assets	71,972			77,514			76,612		
Total average assets	721,366			714,061			699,510	·	

	Half Yea	r Ended 31 D	Dec 12	Half Yea	ar Ended 30	Jun 12	Half Yea	ar Ended 31	Dec 11
Interest Bearing	Avg Bal	Interest	Yield	Avg Bal	Interest	Yield	Avg Bal	Interest	Yield
Liabilities	\$M	\$M	%	\$M	\$M	%	\$M	\$M	%
Transaction deposits (1)	82,040	615	1. 49	77,099	709	1. 85	77,483	798	2. 05
Saving deposits (1)	95,793	1,468	3. 04	91,067	1,586	3. 50	88,762	1,758	3. 94
Investment deposits	198,143	4,319	4. 32	192,332	4,765	4. 98	183,909	4,850	5. 25
Certificates of deposit and other	63,490	1,485	4. 64	61,571	1,528	4. 99	63,267	1,639	5. 15
Total interest bearing									
deposits	439,466	7,887	3. 56	422,069	8,588	4. 09	413,421	9,045	4. 35
Payables due to other financial institutions	21,844	111	1. 01	19,979	86	0. 87	17,517	99	1. 12
Liabilities at fair value through Income Statement	6,253	98	3. 11	8,434	124	2. 96	10,562	196	3. 69
Debt issues	127,652	2,611	4. 06	134,785	3,254	4. 85	132,377	3,238	4. 87
Loan capital	10,193	225	4. 38	10,606	246	4. 66	11,615	268	4. 59
Total interest bearing									
liabilities	605,408	10,932	3. 58	595,873	12,298	4. 15	585,492	12,846	4. 36
Non-interest bearing liabilities	73,522			77,758			75,938	•	
Total average liabilities	678,930			673,631			661,430		

⁽¹⁾ Comparisons between reporting periods are impacted by reclassification of products between categories.

⁽²⁾ Personal includes personal loans, credit cards, and margin loans.

⁽³⁾ Used for calculating net interest margin.

Appendices

3. Average Balances and Related Interest (continued)

	Half Year Ended 31 Dec 12			Half Year Ended 30 Jun 12			Half Year Ended 31 Dec 11		
	Avg Bal	Interest	Yield	Avg Bal	Interest	Yield	Avg Bal	Interest	Yield
Net Interest Margin	\$М	\$М	%	\$М	\$М	%	\$M	\$M	%
Total interest earning assets	649,394	17,794	5. 44	636,547	18,811	5. 94	622,898	19,490	6. 22
Total interest bearing liabilities	605,408	10,932	3. 58	595,873	12,298	4. 15	585,492	12,846	4. 36
Net interest income and									
interest spread		6,862	1. 86		6,513	1. 79		6,644	1.86
Benefit of free funds			0. 24			0. 27			0. 26
Net interest margin			2. 10			2. 06			2. 12

Geographical Analysis of Key Categories

	Half Year Ended 31 Dec 12		Half Year Ended 30 Jun 12			Half Year Ended 31 Dec 11			
_	Avg Bal	Interest	Yield	Avg Bal	Interest	Yield	Avg Bal	Interest	Yield
	\$M	\$M	%	\$M	\$M	%	\$M	\$M	%
Loans, bills discounted and									
other receivables									
Australia	489,189	14,809	6. 01	479,738	15,589	6. 53	470,445	16,131	6. 82
New Zealand (1)	45,840	1,346	5. 82	44,541	1,341	6. 05	44,156	1,350	6. 08
Other overseas (1)	10,407	197	3. 76	9,984	177	3. 57	8,843	156	3. 51
Total	545,436	16,352	5. 95	534,263	17,107	6. 44	523,444	17,637	6. 70
Non-lending interest earning									
assets									
Australia	71,625	1,302	3. 61	70,635	1,504	4. 28	68,767	1,658	4. 80
New Zealand ⁽¹⁾	6,270	85	2. 69	7,453	89	2. 40	7,403	91	2. 45
Other overseas (1)	26,063	55	0. 42	24,196	111	0. 92	23,284	104	0.89
Total	103,958	1,442	2. 75	102,284	1,704	3. 35	99,454	1,853	3. 71
Total interest bearing									
deposits									
Australia	391,021	7,250	3. 68	374,237	7,847	4. 22	368,525	8,326	4. 49
New Zealand ⁽¹⁾	29,363	572	3. 86	28,832	643	4. 48	27,066	631	4. 64
Other overseas (1)	19,082	65	0. 68	19,000	98	1. 04	17,830	88	0. 98
Total	439,466	7,887	3. 56	422,069	8,588	4. 09	413,421	9,045	4. 35
Other interest bearing									
liabilities									
Australia	132,711	2,769	4. 14	142,432	3,499	4. 94	140,070	3,569	5. 07
New Zealand ⁽¹⁾	11,547	206	3. 54	11,818	159	2. 71	13,484	188	2. 77
Other overseas (1)	21,684	70	0. 64	19,554	52	0. 53	18,517	44	0. 47
Total	165,942	3,045	3. 64	173,804	3,710	4. 29	172,071	3,801	4. 39

⁽¹⁾ The New Zealand and Other Overseas components comprise overseas branches of the Group and overseas domiciled controlled entities. Overseas intragroup borrowings have been adjusted into the interest spread and margin calculations to more appropriately reflect the overseas cost of funds. Non-accrual loans were included in interest earning assets under Loans, bills discounted and other receivables.

4. Interest Rate and Volume Analysis

	Half Year En	ded Dec 12 vs	Jun 12	Half Year Ended Dec 12 vs Dec 11			
	Volume	Rate	Total	Volume	Rate	Total	
Interest Earning Assets (1)	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	
Home loans	195	(812)	(617)	437	(1,664)	(1,227)	
Personal	-	(10)	(10)	21	(6)	15	
Business and corporate	133	(261)	(128)	220	(293)	(73)	
Loans, bills discounted and other							
receivables	346	(1,101)	(755)	700	(1,985)	(1,285)	
Cash and liquid assets	-	(73)	(73)	7	(100)	(93)	
Assets at fair value through Income Statement							
(excluding life insurance)	18	(19)	(1)	(92)	(88)	(180)	
Available-for-sale investments	10	(198)	(188)	187	(325)	(138)	
Non-lending interest earning assets	26	(288)	(262)	73	(484)	(411)	
Total interest earning assets	366	(1,383)	(1,017)	778	(2,474)	(1,696)	

	Half Year En	ded Dec 12 vs	Jun 12	Half Year Ended Dec 12 vs Dec 11			
	Volume	Rate	Total	Volume	Rate	Total	
Interest Bearing Liabilities (1)	\$М	\$M	\$М	\$М	\$M	\$M	
Transaction deposits	41	(135)	(94)	41	(224)	(183)	
Saving deposits	77	(195)	(118)	124	(414)	(290)	
Investment deposits	135	(581)	(446)	343	(874)	(531)	
Certificates of deposit and other	46	(89)	(43)	5	(159)	(154)	
Total interest bearing deposits	333	(1,034)	(701)	519	(1,677)	(1,158)	
Payables due to other financial institutions	9	16	25	23	(11)	12	
Liabilities at fair value through Income Statement	(33)	7	(26)	(74)	(24)	(98)	
Debt issues	(159)	(484)	(643)	(106)	(521)	(627)	
Loan capital	(9)	(12)	(21)	(32)	(11)	(43)	
Total interest bearing liabilities	184	(1,550)	(1,366)	398	(2,312)	(1,914)	

⁽¹⁾ The volume and rate variances for total interest earning assets and total interest bearing liabilities have been calculated separately (rather than being the sum of the individual categories).

	Half Year Ended					
	Dec 12 vs Jun 12	Dec 12 vs Dec 11				
	Increase/(Decrease)	Increase/(Decrease)				
Change in Net Interest Income (1)	\$M	\$M				
Due to changes in average volume of interest earning assets	134	281				
Due to changes in interest margin	125	(63)				
Due to variation in time period	90	-				
Change in net interest income	349	218				

^{(1) &}quot;Volume" reflects the change in net interest income over the period due to balance growth (assuming rates were held constant), and "Rate" reflects the change due to movements in yield (assuming volumes were held constant). "Variation in time periods" only applies to reporting periods of differing lengths (e.g. between half years).

Appendices

4. Interest Rate and Volume Analysis (continued)

	Half Year En	ded Dec 12 vs	Jun 12	Half Year Ended Dec 12 vs Dec 11		
Geographical Analysis of Key	Volume	Rate	Total	Volume	Rate	Total \$M
Categories (1)	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	
Loans, bills discounted and other receivables						
Australia	297	(1,077)	(780)	605	(1,927)	(1,322)
New Zealand	39	(34)	5	50	(54)	(4)
Other overseas	8	12	20	29	12	41
Total	346	(1,101)	(755)	700	(1,985)	(1,285)
Non-lending interest earning assets						
Australia	20	(222)	(202)	60	(416)	(356)
New Zealand	(15)	11	(4)	(15)	9	(6)
Other overseas	6	(62)	(56)	9	(58)	(49)
Total	26	(288)	(262)	73	(484)	(411)
Total interest bearing deposits						
Australia	332	(929)	(597)	463	(1,539)	(1,076)
New Zealand	11	(82)	(71)	49	(108)	(59)
Other overseas	=	(33)	(33)	5	(28)	(23)
Total	333	(1,034)	(701)	519	(1,677)	(1,158)
Other interest bearing liabilities						
Australia	(221)	(509)	(730)	(171)	(629)	(800)
New Zealand	(4)	51	47	(31)	49	18
Other overseas	6	12	18	9	17	26
Total	(156)	(509)	(665)	(124)	(632)	(756)

⁽¹⁾ The volume and rate variances for total interest earning assets and total interest bearing liabilities have been calculated separately (rather than being the sum of the individual categories).

5. Other Banking Income

	Half Year Ended				
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs
	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %
Lending fees	509	536	461	(5)	10
Commissions	993	988	1,009	1	(2)
Trading income	443	281	241	58	84
Net gains on disposal of available-for-sale investments	36	28	53	29	(32)
Net gains on disposal of other non-fair valued financial instruments	-	1	1	large	large
Net (losses)/gains on sale of property, plant and equipment	(9)	41	(2)	large	large
Net hedging ineffectiveness	(5)	(24)	63	(79)	large
Net (losses)/gains on other fair valued financial instruments:					
Fair value through Income Statement	(1)	1	47	large	large
Non-trading derivatives	(10)	23	62	large	large
Dividends	4	4	2	-	large
Other	160	131	142	22	13
Total other banking income	2,120	2,010	2,079	5	2

Other banking income – reconciliation of cash and statutory basis

The table below sets out various accounting impacts arising from the application of "AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" to the Group's derivative hedging activities and other non-cash items.

	H	Half Year Ended			
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 12 30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	
	\$M	\$M	\$M		
Other banking income ("cash basis")	2,135	2,000	1,927		
Revenue hedge of New Zealand operations - unrealised	(8)	(8)	18		
Hedging and IFRS volatility	(7)	18	134		
Other banking income ("statutory basis")	2,120	2,010	2,079		

6. Integrated Risk Management

The major categories of risk actively managed by the Group include credit risk, market risk, liquidity and funding risk and operational risks

The Group's approach to risk management including governance, management, appetite, policies and procedures are described in the Risk Management section of the 30 June 2012 Annual Report of the Group.

Additionally, further disclosures in respect of capital adequacy and risk are provided in the Group's Pillar 3 document.

Credit Risk

The Group uses a portfolio approach for the management of its credit risk, of which a key element is a well diversified portfolio. The Group uses various portfolio management tools to assist in diversifying the credit portfolio.

Below is a breakdown of the Group's committed exposure across industry, region and commercial credit quality.

	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
By Industry ⁽¹⁾	%	%	%
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	2. 1	2. 1	2. 1
Banks	10. 4	11. 1	10. 9
Business services	1. 0	1. 0	0. 9
Construction	0. 9	0. 9	1. 0
Consumer	53. 4	52. 8	52. 7
Culture and recreational services	0. 9	1. 0	0. 9
Energy	1. 0	1. 1	1. 0
Finance - Other	3. 4	3. 5	3. 7
Health and community service	0.8	0.7	0. 7
Manufacturing	1. 9	2. 1	2. 0
Mining	1. 3	1. 0	1. 0
Property	6. 7	6. 5	6. 3
Retail trade and wholesale trade	2. 5	2. 4	2. 6
Sovereign	7. 4	7. 5	7. 9
Transport and storage	1.6	1. 5	1. 5
Other	4. 7	4. 8	4. 8
	100. 0	100. 0	100. 0

	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
By Region ⁽¹⁾	%	%	%
Australia	80. 0	79. 7	80. 8
New Zealand	8. 4	8. 1	8. 1
Europe	4. 7	5. 2	4. 6
Americas	4. 3	4. 5	4. 1
Asia	2. 5	2. 4	2. 3
Other	0. 1	0. 1	0. 1
	100.0	100. 0	100. 0

	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
Commercial Portfolio Quality ⁽¹⁾	%	%	%
AAA/AA	30	31	34
A	19	19	17
BBB	17	18	16
Other	34	32	33
	100	100	100

⁽¹⁾ Committed exposures by industry, region and commercial credit quality is disclosed on a gross basis (calculated before collateralisation).

As a measure of individually risk-rated commercial portfolio exposure (including finance and insurance sectors), the Group has 66% of commercial exposures at investment grade quality.

Included in the Group's European exposures is \$1,302 million of exposure to Spain, Ireland, Italy and Greece. The exposure comprises \$249 million Italian sovereign (Government), \$83 million Italian and Spanish banks (primarily short term deposits) and \$970 million of predominantly Irish and Spanish corporate counterparties (primarily secured by residential and other security).

6. Integrated Risk Management (continued)

Liquidity and Funding Policies and Management

The Group's liquidity and funding policies provide that:

- Balance Sheet assets that cannot be liquidated quickly are funded with deposits or term borrowings that meet minimum maturity requirements with appropriate liquidity buffers:
- Short and long term wholesale funding limits are established, reviewed regularly and monitored to ensure that they are met. The Group's market capacity is known and used as a factor in funding strategies;
- At least a prescribed minimum level of assets are retained in highly liquid form;
- This level of liquid assets complies with crisis scenario assumptions related to "worst case" wholesale and retail market conditions; is adequate to meet known funding obligations over certain timeframes and allocated across Australian dollar and foreign currency denominated securities in accordance with specific calculations;
- Certain levels of liquid assets are held to provide for the risk of the Group's committed but undrawn lending obligations being drawn by customers, as calculated based on draw down estimates and forecasts;
- The Group maintains certain levels of liquid assets categories within its domestic liquid assets portfolio. The first includes cash, government and Australian semigovernment bonds. The second includes negotiable certificates of deposit, bank bills, bank term securities, supranational bonds and Australian RMBS securities that meet certain RBA requirements.
- Internal RMBS securities, being mortgages that have been securitised but retained by the Bank, are held for their repoeligibility with the RBA under a stress scenario and included within Group liquids; and
- Offshore branches and subsidiaries adhere to liquidity policies and hold appropriate foreign currency liquid assets as required. All securities are central bank repo-eligible under normal market conditions.

The Group's key funding tools include:

- Its consumer retail funding base, which includes a wide range of retail transaction accounts, investment accounts and retirement style accounts for individual consumers;
- Its small business and institutional deposit base; and
- Its wholesale international and domestic funding programs which include its: Australian dollar Negotiable Certificates of Deposit; Australian dollar bank bills; Asian Transferable Certificates of Deposit program; Australian, U.S. and Euro Commercial Paper programs; U.S. Extendible Notes program; Australian dollar Domestic Debt program; U.S. Medium Term Note Program; Euro Medium Term Note program, multi jurisdiction Covered Bonds program and its Medallion securitisation program.

The Group's key liquidity tools include:

- A liquidity management model similar to a "maturity ladder" or "liquidity gap analysis", that allows forecasting of liquidity needs on a daily basis;
- An additional liquidity management model that implements the agreed prudential liquidity policies. This model is calibrated with a series of "worst case" liquidity crisis scenarios, incorporating both systemic and "name" crisis assumptions, such that the Group will have sufficient liquid assets available to ensure it meets all of its obligations as and when they fall due; Central bank repurchase agreement facilities which provide the Group with the ability to borrow funds on a secured basis, even when normal funding markets are unavailable;
- The Group's various short term funding programs which are supplemented by the Interbank Deposit Agreement between the four major Australian banks. This agreement is similar to a standby liquidity facility that allows the Group to access funding in various crisis circumstances.

Recent Market Environment

Market practice and regulatory requirements for managing funding and liquidity risk are evolving internationally as a result of the global financial crisis and subsequent "Basel III" initiatives announced by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (BCBS). As a member of the BCBS, APRA is issuing new prudential standards based on the BCBS minimum standards and implementation timetable. The new APRA standards will govern liquidity requirements at the banking group and Australian banking licence levels, with potential for other offshore jurisdictions in which the Group operates having additional specific requirements for local banking operations.

The Basel III reforms introduce a Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) and Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) as minimum requirements for liquid asset holdings and long-term funding of assets respectively. Due to the limited availability of "Basel III" qualifying liquid assets in Australia, implementation of the LCR locally will include the provision of a Committed Liquidity Facility by the RBA which will ensure the liquidity of other approved assets under stress conditions, with additional cost, and qualify them for the regulatory liquid asset buffer.

In January 2013, the BCBS released updated and final minimum standards for the LCR and liquidity risk monitoring. APRA is expected to release updated Australian liquidity risk standards in the first half of 2013.

CBA is actively managing transition to "Basel III" implementation in accordance with the known requirements and timetable for both qualitative and quantitative standards.

Appendices

6. Integrated Risk Management (continued)

Funding Sources

The following table provides the funding sources for the Group, including customer deposits, short term and long term wholesale funding. Shareholders' equity is excluded from this view of funding sources other than the USD Trust Preferred Securities, which are classified as other equity instruments in the statutory Balance Sheet.

			As at		
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs
Group Funding	\$M	\$M	\$M	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %
Transaction deposits (1)	82,913	81,104	79,793	2	4
Savings deposits (1)	99,585	91,279	91,587	9	9
Investment deposits	192,302	197,138	188,917	(2)	2
Other customer deposits ⁽²⁾	11,079	9,778	10,167	13	9
Total customer deposits	385,879	379,299	370,464	2	4
Wholesale funding					
Short term					
Certificates of deposit	36,055	31,831	35,678	13	1
Bank acceptances	8,155	9,717	10,732	(16)	(24)
ECP commercial paper programme	1,506	8,017	8,629	(81)	(83)
US commercial paper programme	30,700	28,200	33,001	9	(7)
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	4,629	5,245	3,696	(12)	25
Other (3)	27,030	25,481	23,298	6	16
Total short term wholesale funding	108,075	108,491	115,034	-	(6)
Long term wholesale funding - less than one year residual					
maturity (3)	24,571	25,715	32,391	(4)	(24)
maturity	_ :,5: :		5_,55	(- /	()
Long term - greater than one year residual maturity (4)					
Transferable certificates of deposit (5)	13,743	19,068	19,580	(28)	(30)
Euro medium term note programme	26,731	25,586	26,213	4	2
US medium term note programme	22,583	23,753	23,622	(5)	(4)
Covered bond programmes	14,396	12,574	-	14	large
Other debt issues (6)	8,836	7,403	4,956	19	78
Securitisation	6,125	6,240	6,901	(2)	(11)
Loan capital	9,158	7,520	7,481	22	22
Other	1,459	1,494	981	(2)	49
Total long term wholesale funding - greater than one year	103,031	103,638	89,734	(1)	15
residual maturity (3)	·				
IFRS MTM and derivative FX revaluations	(4,267)	(5,417)	(6,975)	(21)	(39)
Total wholesale funding	231,410	232,427	230,184	-	1
Total funding	617,289	611,726	600,648	1	3
Reported as:					
Deposits and other public borrowings	448,410	437,655	431,827	2	4
Payables due to other financial institutions	23,479	22,126	17,424	6	35
Liabilities at fair value through income statement	7,195	6,555	9,986	10	(28)
Bank acceptances	8,155	9,717	10,732	(16)	(24)
Debt issues	119,284	124,712	119,307	(4)	(2.)
Loan capital	9,827	10,022	10,433	(2)	(6)
Share capital - other equity interests	939	939	939	(2)	(5)
Total funding	617.289	611,726	600.648	1	3
I Over Terroring	017,209	011,120	000,040		<u> </u>

⁽¹⁾ Certain comparative information has been reclassified to conform to presentation in the current period.

⁽²⁾ Other customer deposits primarily consist of non-interest bearing deposits and deposits held at fair value through the income statement.

⁽³⁾ Includes short sales, due to other financial institutions, debt issues with original maturity/call date less than one year.

⁽⁴⁾ Residual maturity of long term wholesale funding included in Debt issues, Loan capital and Share capital – other equity instruments, is the earlier of the next call date or final maturity.

 $^{(5) \} Includes \ long \ term \ domestic \ debt \ program \ (included \ within \ certificates \ of \ deposit, \ refer \ to \ Note \ 7).$

⁽⁶⁾ Includes debt included in liabilities at fair value through income statement.

6. Integrated Risk Management (continued)

Market Risk

Market risk in the Balance Sheet is discussed within Note 39 of the 2012 Annual Report.

Value at Risk (VaR)

The Group uses Value at Risk (VaR) as one of the measures of Traded and Non-Traded Market Risk. VaR measures potential loss using historically observed market volatility and correlation between different markets.

VaR is modelled at a 97.5% confidence level over a 1 day holding period for Trading Book positions and over a 20 day holding period for Banking Book interest rate risk and insurance business market risk.

Where VaR is deemed not to be an appropriate method of risk measurement other risk measures have been used, as specified by the heading or accompanying footnotes of the tables provided.

		Average VaR			
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11		
Traded Market Risk (1)	\$M	\$M	\$M		
Risk Type					
Interest rate risk	6. 6	5. 9	4. 5		
Foreign exchange risk	1.0	1.0	1. 1		
Equities risk	2. 2	1. 9	2. 5		
Commodities risk	0.9	1. 2	1. 3		
Credit spread risk	2. 2	2. 5	3. 2		
Diversification benefit	(7. 6)	(6. 9)	(6. 5)		
Total general market risk	5. 3	5. 6	6. 1		
Undiversified risk	2. 9	3. 3	3. 5		
ASB Bank	0. 2	2. 0	2. 5		
Bankwest	0.1	0. 1	0. 1		
Total	8. 5	11.0	12. 2		

⁽¹⁾ Average VaR is at 1 day 97.5% confidence, and is calculated for each six month period.

Non-traded VaR in Australian Life Insurance Business	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
(20 day 97.5% Confidence)	\$M	\$M	\$M
Shareholder funds (1)	20. 7	20. 4	26. 1
Guarantees (to Policyholders) (2)	21. 2	25. 9	35. 4

⁽¹⁾ VaR in relation to the investment of Shareholder Funds.

 $^{(2) \} VaR \ in \ relation \ to \ product \ portfolios \ where \ the \ Group \ has \ a \ guaranteed \ liability \ to \ policyholders.$

⁽³⁾ For the half year ended.

6. Integrated Risk Management (continued)

Non-Traded Equity

Non-traded equity includes all equity instruments outside the trading portfolio with the exception of structural and strategic holdings integral to the Group's operations.

	As at		
	VaR	VaR	VaR
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
Non-Traded Equity Risk VaR (20 day 97.5% Confidence)	\$M	\$M	\$M
VaR	94. 0	94. 0	99. 0

Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book

Interest rate risk in the banking book is discussed within Note 39 of the 2012 Annual Report.

(a) Next 12 months' Earnings

The potential impact on net interest earnings of a 1% parallel rate shock and the expected change in price of assets and liabilities held for purposes other than trading is as follows:

		31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
Net Interest Earnings at Risk (1)		\$M	\$M	\$M
Average monthly exposure	AUD	100. 4	92. 7	211. 8
	NZD	11. 3	14. 4	27. 0
High month exposure	AUD	114. 2	140. 9	284. 3
	NZD	16. 2	18. 3	32. 5
Low month exposure	AUD	89. 2	40. 7	154. 0
	NZD	5. 3	11. 5	18. 0

⁽¹⁾ Half year ended.

(b) Economic Value

A 20-day 97.5% VaR measure is used to capture the economic impact of adverse changes in interest rates on all banking book assets and liabilities.

		Average VaR ⁽³⁾			
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11		
Non-traded Interest Rate Risk ⁽¹⁾	\$M	\$M \$M			
AUD Interest rate risk	79. 8	104. 2	142. 7		
NZD Interest rate risk (2)	1. 9	1. 4	1.3		

⁽¹⁾ VaR is at 20 day 97.5% confidence.

⁽²⁾ Relates specifically to ASB data as at month end.

⁽³⁾ Half year ended.

7. Counterparty and Other Credit Risk Exposures

Special purpose and off-balance sheet entities

The Group invests in or establishes special purpose entities (SPEs) in the ordinary course of business, primarily to provide funding and financial services for its customers. These SPEs are consolidated in the Financial Statements if they meet the criteria of control as outlined in Note 1 to the Financial Statements of the 2012 Annual Report. The definition of control depends upon substance rather than form and, accordingly, determination of the existence of control involves management judgement. The Group assesses whether an SPE should be consolidated based on whether the majority of risks and rewards in the entity pass to the Group.

Some of the SPEs with which the Group is involved are detailed below, including the reason for their establishment and the control factors associated with the Group's interest in them. The Group does not bear the majority of residual risks and rewards of the SPEs which are not consolidated.

Securitisation vehicles

Reason for establishment – Securitisation is a financing technique whereby assets are transferred to an SPE, which funds the purchase of assets by issuing securities to investors. The Group has a policy of funding diversification and assets may be securitised to provide greater diversification of the Group's funding sources.

Control factors – The Group may manage these securitisation vehicles, service assets in the vehicle, provide hedging, or provide other facilities such as liquidity facilities. The Group retains the risks associated with the provision of these services. The Group is also entitled to any residual income from the SPEs after all payments due to investors and costs of the program have been met.

Structured Finance Entities

Reason for establishment – These entities are established to assist the Group's Structured Finance function with the structuring of client or group financing. The resulting lending and investment arrangements are entered into under the Group's approved lending criteria and are subject to appropriate credit approval processes. The assets arising from these financing activities are generally included in Receivables due from other financial institutions, Available-for-sale investments or Loans, bills discounted and other receivables. Exposures in the form of guarantees or undrawn credit lines are included within Contingent liabilities and credit related commitments.

Control factors – The Group may manage these vehicles, hold minor amounts of capital, provide financing or transact derivatives with these entities. These entities are generally consolidated by the Group.

Asset-backed securities

Asset-backed securities are debt instruments based on pools of assets which may consist of residential mortgages, commercial mortgages or other types of receivables. The Group has acquired asset-backed securities primarily as part of its trading activities (classified as Trading assets), liquidity management (classified as Available-for-sale investments), or through investments in SPEs.

The primary source of repayment of the debt instruments is the cash flows from the underlying assets. Investors in the debt instruments have no recourse to the general assets of the issuer. The majority of the Group's asset-backed securities portfolio consists of notes rated at least AA- that are carried at fair value on the Balance Sheet.

Leveraged finance

The Group provides debt financing to companies acquired by private equity firms. These acquisitions are typically highly leveraged. Target businesses are those with operations in Australia and New Zealand with stable and established earnings and the ability to reduce borrowing levels.

The Group's exposure is well diversified across industries and private equity sponsors. All debt facilities provided are senior with first ranking security over the cash flows and assets of the businesses.

Hedge funds

There were no material movements in exposures to hedge funds since 30 June 2012 and these exposures are not considered to be material.

Collateralised debt obligations (CDOs) and credit linked notes

The Group has no material direct or indirect exposure to CDOs or credit linked notes

Lenders mortgage insurance

Lenders mortgage insurance is provided by Genworth Financial Mortgage Insurance Pty Ltd and QBE Lenders Mortgage Insurance Ltd. The annualised expected loss claim, representing the total value of claims that would be due from these providers to the Group, on the basis of current market conditions, is approximately \$123 million from Genworth and \$10 million from QBE.

Monoline insurers

The underlying debt instruments that have been wrapped by monoline insurers are predominantly Australian domiciled and have stand-alone ratings ranging from BBB to A+. As at 31 December 2012 the Group had \$179 million in exposures to these instruments (June 2012: \$188 million).

7. Counterparty and Other Credit Risk Exposures (continued)

Securitisation Vehicles

An analysis of the assets of, and exposures to, consolidated securitisation vehicles which the Group has established or manages is outlined in the tables below.

	Lo	Loans		Associated Liabilities	
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	12 31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	
Securitisation programmes					
Residential mortgages (1)	8,810	9,279	7,415	7,858	
Total securitisation programmes	8,810	9,279	7,415	7,858	
Covered bond programmes					
Residential mortgages	20,183	22,358	15,050	12,789	
Total covered bond programmes	20,183	22,358	15,050	12,789	
Total securitisation and covered bond programmes	28,993	31,637	22,465	20,647	

⁽¹⁾ These loans and associated liabilities have been included on the basis that the associated liabilities are issued externally.

	Funded			Unfunded	Total	
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12
Exposure to Securitisation SPEs	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Residential mortgage backed securities held for potential repurchase with central banks	71,560	72,192	-	-	71,560	72,192
Other residential mortgage backed securities	3,615	3,535	-	-	3,615	3,535
Derivatives	1,285	1,519	-	-	1,285	1,519
Liquidity support & other facilities	1,405	884	1,158	972	2,563	1,856
Total exposure to securitisation SPEs	77,865	78,130	1,158	972	79,023	79,102

⁽¹⁾ Unfunded amounts apply to financial arrangements the Group holds with securitisation SPEs that the SPE is yet to draw on.

⁽²⁾ Derivatives are measured on the basis of Potential Credit Exposure (PCE), a credit risk measurement of maximum risk over the term of the transaction or current fair value where PCE is not available.

7. Counterparty and Other Credit Risk Exposures (continued)

Asset-backed Securities

Analysis of the exposure to non-Group originated asset-backed securities and related facilities is outlined in the tables below.

	Carı	ying Amount
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12
Summary of Asset-backed Securities	\$M	\$M
Commercial mortgage backed securities	32	32
Residential mortgage backed securities	4,472	4,493
Other asset-backed securities	9	-
Total	4,513	4,525

Asset-backed Securities by Underlying Asset

	Tradi	ding Portfolio AFS Portfo		S Portfolio ⁽¹⁾		Other	Total	
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Sub-prime	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-conforming (Alt-A)	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1
Prime mortgages	38	23	4,155	4,191	279	278	4,472	4,492
Other assets	-	-	40	32	-	-	40	32
Total	39	24	4,195	4,223	279	278	4,513	4,525

Asset-backed Securities by Credit Rating and Geography

							ВЕ	and below		
		AAA & AA		A		BBB	includin	g not rated		Total
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12						
	\$M	\$M	\$M							
Australia	4,160	4,161	25	29	-	10	18	15	4,203	4,215
Europe	-	-	-	-	-	-	279	278	279	278
UK	-	-	31	32	-	-	-	-	31	32
Total	4,160	4,161	56	61	-	10	297	293	4,513	4,525

	Funded C	Funded Commitments		Unfunded Commitments		Total
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12
Warehousing Financing Facilities	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Australia	2,811	3,361	1,237	1,328	4,048	4,689
New Zealand	538	605	19	28	557	633
Europe	310	298	-	-	310	298
Total	3,659	4,264	1,256	1,356	4,915	5,620

	Funded C	Funded Commitments		ommitments		Total
Commercial Paper Standby Liquidity	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12
Facilities (2)	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$М	\$М	\$М
Standby liquidity facilities	-	19	-	200	-	219

⁽¹⁾ Available-for-sale investments (AFS).

⁽²⁾ Facilities provided to companies with operations in Australia and New Zealand.

8. Regulatory Capital

	As at			
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	
Risk Weighted Capital Ratios (Basel II)	%	%	%	
Common Equity Tier One (1)	8. 3	7. 8	7. 7	
Tier One	10. 5	10. 0	9. 9	
Tier Two	0.7	1. 0	1. 2	
Total Capital	11. 2	11. 0	11. 1	

	As at				
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11		
Regulatory Capital (Basel II)	\$M	\$M	\$M		
Ordinary Share Capital	26,126	25,175	24,651		
Treasury Shares (2)	301	323	316		
Ordinary Share Capital and Treasury Shares	26,427	25,498	24,967		
Other Equity Instruments	939	939	939		
Trust Preferred Securities 2006 (3)	(939)	(939)	(939)		
Total Other Equity Instruments	-	-	-		
Reserves (4)	1,262	1,571	829		
Cash flow hedge reserve	(485)	(644)	(234)		
Employee compensation reserve	(90)	(136)	(95)		
Asset revaluation reserve	(193)	(195)	(191)		
Available-for-sale investments reserve (5)	(138)	-	-		
Foreign currency translation reserve related to non-consolidated subsidiaries	164	171	153		
Total Reserves	520	767	462		
Retained Earnings and current period profits	14,440	13,356	11,928		
Expected dividend (6)	(2,639)	(3,137)	(2,166)		
Estimated reinvestment under Dividend Reinvestment Plan (7)	-	784	542		
Retained earnings adjustment for non-consolidated subsidiaries (8)	(239)	(126)	35		
Other	(308)	(219)	(178)		
Net Retained Earnings	11,254	10,658	10,161		
Non-controlling Interest (9)	532	531	528		
ASB Perpetual Preference Shares (9)	(505)	(505)	(505)		
Non-controlling interests less ASB Perpetual Preference Shares	27	26	23		
Total Fundamental Tier One Capital	38,228	36,949	35,613		

- (1) Represents Fundamental Tier One Capital net of Tier One deductions.
- (2) Represents shares held by the Group's life insurance operations and employee share scheme trusts.
- (3) Trust Preferred Securities 2006 issued 15 March 2006 of USD700 million. These instruments qualify as Tier One Innovative Capital of the Group.
- (4) The Group's general reserve, capital reserve and foreign currency translation reserve (excluding balances related to non-consolidated subsidiaries) qualify as Fundamental Tier One Capital.
- (5) As at December 2012 the Available-for-Sale reserve was \$138 million (credit balance) and is not eligible for inclusion in regulatory capital.
- (6) Represents expected dividends required to be deducted from current period earnings.
- (7) The 31 December 2012 Basel II capital position assumes that the Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP) in respect of the 31 December 2012 interim dividend is to be satisfied in full by on market purchased shares. The DRP in respect of both the June 2012 final and December 2011 interim dividend was satisfied in full by the issue of shares.
- (8) Represents cumulative current year profit and retained earnings adjustment for subsidiaries not consolidated for regulatory purposes. This includes adjustments to the extent to which retained earnings from non-consolidated subsidiaries have not been repatriated to the Bank in dividends (December 2012: \$991 million; June 2012: \$878 million; December 2011: \$717 million). The retention of these profits is used to fund the future growth of these operations. This has been offset by the one-off write back adjustments upon adoption of IFRS of \$752 million.
- (9) Non-controlling interest classified as Tier One Innovative Capital under Basel II regulations. Comprised predominantly of ASB Perpetual Preference Shares of NZ\$550 million issued by New Zealand subsidiary entities. These shares are non-redeemable and carry limited voting rights.

8. Regulatory Capital (continued)

	As at		
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
Regulatory Capital (Basel II)	\$M	\$M	\$M
Tier One Capital Deductions - 100%			
Goodwill and other intangibles (excluding software) (1)	(8,535)	(8,581)	(8,546)
Capitalised expenses	(224)	(263)	(240)
Capitalised computer software costs	(1,831)	(1,700)	(1,480)
General reserve for credit losses top up (2)	(197)	(209)	(183)
Deferred tax	(393)	(548)	(383)
Tier One Capital Deductions - 100%	(11,180)	(11,301)	(10,832)
Tier One Capital Deductions - 50% (3)			
Equity investments in other entities (4)	(614)	(612)	(638)
Equity investments in non-consolidated subsidiaries (net of intangibles) (5)	(632)	(629)	(594)
Expected impairment losses (before tax) in excess of eligible credit provisions (net of deferred tax) (6)	(512)	(630)	(646)
Other deductions	(241)	(113)	(66)
Tier One Capital Deductions - 50%	(1,999)	(1,984)	(1,944)
Total Tier One Capital Deductions	(13,179)	(13,285)	(12,776)
Fundamental Tier One Capital After Deductions	25,049	23,664	22,837
Residual Tier One Capital			
Innovative Tier One Capital			
Non-cumulative preference shares and notes (7)	4,592	2,625	2,626
Non-controlling interests (8)	505	505	505
Eligible loan capital	96	98	98
Less: Innovative capital in excess of prescribed limits transferred to Upper Tier Two Capital (9)	(426)	-	-
Total Innovative Tier One Capital	4,767	3,228	3,229
Non-Innovative Residual Tier One Capital (10)	1,964	3,407	3,407
Total Residual Tier One Capital	6,731	6,635	6,636
Total Tier One Capital	31,780	30,299	29,473

- (1) Represents total Goodwill and other intangibles (excluding capitalised computer software costs), which is required to be deducted from Tier One Capital.
- (2) Capital deduction at 31 December 2012 of \$197 million after tax (30 June 2012: \$209 million; 31 December 2011: \$183 million) to ensure the Group has sufficient provisions and capital to cover credit losses estimated to arise over the full life of the individual facilities, as required by APS 220.
- (3) Represents 50% Tier One and 50% Tier Two Capital deductions under Basel II.
- (4) Represents the Group's non-controlling interest in other entities.
- (5) Represents the net equity within the non-consolidated subsidiaries (primarily the Insurance and Funds Management businesses operating within Colonial Group), which is deducted 50% from Tier One and 50% from Tier Two Capital. This deduction is net of \$1,158 million in Non-Recourse Debt issued by Colonial Finance Limited (30 June 2012: \$1,214 million; 31 December 2011: \$1,880 million) and \$1,000 million in Colonial Group Subordinated Notes issued in April 2012. The Colonial Hybrid issue of \$700 million was redeemed in two equal tranches, \$350 million in April 2012 and \$350 million in November 2011. The Group's insurance and funds management companies held \$1,447 million of assets in excess of regulatory solvency requirements at 31 December 2012 (30 June 2012:\$1,318 million; 31 December 2011: \$1,108 million).
- (6) Regulatory Expected Loss (pre-tax) using stressed loss given default assumptions associated with the loan portfolio in excess of eligible credit provisions (collective provision and general reserve for credit losses net of tax and individually assessed provision pre-tax) are deducted 50% from both Tier One and Tier Two Capital.
- (7) Comprises APRA approved Innovative Tier One Capital instruments (PERLS III, PERLS VI and Trust Preferred Securities 2003 and 2006). PERLS VI was issued in October 2012 (\$2 billion less issue costs).
- (8) Non-controlling interest classified as Tier One Innovative Capital under Basel II regulations. Comprised predominantly of ASB Perpetual Preference Shares of NZ\$550 million issued by New Zealand subsidiary entities. These shares are non-redeemable and carry limited voting rights.
- (9) Innovative capital, eligible for inclusion as Tier One Capital under the existing Basel II framework, is subject to an APRA prescribed limit of 15% of Tier One Capital.

 Any excess above this limit is transferred to Upper Tier Two Capital.
- (10) Comprises PERLS V \$2,000 million (less costs) issued by the Bank in October 2009. PERLS IV \$1,465 million (less costs) matured in October 2012.

Appendices

8. Regulatory Capital (continued)

		As at	
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
Regulatory Capital (Basel II)	\$M	\$M	\$M
Tier Two Capital			
Upper Tier Two Capital			
Innovative capital in excess of prescribed limits transferred from Tier One Capital (1)	426	-	-
Prudential general reserve for credit losses (net of tax) (2)	124	595	631
Asset revaluation reserve (3)	87	88	86
Upper Tier Two note and bond issues	324	358	368
Other	204	176	151
Total Upper Tier Two Capital	1,165	1,217	1,236
Lower Tier Two Capital			
Lower Tier Two note and bond issues (4) (5)	2,900	3,726	4,314
Holding of own Lower Tier Two Capital	-	(20)	(18)
Total Lower Tier Two Capital	2,900	3,706	4,296
Tier Two Capital Deductions			
50% Deductions from Tier Two Capital ⁽⁶⁾	(1,999)	(1,984)	(1,944)
Total Tier Two Capital	2,066	2,939	3,588
Total Capital	33,846	33,238	33,061

⁽¹⁾ Innovative capital eligible for inclusion as Tier One Capital under the Basel II framework is subject to an APRA prescribed limit of 15% of Tier One Capital. Any excess above this limit is transferred to Upper Tier Two Capital.

⁽²⁾ Represents the after tax collective provisions and general reserve for credit losses of banking entities in the Group (including Bankwest) which operate under the Basel II Standardised methodology.

⁽³⁾ APRA allows only 45% of asset revaluation reserve to be included in Tier Two Capital.

⁽⁴⁾ APRA requires these Lower Tier Two note and bond issues to be included as if they were unhedged. In the December 2012 half year, APRA granted approval for the redemption of three separate subordinated Lower Tier Two debt instruments totalling \$711 million (30 June 2012: \$500 million; 31 December 2011: \$1,361 million).

⁽⁵⁾ For regulatory capital purposes, Lower Tier Two note and bond issues are amortised by 20% of the original amount during each of the last five years to maturity.

⁽⁶⁾ Represents 50% Tier One and 50% Tier Two Capital deductions under Basel II rules.

8. Regulatory Capital (continued)

		As at		
	31 Dec 12 ⁽¹	⁾ 30 Jun 12 ⁽¹⁾	31 Dec 11 ⁽¹⁾	
Risk Weighted Assets (Basel II)	\$M	\$M	\$M	
Credit Risk				
Subject to Advanced IRB approach				
Corporate	51,851	49,331	45,983	
SME Corporate	30,833	22,319	22,155	
SME Retail	4,222	4,071	4,486	
Sovereign	3,692	3,003	3,201	
Bank	8,322	7,619	7,925	
Residential mortgage	63,637	54,545	53,844	
Qualifying revolving retail	6,460	6,703	6,491	
Other retail	8,983	8,462	8,116	
Impact of the regulatory scaling factor (2)	10,680	9,363	9,132	
Total Risk Weighted Assets subject to Advanced IRB approach	188,680	165,416	161,333	
Specialised lending exposures subject to slotting criteria	48,398	36,141	36,915	
Subject to Standardised approach				
Corporate	3,894	10,430	9,950	
SME Corporate	317	6,580	6,803	
SME Retail	4,728	4,836	4,230	
Sovereign	203	107	308	
Bank	138	1,243	1,303	
Residential mortgage	2,257	25,705	24,660	
Other retail	2,212	2,559	2,627	
Other assets	4,124	3,240	5,215	
Total Risk Weighted Assets subject to Standardised approach	17,873	54,700	55,096	
Securitisation	1,119	2,833	2,695	
Equity exposures	2,397	2,339	2,407	
Total Risk Weighted Assets for credit risk exposures	258,467	261,429	258,446	
Traded market risk	4,517	4,842	3,105	
Interest rate risk in the banking book	10,996	9,765	11,525	
Operational risk	27,631	26,751	24,629	
Total Risk Weighted Assets	301,611	302,787	297,705	

⁽¹⁾ Risk Weighted Assets (RWA) for June 2012 and December 2011 include the consolidation of Bankwest under the Basel II Standardised methodology. APRA granted approval for the Group to extend its Advanced Internal Ratings Based accreditation to include the Bankwest non-retail loans and residential mortgage portfolio from

⁽²⁾ APRA requires that Risk Weighted Assets amounts that are derived from IRB risk weight functions be multiplied by a factor of 1.06.

9. Share Capital

		Hall I cal Eliaca					
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11				
Shares on Issue	Number	Number	Number				
Opening balance (excluding Treasury Shares deduction)	1,592,154,780	1,581,280,593	1,558,637,244				
Issue of shares (1)	-	-	5,042,949				
Dividend reinvestment plan issue:							
2010/2011 Final dividend fully paid ordinary shares \$47.48	-	-	17,524,300				
2011/2012 Interim dividend fully paid ordinary shares \$48.81	-	10,874,187	-				
2011/2012 Final dividend fully paid ordinary shares \$54.54	17,026,061	-	-				
Exercise of executive option plan	-	-	76,100				
Closing balance (excluding Treasury Shares deduction)	1,609,180,841	1,592,154,780	1,581,280,593				
Less: Treasury Shares (2)	(6,316,670)	(6,874,405)	(6,774,861)				
Closing balance	1,602,864,171	1,585,280,375	1,574,505,732				

- (1) The Group acquired 100% of the issued share capital of Count Financial Limited during the period ended 31 December 2011 for purchase consideration of \$372 million. This was part funded through the issue of 5,042,949 CBA ordinary shares.
- (2) Relates to Treasury shares held within the Life Insurance statutory funds and the employees share scheme trust.

Dividend Franking Account

After fully franking the interim dividend to be paid for the half year ended 31 December 2012, the amount of credits available at the 30% tax rate to frank dividends for subsequent financial years is \$435 million (June 2012: \$390 million; December 2011: \$435 million). This figure is based on the franking accounts of the Bank at 31 December 2012, adjusted for franking credits that will arise from the payment of income tax payable on profits for the half year, franking debits that will arise from the payment of dividends proposed and franking credits that the Bank may be prevented from distributing in subsequent financial periods. The Bank expects that future tax payments will generate sufficient franking credits for the Bank to be able to continue to fully frank future dividend payments. These calculations have been based on the taxation law as at 31 December 2012.

Dividends

The Directors have determined a fully franked interim dividend of 164 cents per share amounting to \$2,639 million. There is no foreign conduit income attributed to the final dividend. The dividend will be payable on 5 April 2013 to shareholders on the register at 5:00pm EST on 22 February 2013.

The Board determines the dividends per share based on net profit after tax ("cash basis") per share, having regard to a range of factors including:

Half Year Ended

- Current and expected rates of business growth and the mix of business;
- Capital needs to support economic, regulatory and credit ratings requirements;
- Investments and/or divestments to support business development;
- Competitors comparison and market expectations; and
- Earnings per share growth.

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

Participation in the DRP is optional and offers ordinary shareholders in certain jurisdictions the opportunity to acquire fully paid ordinary shares instead of receiving the dividend in cash. Shares allocated under the DRP will rank equally with other ordinary shares already on issue.

The DRP for the 2013 interim dividend is anticipated to be satisfied in full by an on market purchase of shares.

Record Date

The register closes for determination of dividend entitlement and for participation in the DRP at 5:00pm EST on 22 February 2013 at Link Market Services Limited, Locked Bag A14, Sydney South, NSW 1235.

Ex-Dividend Date

The ex-dividend date is18 February 2013.

10. Intangible Assets

	_	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
		\$M	\$M	\$M
Goodwill				
Purchased goodwill		7,707	7,705	7,624
Closing balance		7,707	7,705	7,624
Computer Software Costs				
Cost		2,549	2,462	2,182
Accumulated amortisation		(714)	(758)	(698)
Accumulated impairment		(4)	(4)	(4)
Closing balance		1,831	1,700	1,480
Core Deposits (1)				
Cost		495	495	495
Accumulated amortisation		(284)	(248)	(213)
Closing balance		211	247	282
Management Fee Rights (2)				
Cost		316	316	316
Closing balance		316	316	316
Brand Name (3)				
Cost		190	190	190
Closing balance		190	190	190
Other (4)				
Cost		255	255	253
Accumulated amortisation		(144)	(132)	(119)
Closing balance		111	123	134
Total intangible assets		10,366	10,281	10,026

⁽¹⁾ Core deposits represent the value of the Bankwest deposit base compared to the avoided cost of alternative funding sources such as securitisation and wholesale funding. This asset was acquired on 19 December 2008 with a useful life of seven years based on the weighted average attrition rates of the Bankwest deposit portfolio.

⁽²⁾ Management fee rights have an indefinite useful life under the contractual terms of the management agreements and are subject to an annual valuation for impairment testing purposes. No impairment was required as a result of this valuation.

⁽³⁾ Brand names predominantly represent the value of royalty costs foregone by the Group through acquiring the Bankwest brand name. The royalty costs that would have been incurred by an entity using the Bankwest brand name are based on an annual percentage of income generated by Bankwest. This asset has an indefinite useful life, as there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the brand name is expected to generate cash flows. The asset is not subject to amortisation, but is subject to annual impairment testing. No impairment was required as a result of this test. The Count Financial Limited brand name (\$4 million) is amortised over the estimated useful life of 20 years.

⁽⁴⁾ Other intangibles include the value of externally acquired customer relationships. This value represents future net income generated from the relationships that existed at Balance Sheet date. The asset has a useful life of ten years based on the assumed attrition rates of the acquired relationships.

Appendices

11. ASX Appendix 4D

Cross Reference Index	Page
Details of reporting period and previous period (Rule 4.2A.3 Item No. 1)	Inside front cover
Results for Announcement to the Market (Rule 4.2A.3 Item No. 2)	Inside front cover
Dividends (Rule 4.2A.3 Item No. 5)	94
Dividend dates (Rule 4.2A.3 Item No. 5)	Inside front cover
Dividend Reinvestment Plan (Rule 4.2A.3 Item No. 6)	94
Net tangible assets per security (Rule 4.2A.3 Item No. 3)	104
Commentary on Results (Rule 4.2A.3 Item No. 2.6)	2

Compliance Statement

This interim report for the half year ended 31 December 2012 is prepared in accordance with the ASX Listing Rules. It should be read in conjunction with any announcements to the market made by the Group during the period.

The preliminary report has been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards in Australia.

The Financial Statements of the Group have not been audited.

J D Hatton

Company Secretary

13 February 2013

11. ASX Appendix 4D (continued)

Details of entities over which control was gained and lost during the year (Rule 4.2A.3 Item No. 4)

The Group has not gained or lost control over any entities during the half.

Details of associates and joint ventures (Rule 4.2A.3 Item No. 7)

As at 31 December 2012	Ownership Interest Held (%)
Acadian Asset Management (Australia) Limited	50%
Aegis Correctional Partnership Pty Limited	50%
Aegis Correctional Partnership Trust	50%
Aegis Securitisation Nominees Pty Limited	50%
Aegis Securitisation Trust	50%
Aspire Schools Financing (Qld) Pty Limited	50%
Aspire Schools Holdings (Qld) Pty Limited	50%
Equigroup Pty Limited	50%
Sentinel Partnership Pty Limited	50%
Sentinel Financing Holdings Pty Ltd	50%
Sentinel Finance Holding Trust	50%
Sentinel Financing Pty Limited	50%
First State Cinda Fund Management Company Limited	46%
BoCommLife Insurance Company Limited	38%
Countplus Limited	37%
Aussie Home Loans Pty Limited	33%
International Private Equity Real Estate Fund	33%
Vipro Pty Limited	33%
Cardlink Services Limited	25%
Cash Services Australia Pty Limited	25%
Paymark Limited ⁽¹⁾	25%
Bank of Hangzhou Co., Ltd.	20%
First State European Diversified Investment Fund	20%
Qilu Bank Co., Ltd.	20%
Vietnam International Commercial Joint Stock Bank	20%
Payments NZ Limited	19%
CFS Retail Property Trust (2)	8%
Commonwealth Property Office Fund (2)	6%

⁽¹⁾ Formerly known as Electronic Transaction Services Limited.

Other Significant Information

There are no other significant events since 31 December 2012 that have materially affected the financial position or performance of the Group.

Post Balance Date Events

There have been no significant events occurring since the balance sheet date other than as disclosed in Note 11.

Foreign Entities (Rule 4.2A.3 Item No. 8)

Not applicable.

⁽²⁾ The consolidated entity has significant influence due to its relationship as a Responsible Entity.

Appendices

12. Profit Reconciliation

		Half Year Ended 31 December 2012						
	Net profit	Hedging and	Bankwest	Treasury	Bell Group litigation \$M	Policyholder tax \$M	Investment experience \$M	Net profit after tax "statutory basis" \$M
	after tax	IFRS	non-cash	shares				
	"cash basis"	volatility	items \$M	valuation				
				adjustment				
Profit Reconciliation	\$M	\$M		\$M				
Group								
Net interest income	6,862	4	(14)	-	-	-	-	6,852
Other banking income	2,135	(15)	-	-	-	-	-	2,120
Total banking income	8,997	(11)	(14)	-	-	-	-	8,972
Funds management income	1,033	-	-	(39)	-	47	(1)	1,040
Insurance income	505	-	-	-	-	37	85	627
Total operating income	10,535	(11)	(14)	(39)	-	84	84	10,639
Investment experience	84	-	-	-	-	-	(84)	-
Total income	10,619	(11)	(14)	(39)	-	84	-	10,639
Operating expenses	(4,755)	-	(37)	-	-	-	-	(4,792)
Loan impairment expenses	(616)	-	-	-	(64)	-	-	(680)
Net profit before tax	5,248	(11)	(51)	(39)	(64)	84	-	5,167
Corporate tax expense	(1,460)	1	18	8	19	(84)	-	(1,498)
Non-controlling interests	(8)	-	=	=	=	-	-	(8)
Net profit after tax	3,780	(10)	(33)	(31)	(45)	-	-	3,661

12. Profit Reconciliation (continued)

	Half Year Ended 30 June 2012							
	Net profit	Hedging and	Bankwest non-cash items	Count Financial	Treasury shares valuation adjustment	Policyholder tax	Investment experience	Net profit after tax "statutory basis"
	after tax	IFRS						
	"cash basis"	volatility		acquisition				
				costs				
Profit Reconciliation	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$М	\$M	\$M	\$M
Group								
Net interest income	6,513	(8)	(13)	-	-	-	-	6,492
Other banking income	2,000	10	-	-	-	-	-	2,010
Total banking income	8,513	2	(13)	-	-	-	-	8,502
Funds management income	980	-	-	-	(20)	24	(1)	983
Insurance income	459	-	-	-	-	58	94	611
Total operating income	9,952	2	(13)	-	(20)	82	93	10,096
Investment experience	93	-	-	-	-	-	(93)	-
Total income	10,045	2	(13)	-	(20)	82	-	10,096
Operating expenses	(4,594)	-	(38)	(17)	-	-	-	(4,649)
Loan impairment expenses	(544)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(544)
Net profit before tax	4,907	2	(51)	(17)	(20)	82	-	4,903
Corporate tax expense	(1,363)	7	(3)	7	4	(82)	-	(1,430)
Non-controlling interests	(7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7)
Net profit after tax	3,537	9	(54)	(10)	(16)	-	-	3,466

Appendices

12. Profit Reconciliation (continued)

		Half Year Ended 31 December 2011							
	Net profit	Hedging and	Bankwest non-cash items	Count Financial acquisition costs	Treasury shares valuation adjustment	Policyholder tax	Investment experience	Net profit after tax "statutory basis"	
	after tax	IFRS							
	"cash basis"	volatility							
Profit Reconciliation	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	
Group									
Net interest income	6,644	(1)	(13)	-	-	-	-	6,630	
Other banking income	1,927	152	-	-	-	-	-	2,079	
Total banking income	8,571	151	(13)	-	-	-	-	8,709	
Funds management income	977	-	-	-	5	(33)	8	957	
Insurance income	501	-	-	-	-	73	48	622	
Total operating income	10,049	151	(13)	-	5	40	56	10,288	
Investment experience	56	-	-	-	-	-	(56)	-	
Total income	10,105	151	(13)	-	5	40	-	10,288	
Operating expenses	(4,602)	-	(37)	(43)	-	-	-	(4,682)	
Loan impairment expenses	(545)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(545)	
Net profit before tax	4,958	151	(50)	(43)	5	40	-	5,061	
Corporate tax expense	(1,373)	(36)	15	10	(4)	(40)	-	(1,428)	
Non-controlling interests	(9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9)	
Net profit after tax	3,576	115	(35)	(33)	1	-	-	3,624	

13. Analysis Template

Total income	Half Year Ended				
Net interest income 6,86 Other banking income 2,13 Total banking income 8,99 Funds management income 1,03 Insurance income 10,53 Investment experience 8 Total income 10,61 Operating expenses (1) 8 Retail Banking Services (1,52 Business and Private Banking (67 Institutional Banking and Markets (44 Wealth Management - operating expenses (74 Wealth Management - volume expenses (24 New Zealand (36 Bankwest (41 Other (33 Total operating expenses (4,75 Profit before loan impairment expense (5,86 Loan impairment expense (5,86 Loan impairment expense (1,46 Operating profit after tax (5,24 Corporate tax expense (1,46 Operating profit after tax ("cash basis") (3 Treasury shares valuation adjustment (after tax) (3 Count Financial acquisition costs (aft	2 30 Ju	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11		
Other banking income 2,13 Total banking income 8,99 Funds management income 1,03 Insurance income 50 Total operating income 110,53 Investment experience 8 Total income 10,61 Operating expenses (1) 1,52 Retail Banking Services (1,52 Business and Private Banking (67 Institutional Banking and Markets (44 Wealth Management - operating expenses (74 Wealth Management - volume expenses (24 New Zealand (36 Bankwest (41 Other (33 Total operating expenses (4,75 Profit before loan impairment expense (61 Net profit before income tax 5,24 Coperating profit atx expense (1,46 Operating profit after tax ("cash basis") 3,78 Non-controlling interests (1 (Net profit after tax ("cash basis") (3 Treasury shares valuation adjustment (after tax) (3 Hedging and IFR	Λ	\$М	\$M		
Other banking income 2,13 Total banking income 8,99 Funds management income 1,03 Insurance income 50 Total operating income 110,53 Investment experience 8 Total income 10,61 Operating expenses (1) 1,52 Retail Banking Services (1,52 Business and Private Banking (67 Institutional Banking and Markets (44 Wealth Management - operating expenses (74 Wealth Management - volume expenses (24 New Zealand (36 Bankwest (41 Other (33 Total operating expenses (4,75 Profit before loan impairment expense (61 Net profit before income tax 5,24 Coperating profit atx expense (1,46 Operating profit after tax ("cash basis") 3,78 Non-controlling interests (1 (Net profit after tax ("cash basis") (3 Treasury shares valuation adjustment (after tax) (3 Hedging and IFR	62	6,513	6,644		
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Wealth Management - volume expenses (24 New Zealand (36 Bankwest (41 Other (33 Total operating expenses (4,75 Profit before loan impairment expense 5,86 Loan impairment expense (61 Net profit before income tax 5,24 Corporate tax expense (1,46 Operating profit after tax 3,78 Non-controlling interests (5 Net profit after tax ("cash basis") 3,78 Treasury shares valuation adjustment (after tax) (3 Hedging and IFRS volatility (after tax) (3 Hedging and IFRS volatility (after tax) (1 Bankwest non-cash items (after tax) (3 Count Financial acquisition costs (after tax) (3 Bell Group litigation (after tax) (4 Net profit after tax ("statutory basis") 3,66 Total operating income (1) (1 Retail Banking Services 3,91 Business and Private Banking 1,88 Institutional Banking and Markets 1,32 Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) 1,11	•	(689			
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Bankwest (41 Other (33 Total operating expenses (4,75 Profit before loan impairment expense 5,86 Loan impairment expense (61 Net profit before income tax 5,24 Corporate tax expense (1,46 Operating profit after tax 3,78 Non-controlling interests (Net profit after tax ("cash basis") 3,78 Treasury shares valuation adjustment (after tax) (3 Hedging and IFRS volatility (after tax) (3 Hedging and IFRS volatility (after tax) (3 Count Financial acquisition costs (after tax) (3 Bell Group litigation (after tax) (4 Net profit after tax ("statutory basis") 3,66 Total operating income (1) 3,91 Retail Banking Services 3,91 Business and Private Banking 1,88 Institutional Banking and Markets 1,32 Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) 1,11	•	(371			
Other (33 Total operating expenses (4,75 Profit before loan impairment expense 5,86 Loan impairment expense (61 Net profit before income tax 5,24 Corporate tax expense (1,46 Operating profit after tax 3,78 Non-controlling interests (Net profit after tax ("cash basis") 3,78 Treasury shares valuation adjustment (after tax) (3 Hedging and IFRS volatility (after tax) (3 Hedging and IFRS volatility (after tax) (4 Bell Group litigation costs (after tax) (3 Count Financial acquisition costs (after tax) (4 Net profit after tax ("statutory basis") 3,66 Total operating income (1) 3,91 Retail Banking Services 3,91 Business and Private Banking 1,88 Institutional Banking and Markets 1,32 Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) 1,11	= -	(420			
Total operating expenses Profit before loan impairment expense Loan impairment	= -	(303			
Profit before loan impairment expense (61 Loan impairment expense (61 Net profit before income tax 5,24 Corporate tax expense (1,46 Operating profit after tax 3,78 Non-controlling interests (10 Net profit after tax ("cash basis") 3,78 Treasury shares valuation adjustment (after tax) (3 Hedging and IFRS volatility (after tax) (1 Bankwest non-cash items (after tax) (3 Count Financial acquisition costs (after tax) Bell Group litigation (after tax) (4 Net profit after tax ("statutory basis") 3,66 Total operating income (1) Retail Banking Services 3,91 Business and Private Banking Institutional Banking and Markets 1,32 Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) 1,11	•	(4,594	,		
Loan impairment expense (61 Net profit before income tax 5,24 Corporate tax expense (1,46 Operating profit after tax 3,78 Non-controlling interests ((1,46) Net profit after tax ("cash basis") 3,78 Treasury shares valuation adjustment (after tax) (3 Hedging and IFRS volatility (after tax) (1 Bankwest non-cash items (after tax) (3 Count Financial acquisition costs (after tax) (3 Net profit after tax ("statutory basis") 3,66 Total operating income (1) Retail Banking Services 3,91 Business and Private Banking Institutional Banking and Markets 1,32 Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) 1,11		5,45			
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Corporate tax expense (1,46 Operating profit after tax 3,78 Non-controlling interests (Net profit after tax ("cash basis") 3,78 Treasury shares valuation adjustment (after tax) (3 Hedging and IFRS volatility (after tax) (1 Bankwest non-cash items (after tax) (3 Count Financial acquisition costs (after tax) (4 Bell Group litigation (after tax) (4 Net profit after tax ("statutory basis") 3,66 Total operating income (1) 3,91 Retail Banking Services 3,91 Business and Private Banking Institutional Banking and Markets 1,32 Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) 1,11	•	4,907	, ,		
Operating profit after tax 3,78 Non-controlling interests (Net profit after tax ("cash basis") 3,78 Treasury shares valuation adjustment (after tax) (3 Hedging and IFRS volatility (after tax) (1 Bankwest non-cash items (after tax) (3 Count Financial acquisition costs (after tax) (4 Bell Group litigation (after tax) (4 Net profit after tax ("statutory basis") 3,66 Total operating income (1) 3,91 Retail Banking Services 3,91 Business and Private Banking 1,88 Institutional Banking and Markets 1,32 Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) 1,11		(1,363			
Non-controlling interests (Net profit after tax ("cash basis") Treasury shares valuation adjustment (after tax) Hedging and IFRS volatility (after tax) Bankwest non-cash items (after tax) Count Financial acquisition costs (after tax) Bell Group litigation (after tax) Net profit after tax ("statutory basis") Total operating income (1) Retail Banking Services Business and Private Banking Institutional Banking and Markets Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) (3) (4)	,	3,544	,		
Net profit after tax ("cash basis") 3,78 Treasury shares valuation adjustment (after tax) (3 Hedging and IFRS volatility (after tax) (1 Bankwest non-cash items (after tax) (3 Count Financial acquisition costs (after tax) (4 Bell Group litigation (after tax) (4 Net profit after tax ("statutory basis") 3,66 Total operating income (1) 3,91 Retail Banking Services 3,91 Business and Private Banking Institutional Banking and Markets 1,32 Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) 1,11	(8)	(7			
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Hedging and IFRS volatility (after tax) Bankwest non-cash items (after tax) Count Financial acquisition costs (after tax) Bell Group litigation (after tax) (4 Net profit after tax ("statutory basis") Total operating income (1) Retail Banking Services Business and Private Banking Institutional Banking and Markets Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) (1)		(16			
Bankwest non-cash items (after tax) Count Financial acquisition costs (after tax) Bell Group litigation (after tax) (4 Net profit after tax ("statutory basis") Total operating income (1) Retail Banking Services Business and Private Banking Institutional Banking and Markets Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) (3 (4 (4 (4) (4) (4) (5) (4) (5) (4) (6) (7) (7) (8) (9) (9) (9) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	•	(10			
Count Financial acquisition costs (after tax) Bell Group litigation (after tax) (4 Net profit after tax ("statutory basis") 7 Total operating income (1) Retail Banking Services Business and Private Banking Institutional Banking and Markets Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) (4 13,66 14 15 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	= -	(54			
Bell Group litigation (after tax) Net profit after tax ("statutory basis") 7 total operating income (1) Retail Banking Services Business and Private Banking Institutional Banking and Markets Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) (4 Net Profit after tax) (4 Net Profit after tax) (4 Net Profit after tax) (5 Net Profit after tax) (6 Net Profit after tax) (7 Net Profit after tax) (8 Net Profit after tax) (9 Net Profit after tax) (1 Net Profit after tax) (2 Net Profit after tax) (3 Net Profit after tax) (4 Net Profit after tax) (4 Net Profit after tax) (5 Net Profit after tax) (6 Net Profit after tax) (7 Net Profit after tax) (8 Net Profit after tax) (9 Net Profit after tax) (9 Net Profit after tax) (9 Net Profit after tax) (1 Net Profit after tax) (2 Net Profit after tax) (3 Net Profit after tax) (4 Net Profit after tax) (5 Net Profit after tax) (6 Net Profit after tax) (7 Net Profit after tax) (8 Net Profit after tax) (8 Net Profit after tax) (9 Net Profit after tax) (1 Net Profit after tax) (2 Net Profit after tax) (3 Net Profit after tax) (4 Net Profit after tax) (5 Net Profit after tax) (6 Net Profit after tax) (7 Net Profit after tax) (8 Net Profit	-	(10	,		
Net profit after tax ("statutory basis") 7 total operating income (1) Retail Banking Services Business and Private Banking Institutional Banking and Markets Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) 3,91 1,88 1,32 Wealth Management (net of volume expenses)	15)	(10			
Retail Banking Services 3,91 Business and Private Banking 1,88 Institutional Banking and Markets 1,32 Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) 1,11	•	3,466	3,624		
Retail Banking Services 3,91 Business and Private Banking 1,88 Institutional Banking and Markets 1,32 Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) 1,11					
Business and Private Banking Institutional Banking and Markets Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) 1,32	18	3,667	3,723		
Institutional Banking and Markets 1,32 Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) 1,11		1,877	*		
Wealth Management (net of volume expenses) 1,11		1,200	,		
		1,022			
New Zealand 79		756	,		
Bankwest 87		807			
Other 37		375			

⁽¹⁾ Comparative information has been restated to conform to presentation in the current period. Refer to Appendix 16 for details.

Appendices

13. Analysis Template (continued)

	н	alf Year Ended	I
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
Profit Summary - Input Schedule	\$M	\$M	\$M
Other data			
Net interest income	6,862	6,513	6,644
Average interest earning assets	649,394	636,547	622,898
Average net assets (1)	42,436	40,224	38,081
Average non-controlling interests (1)	532	530	528
Average other equity instruments (1)	939	939	939
Average treasury shares (1)	(312)	(320)	(306)
Distributions - other equity instruments	20	22	20
Interest expense (after tax) - PERLS III	19	23	25
Interest expense (after tax) - PERLS IV	13	21	23
Interest expense (after tax) - PERLS V	37	40	45
Interest expense (after tax) - PERLS VI	15	-	-
Interest expense (after tax) - TPS	11	11	11
Weighted average number of shares - statutory basis (M)	1,593	1,579	1,561
Weighted average number of shares - statutory diluted (M)	1,686	1,683	1,669
Weighted average number of shares - cash basis (M)	1,596	1,583	1,564
Weighted average number of shares - cash diluted (M)	1,689	1,687	1,672
Weighted average number of shares - PERLS III (M)	20	23	24
Weighted average number of shares - PERLS IV (M)	16	29	30
Weighted average number of shares - PERLS V (M)	33	40	41
Weighted average number of shares - PERLS VI (M)	14	-	-
Weighted average number of shares - TPS (M)	9	11	12
Weighted average number of shares - Executive options (M)	1	1	1
Dividends per share (cents) - fully franked	164	197	137
No. of shares at end of period excluding Treasury Shares deduction (M)	1,609	1,592	1,581
Funds Under Administration (FUA) - average	212,126	200,019	193,571
Average inforce premiums	2,519	2,363	2,180
Net assets	43,299	41,572	38,875
Total intangible assets	10,366	10,281	10,026
Non-controlling interests	532	531	528
Other equity instruments	939	939	939

⁽¹⁾ Average of reporting period balances.

13. Analysis Template (continued)

	H	alf Year Ended	I
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
Ratios - Output Summary	\$M	\$M	\$M
EPS			
Net profit after tax - ("cash basis")	3,780	3,537	3,576
Less distribution - other equity instruments	(20)	(22)	(20)
Adjusted profit for EPS calculation	3,760	3,515	3,556
Average number of shares (M)	1,596	1,583	1,564
Earnings per share - "cash basis" (cents) (1)	235. 5	222. 2	227. 2
Interest expense (after tax) - PERLS III	19	23	25
Interest expense (after tax) - PERLS IV	13	21	23
Interest expense (after tax) - PERLS V	37	40	45
Interest expense (after tax) - PERLS VI	15	-	-
Interest expense (after tax) - TPS	11	11	11
Profit impact of assumed conversions (after tax)	95	95	104
Weighted average number of shares - PERLS III (M)	20	23	24
Weighted average number of shares - PERLS IV (M)	16	29	30
Weighted average number of shares - PERLS V (M)	33	40	41
Weighted average number of shares - PERLS VI (M)	14	-	-
Weighted average number of shares - TPS (M)	9	11	12
Weighted average number of shares - Executive Options (M)	1	1	1
Weighted average number of shares - dilutive securities (M)	93	104	108
Adjusted cash profit for EPS calculation	3,760	3,515	3,556
Add back profit impact of assumed conversions (after tax)	95	95	104
Adjusted diluted profit for EPS calculation	3,855	3,610	3,660
Average number of shares (M)	1,596	1,583	1,564
Add back weighted average number of shares (M)	93	104	108
Diluted average number of shares (M)	1,689	1,687	1,672
Earnings per share diluted - "cash basis" (cents) (1)	228. 2	214. 2	218. 7
Net profit after tax - ("statutory basis")	3,661	3,466	3,624
Less distribution - other equity instruments	(20)	(22)	(20)
Adjusted profit for EPS calculation	3,641	3,444	3,604
	1,593		
Average number of shares (M) Earnings per share - "statutory basis" (cents) (1)	228. 6	1,579 218. 1	1,561 230. 8
	220.0	210.1	200.0
DPS Dividends			
Dividends per share (cents)	164	197	137
No of shares at end of period (M)	1,609	1,592	1,581
Total dividends	2,639	3,137	2,166
Dividend payout ratio - "cash basis"	2,033	3,137	2,100
Net profit after tax - ("cash basis")	3,780	3,537	3,576
NPAT - available for distribution to ordinary shareholders	3,760	3,515	3,556
Total dividends	2,639	3,137	2,166
Payout ratio - cash basis (%)	70. 2	89. 2	60. 9
Dividend cover			
NPAT - available for distribution to ordinary shareholders	3,760	3,515	3,556
Total dividends	2,639	3,137	2,166
Dividend cover - cash basis (times)	1. 4	1. 1	1. 6

⁽¹⁾ EPS calculations based on NPAT, interest expense, distributions and number of shares prior to rounding to the nearest million.

Appendices

13. Analysis Template (continued)

		Half Year Ended	ı
	31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
Ratios - Output Summary	\$M	\$M	\$M
ROE			
Return on equity - "cash basis"			
Average net assets	42,436	40,224	38,081
Less:			
Average non-controlling interests	(532	(530)	(528)
Average other equity instruments	(939) (939)	(939)
Average equity	40,965	38,755	36,614
Add average treasury shares	312	320	306
Net average equity	41,277	39,075	36,920
Net profit after tax - cash basis"	3,780	3,537	3,576
Less distribution - other equity instruments	(20	(22)	(20)
Adjusted profit for ROE calculation	3,760	3,515	3,556
Return on equity - "cash basis" (%)	18. 1	18. 1	19. 2
Return on equity - "statutory basis"			
Average net assets	42,436	40,224	38,081
Average non-controlling interests	(532	(530)	(528)
Average other equity interests	(939) (939)	(939)
Average equity	40,965	38,755	36,614
Net profit after tax - "statutory basis"	3,661	3,466	3,624
Less distribution other equity instruments	(20	(22)	(20)
Adjusted profit for ROE calculation	3,641	3,444	3,604
Return on equity - "statutory basis" (%)	17. 6	17. 9	19. 6
Net Tangible Assets (NTA) per share			
Net assets	43,299	41,572	38,875
Less:			
Intangible assets	(10,366	(10,281)	(10,026)
Non-controlling interests	(532		(528)
Other equity instruments	(939	(939)	(939)
Total net tangible assets	31,462	29,821	27,382
No. of shares at end of period (M)	1,609	1,592	1,581
Net tangible assets (NTA) per share (\$)	19.55	18.73	17.32

14. Summary

			Ha	ılf Year Ended		
					Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs
Group		31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %
Net profit after tax ("cash basis")	\$М	3,780	3,537	3,576	7	6
Treasury shares valuation adjustment (after tax)	\$M	(31)	(16)	1	94	large
Hedging and IFRS volatility (after tax)	\$M	(10)	9	115	large	large
Bankwest non-cash items (after tax)	\$M	(33)	(54)	(35)	(39)	(6)
Count Financial Limited acquisition costs (after tax)	\$M	-	(10)	(33)	large	large
Bell Group litigation (after tax)	\$M	(45)	-	-	large	large
Net profit after tax ("statutory basis")	\$M	3,661	3,466	3,624	6	1
Earnings per share ("cash basis") - basic	cents	235. 5	222. 2	227. 2	6	4
Dividends per share (fully franked)	cents	164	197	137	(17)	20
Dividend pay out ratio ("cash basis")	%	70. 2	89. 2	60. 9	large	large
Common Equity Tier One (Internationally Harmonised) - Basel III	%	10. 6	9. 8	9. 3	80 bpts	130 bpts
Common Equity Tier One (APRA) - Basel III	%	8. 1	7. 5	7. 1	60 bpts	100 bpts
Common Equity Tier One - Basel II	%	8. 3	7. 8	7. 7	50 bpts	60 bpts
Tier One - Basel II	%	10. 5	10.0	9. 9	50 bpts	60 bpts
Total Capital - Basel II	%	11. 2	11. 0	11. 1	20 bpts	10 bpts
Number of full time equivalent staff	No.	44,363	44,844	45,810	(1)	(3)
Return on equity ("cash basis")	%	18. 1	18. 1	19. 2	-	(110)bpts
Return on equity ("statutory basis")	%	17. 6	17. 9	19. 6	(30)bpts	(200)bpts
Weighted average no. of shares ("statutory basis") - basic	M	1,593	1,579	1,561	1	2
Net tangible assets per share	\$	19. 55	18. 73	17. 32	4	13
Net interest income ("cash basis")	\$M	6,862	6,513	6,644	5	3
Net interest margin	%	2. 10	2. 06	2. 12	4 bpts	(2)bpts
Other banking income ("cash basis")	\$M	2,135	2,000	1,927	7	11
Other banking income to total banking income	%	23. 7	23. 5	22. 5	20 bpts	120 bpts
Operating expenses to total operating income	%	45. 1	46. 2	45. 8	(110)bpts	(70)bpts
Average interest earning assets	\$M	649,394	636,547	622,898	2	4
Average interest bearing liabilities	\$M	605,408	595,873	585,492	2	3
Loan impairment expense ("cash basis")	\$M	616	544	545	13	13
Impairment expense ("cash basis") annualised as a % of average gross loans and acceptances	%	0. 22	0. 20	0. 21	2 bpts	1 bpt
Individually assessed provisions for impairment as a % of gross impaired assets	%	42. 78	44. 63	44. 85	(185)bpts	(207)bpts
Risk weighted assets	\$M	301,611	302,787	297,705	-	1
Retail Banking Services						
Cash net profit after tax	\$M	1,506	1,374	1,329	10	13
Operating expenses to total banking income	%	38. 9	40. 1	40. 2	(120)bpts	(130)bpts
Business and Private Banking						
Cash net profit after tax	\$M	735	746	767	(1)	(4)
Operating expenses to total banking income	%	36. 1	35. 7	35. 7	40 bpts	40 bpts
Institutional Banking and Markets						
Cash net profit after tax	\$M	603	527	571	14	6
Operating expenses to total banking income	%	33. 3	35. 3	35. 0	(200)bpts	(170)bpts

14. Summary (continued)

			Ha	alf Year Ended	ļ	
					Dec 12 vs	Dec 12 vs
		31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11	Jun 12 %	Dec 11 %
Wealth Management						
Cash net profit after tax	\$M	334	325	304	3	10
Underlying profit after tax	\$M	273	243	249	12	10
Investment experience after tax	\$M	61	82	55	(26)	11
Funds Under Administration - (average)	\$M	204,009	192,325	186,266	6	10
Funds Under Administration - (spot)	\$M	215,851	192,781	184,045	12	17
Net funds flows	\$M	6,459	1,988	2,248	large	large
Annual inforce premiums - (average)	\$M	2,021	1,889	1,724	7	17
Annual Inforce premiums - (spot)	\$M	2,071	1,971	1,807	5	15
Funds management income to average FUA	%	0. 97	0. 99	1. 01	(2)bpts	(4)bpts
Insurance income to average inforce premiums	%	36. 1	34. 8	42. 0	130 bpts	large
Operating expenses to net operating income	%	66. 5	67. 4	66. 9	(90)bpts	(40)bpts
New Zealand						
Cash net profit after tax	\$M	309	257	284	20	9
Underlying profit after tax	\$M	307	268	289	15	6
Funds Under Administration - (average)	\$M	8,117	7,694	7,305	5	11
Funds Under Administration - (spot)	\$M	8,197	7,905	7,244	4	13
Average inforce premiums	\$M	498	474	456	5	9
Annual Inforce premiums - (spot)	\$M	507	488	460	4	10
Funds management income to average FUA	%	0. 61	0. 60	0. 57	1 bpt	4 bpts
Insurance income to average inforce premiums	%	45. 0	47. 1	50. 6	(210)bpts	large
Operating expenses to total operating income	%	45. 9	49. 1	47. 6	(320)bpts	(170)bpts
Bankwest						
Cash net profit after tax	\$M	258	254	273	2	(5)
Operating expenses to total banking income	%	47. 8	52. 0	50. 0	(420)bpts	(220)bpts

15. Foreign Exchange Rates

Exchange Rates Utilised ⁽¹⁾			As at	
		31 Dec 12	30 Jun 12	31 Dec 11
AUD 1.00 =	USD	1. 0386	1. 0181	1. 0159
	EUR	0. 7868	0. 8079	0. 7855
	GBP	0. 6430	0. 6509	0. 6591
	NZD	1. 2610	1. 2756	1. 3147
	JPY	89. 4895	80. 9160	78. 7664

⁽¹⁾ End of day, Sydney time.

16. Disclosure Changes

The Group has made a number of improvements to disclosures within this Profit Announcement.

Customer Reporting

To align with the Group's strategic focus on placing the customer at the centre of everything we do, the presentation of segment Profit and Loss and Balance Sheet has been refined. This has led to a reallocation of revenue, expenses and associated customer balances between segments based on where the customer relationship is being managed, rather than the business from which the product originated. This change primarily affects the presentation of the Retail Banking Services and Business and Private Banking segments.

Capital Allocation

With the introduction of the Basel III regulatory capital framework, the Group has enhanced its capital allocation methodology, allocating the higher capital requirements to business segments. This has resulted in a reallocation of earnings on equity from the Corporate Centre (where residual capital was previously held) to each segment, with no change to total Group capital levels.

Single ADI

As a consequence of the Group relinquishing the banking license (Authorised Deposit-taking Institution or ADI license) held by Bankwest in October 2012, certain treasury-related revenues, operating expenses and balance sheet items have been transferred from the Bankwest segment to the Corporate Centre.

16. Disclosure Changes (continued)

The impact of these changes on each segment's Cash NPAT, Balance Sheet and cost-to-income ratios for the comparative periods is set out below:

Segment Cash NPAT (impact by adjustment type):

		Half Year Ended 30 June 2012									
	Retail	Business	Institutional								
	Banking	and Private	Banking and	Wealth	New						
	Services	Banking	Markets	Management	Zealand	Bankwest	Other	Group			
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M			
Cash NPAT - as published	1,495	516	513	297	232	256	228	3,537			
Restatements:											
Customer Reporting (1)	(174)	191	(17)	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital Allocation & Other	53	39	31	28	25	32	(208)	-			
Single ADI	-	-	-	-	-	(34)	34	-			
Cash NPAT - as restated	1,374	746	527	325	257	254	54	3,537			

	Half Year Ended 31 December 2011										
	Retail	Business	Institutional								
	Banking	and Private	Banking and	Wealth	New						
	Services	Banking	Markets	Management	Zealand	Bankwest	Other	Group			
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Cash NPAT - as published	1,439	551	547	272	258	268	241	3,576			
Restatements:											
Customer Reporting (1)	(162)	179	(17)	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital Allocation & Other	52	37	41	32	26	42	(230)	-			
Single ADI	-	-	-	-	-	(37)	37	-			
Cash NPAT - as restated	1,329	767	571	304	284	273	48	3,576			

⁽¹⁾ Primarily relates to the transfer of revenue related to home loans and retail deposits held by relationship-managed business banking customers from RBS to BPB.

Segment Cash NPAT (impact by P&L line item):

	Half Year Ended 30 June 2012										
•	Retail	Business	Institutional								
	Banking	and Private	Banking and	Wealth	New						
	Services	Banking	Markets	Management	Zealand	Bankwest	Other	Group			
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M			
Cash NPAT - as published	1,495	516	513	297	232	256	228	3,537			
Restatements:											
Increase/(decrease) in Operating income	(191)	352	18	-	35	(6)	(208)	-			
(Increase)/decrease in Operating											
expenses	(2)	(2)) 3	-	1	2	(2)	-			
(Increase)/decrease in Loan impairment											
expense	21	(20)	(1)	-	-	-	-	-			
Increase/(decrease) in Investment											
experience	-	-	-	40	-	-	(40)	-			
(Increase)/decrease in Corporate tax											
expense	51	(100)	(6)	(12)	(11) 2	76	-			
Cash NPAT - as restated	1,374	746	527	325	257	254	54	3,537			

	Half Year Ended 31 December 2011									
•	Retail	Business	Institutional							
	Banking	and Private	Banking and	Wealth	New					
	Services	Banking	Markets	Management	Zealand	Bankwest	Other	Group		
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M		
Cash NPAT - as published	1,439	551	547	272	258	268	241	3,576		
Restatements:										
Increase/(decrease) in Operating income	(171)	332	26	-	34	5	(226)	-		
(Increase)/decrease in Operating expenses	(6)	(4)	8	-	2	2	(2)	-		
(Increase)/decrease in Loan impairment expense	19	(19)	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Increase/(decrease) in Investment experience	-	-	-	46	-	-	(46)	-		
(Increase)/decrease in Corporate tax expense	48	(93)	(10)	(14)	(10) (2)	81	-		
Cash NPAT - as restated	1,329	767	571	304	284	273	48	3,576		

16. Disclosure Changes (continued)

Segment Balance Sheet

Total Liabilities - as restated

		Half Year Ended 30 June 2012									
	Retail	Business	Institutional								
	Banking	and Private	Banking and	Wealth	New						
	Services	Banking	Markets	Management	Zealand	Bankwest	Other	Group			
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M			
Total Assets - as published	284,754	82,157	126,196	20,643	51,456	82,595	70,428	718,229			
Increase/(decrease) (1)	(34,588)	17,629	16,959	-	-	(8,632)	8,632	-			
Total Assets - as restated	250,166	99,786	143,155	20,643	51,456	73,963	79,060	718,229			
Total Liabilities - as published	185,402	115,001	74,662	21,081	47,226	76,570	156,715	676,657			
Increase/(decrease) (2)	(18,384)	(44,470)	62,854	-	-	(29,737)	29,737	-			

137,516

21,081

186,452

676,657

70,531

167,018

	Half Year Ended 31 December 2011							
	Retail	Business	Institutional					
	Banking	and Private	Banking and	Wealth	New			
	Services	Banking	Markets	Management	Zealand	Bankwest	Other	Group
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Total Assets - as published	279,953	82,485	121,155	20,434	51,502	80,042	66,415	701,986
Increase/(decrease) (1)	(34,104)	15,621	18,483	-	-	(8,641)	8,641	-
Total Assets - as restated	245,849	98,106	139,638	20,434	51,502	71,401	75,056	701,986
Total Liabilities - as published	179,054	115,336	72,975	20,235	47,568	74,320	153,623	663,111
Increase/(decrease) (2)	(17,207)	(44,053)) 61,260	-	-	(27,621)	27,621	-
Total Liabilities - as restated	161,847	71,283	134,235	20,235	47,568	46,699	181,244	663,111

⁽¹⁾ Primarily relates to the transfer of home loans held by relationship-managed business banking customers from RBS to BPB and business loans held by Institutional customers transferred from BPB to IB&M; and the impact of Single ADI on Bankwest/Other segments.

Segment Cost-to-Income Ratios

	Half Year Ended 30 June 2012							
	Retail	Business	Institutional					
	Banking	and Private	Banking and	Wealth	New			
	Services	Banking	Markets	Management	Zealand	Bankwest	Other	Group
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Operating expenses to total operating income - as published	38. 0	43. 9	36. 0	67. 4	51. 6	51. 9	n/a	46. 2
Operating expenses to total operating income - as restated	40. 1	35. 7	35. 3	67. 4	49. 1	52. 0	n/a	46. 2

	Half Year Ended 31 December 2011							
	Retail	Business	Institutional					
	Banking	and Private	Banking and	Wealth	New			
	Services	Banking	Markets	Management	Zealand	Bankwest	Other	Group
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Operating expenses to total operating income - as published	38. 3	42. 9	36. 5	66. 9	50. 1	50. 5	n/a	45. 8
Operating expenses to total operating income - as restated	40. 2	35. 7	35. 0	66. 9	47. 6	50. 0	n/a	45. 8

⁽²⁾ Primarily relates to the transfer of retail deposits held by relationship-managed business banking customers from RBS to BPB and business deposits held by Institutional customers transferred from BPB to IB&M: and the impact of Single ADI on Bankwest/Other segments.

17. Definitions

Term	Description
Bankwest	Bankwest is active in all domestic market segments, with lending diversified between the business, rural, housing and personal markets, including a full range of deposit products.
Business and Private Banking	Business and Private Banking provides specialised banking services to relationship managed business and Agribusiness customers, private banking to high net worth individuals and margin lending and trading through CommSec.
Corporate Centre and Group wide Eliminations/Unallocated	Corporate Centre includes the results of unallocated Group support functions such as Investor Relations, Group Strategy, Secretariat and Treasury. Group wide Eliminations/Unallocated includes intra-group elimination entries arising on consolidation, centrally raised provisions and other unallocated revenue and expenses.
Customer satisfaction – external survey	This represents satisfaction with Main Financial Institution (MFI) based on the relationship with the financial institution as measured by Roy Morgan Research. The figures are six months rolling averages and are based on respondents aged 14+. The measure is the percentage of customers who answered as being either "very satisfied" or "fairly satisfied" with their MFI.
Dividend payout ratio	Dividends paid on ordinary shares divided by earnings (earnings are net of dividends on other equity instruments).
DRP	Dividend reinvestment plan.
DRP participation	The percentage of total issued capital participating in the dividend reinvestment plan.
Earnings per share	Calculated in accordance with AASB 133: Earnings per Share.
Expense to income ratio	Represents operating expenses as a percentage of total operating income.
Institutional Banking and Markets	Institutional Banking and Markets services the Group's major corporate, institutional and government clients using a relationship management model based on industry expertise and local insights. The Total Capital Solutions offering includes debt and equity capital raising, financial and commodities price risk management and transactional banking capabilities. Institutional Banking and Markets has international operations in London, Malta, New York, New Zealand, Singapore, Hong Kong, Japan and Shanghai.
Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book	Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book is the risk that the Bank's profit derived from Net Interest Income (interest earned less interest paid), in current and future periods, is adversely impacted from changes in interest rates. This is measured from two perspectives; firstly by quantifying the change in the net present value of the balance sheet's future earnings potential and secondly, as the anticipated change to the Net Interest Income which is reported in the Bank's Income Statement. The APS117 IRRBB regulatory capital requirement is calculated using the net present value approach.
IFS Asia	IFS Asia incorporates the Asian retail and SME banking operations (Indonesia, China, Vietnam and India), investments in Chinese and Vietnamese banks, the joint venture Chinese life insurance business and life insurance operations in Indonesia. It does not include the Business and Private Banking, Institutional Banking and Markets and Colonial First State Global Asset Management businesses in Asia.
Net profit after tax ("cash basis")	Represents net profit after tax and non-controlling interests before Bankwest non-cash items, the gain/loss on disposal of controlled entities/investments, treasury shares valuation adjustment, Count Financial Limited acquisition costs, Bell Group litigation expense and unrealised gains and losses related to hedging and IFRS volatility. This is Management's preferred measure of the Group's financial performance.
Net profit after tax ("statutory basis")	Represents net profit after tax and non-controlling interests, Bankwest non-cash items, the gain/loss on disposal of controlled entities/investments, treasury shares valuation adjustment, Count Financial Limited acquisition costs, Bell Group litigation expense and unrealised gains and losses related to hedging and IFRS volatility. This is equivalent to the statutory item "Net profit attributable to Equity holders of the Bank".
Net profit after tax ("Underlying basis")	Represents net profit after tax ("cash basis") excluding investment experience.
Net tangible assets per share	Net assets excluding intangible assets, non-controlling interests, and other equity instruments divided by ordinary shares on issue at the end of the period.
New Zealand	New Zealand includes the Banking, Funds Management and Insurance businesses operating in New Zealand (excluding the international business of Institutional Banking and Markets).
Operating expenses to net operating income ratio	Represents operating expenses (excluding volume expenses) as a percentage of total operating income less volume expenses.
Other Overseas	Represents amounts booked in branches and controlled entities outside Australia and New Zealand.

Appendices

17. Definitions (continued)

Term	Description
Retail Banking Services	Retail Banking Services provides home loan, consumer finance and retail deposit products and servicing to all Retail bank customers. In addition commission is received for the distribution of wealth management products through the retail distribution network.
Return on average shareholders' equity – Cash basis	Based on cash net profit after tax and non-controlling interests less other equity instruments' distributions applied to average shareholders' equity, excluding non-controlling interests, other equity instruments and treasury shares.
Return on average shareholders' equity – Statutory basis	Based on net profit after tax ("statutory basis") less other equity instruments' distributions applied to average shareholders' equity, excluding non-controlling interests and other equity instruments.
Full time equivalent staff	Includes all permanent full time staff, part time staff equivalents and external contractors employed through third party agencies.
Wealth Management	Wealth Management includes the Global Asset Management (including operations in Asia and Europe), Platform Administration and Life and General Insurance businesses of the Australian operations.
Weighted average number of shares ("cash basis")	Includes an adjustment to exclude "Treasury Shares" related to investment in the Bank's shares held by the employee share scheme trust.
Weighted average number of shares ("statutory basis")	Includes an adjustment to exclude "Treasury Shares" related to investments in the Bank's shares held by both the life insurance statutory funds and by the employee share scheme trust.

18. Market Share Definitions

Retail Market Share

CBA Total Housing Loans (APRA) + CBA Securitised Housing Loans (APRA) + Homepath Balance Home Loans

Total Housing Loans (incl securitisations) (from RBA which includes NBFI's unlike APRA)

CBA Personal Credit Card Lending (APRA)

Credit Cards Credit Cards excluding those issued to Business with Interest Free + without Interest Free

(from RBA which includes NBFI's unlike APRA)

Personal Lending (Other Household Lending)

CBA Term Personal Lending + 88% of Margin Lending balances + Personal Leasing + Revolving credit

Other Loans to Households (APRA)

Total transaction and investment account deposit balances recorded on the domestic books of CBA from individual Household Deposits

Australian residents excluding self-managed superannuation funds (as per APRA definitions)

Total Bank Household Deposits (from APRA monthly banking statistics)

CBA Deposits from Residents excluding those by Banks, other ADIs and Governments and also excluding FX AUD

Retail Deposits equivalent

Total RBA: Current Deposits with banks + Term (excl CD's) + Other with banks (from RBA monthly bulletin statistics)

Business Market Share

Business Lending (APRA)

Loans to residents that are recorded on the domestic books of CBA within the non-financial corporations sector, where this sector comprises private trading corporations, private unincorporated businesses and commonwealth, state, territory and local government non-financial corporation's (as per lending balances submitted to APRA in ARF 320.0)

Total loans to the non-financial corporations sector for all licensed banks that submit to APRA

CBA and CBFC (subsidiary) business lending and credit (specific 'business lending' categories in lodged APRA returns -ARF 320.0 Statement of Financial Position Domestic Book, ARF 320.1 Debt Securities Held and ARF 320.4 Accepted and

Business Lending (RBA)

Endorsed Bills)

Total of business lending and credit to the private non-financial sector by all financial intermediaries (sourced from RBA table Lending & Credit Aggregates which is in turn sourced from specific 'business lending' categories in lodged APRA returns -320.0, 320.1 and 320.4) (includes bills on issue and securitised business loans)

Total transaction and non-transaction account deposit balances recorded on the domestic books of CBA from residents within the non-financial corporation's sector, where this sector comprises private trading corporations, private unincorporated businesses and commonwealth, state, territory and local government non-financial corporation's (as per deposit balances

Business Deposits (APRA)

submitted to APRA in ARF 320.0) Total transaction and non-transaction deposit balances from the non-financial corporation's sector for all licensed banks that submit to APRA

Equities Trading Twelve months rolling average of total value of equities trades

Twelve months rolling average of total value of equities market trades as measured by ASX

Wealth Management

Australian Retail Funds

Total funds in CBA Wealth Management retail investment products (including WM products badged by other

parties)

Total funds in retail investment products market (from Plan for Life)

Total funds in FirstChoice platform FirstChoice

Platform Total funds in platform/masterfund market (from Plan for Life)

(Total Life Insurance

Risk)

Total risk inforce premium of all CBA Group Australian life insurance companies

Total risk inforce premium for all Australian life insurance companies (from Plan for Life)

Australia (Individual Life

Australia

(Individual lump sum + individual risk income) inforce premium of all CBA Group Australian life insurance

Insurance Risk) Individual risk inforce premium for all Australian life insurance companies (from Plan for Life)

18. Market Share Definitions (continued)

New Zealand	
Lending for housing	All ASB residential mortgages to personal customers for housing purposes (including off balance sheet)
20.10.1.9	Total New Zealand residential mortgages to personal customers for housing purposes (from New Zealand Reserve Bank)
	All New Zealand dollar claims on ASB Balance Sheet excluding agriculture, Finance, Insurance, Government, Household and Non-Resident sector loans
Lending to Business	Total New Zealand dollar credit to the resident business sector, based on Australia New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) excluding the following: Agriculture, Finance, Insurance, General Government, Household and Non-Resident sector loans (from New Zealand Reserve Bank)
Retail Deposits	All New Zealand dollar retail deposits on ASB Balance Sheet
rtetaii Deposits	Total New Zealand dollar retail deposits of all New Zealand registered banks (from New Zealand Reserve Bank)
Data II FUM	Total ASB FUM + Sovereign FUM
Retail FUM	Total Market net Retail Funds under Management (from Fund Source Research Limited)
Inforce Premiums	Total Sovereign inforce premiums excluding health (inforce annual premium income + new business – exits – other) Total inforce premium for New Zealand (from ISI statistics)
Bankwest	
	Bankwest Total Housing Loans (APRA) + Bankwest Securitised Housing loans (APRA)
Home Loans	Total Housing Loans (incl securitisations) (from RBA which includes NBFI's unlike APRA)
Business Lending (APRA)	Loans and advances to residents that are recorded on the domestic books of Bankwest within the non-financial corporations sector, where this sector comprises private trading corporations, private unincorporated businesses and commonwealth, state, territory and local government non-financial corporations (as per lending balances submitted to APRA in ARF 320.0)
	Total loans and advances to the non-financial corporations sector for all licensed banks that submit to APRA
Business Lending	Bankwest business lending and credit (specific 'business lending' categories in lodged APRA returns – ARF 320.0 Statement of Financial Position Domestic Book and ARF 320.4 Accepted and Endorsed Bills)
(RBA)	Total of business lending and credit to the private non-financial sector by all financial intermediaries (sourced from RBA table Lending & Credit Aggregates which is in turn sourced from specific 'business lending' categories in lodged APRA returns - 320.0, 320.1 and 320.4) (includes bills on issue and securitised business loans)
	Bankwest Personal Credit Card Lending (APRA)
Credit Cards	Credit Cards excluding those issued to Business with Interest Free + without Interest Free (from RBA which includes NBFI's unlike APRA)
Personal Lending	Bankwest Term Personal Lending + Margin Lending net balances + Personal Leasing + Revolving credit
(Other Household Lending)	Other Loans to Households (APRA)
Household Deposits	Total transaction and investment account deposit balances recorded on the domestic books of Bankwest from individual Australian residents excluding self-managed superannuation funds (as per APRA definitions)
	Total Bank Household Deposits (from APRA monthly banking statistics)
Business Deposits (APRA)	Total transaction and non-transaction account deposit balances recorded on the domestic books of Bankwest from residents within the non-financial corporations sector, where this sector comprises private trading corporations, private unincorporated businesses and commonwealth, state, territory and local government non-financial corporations (as per deposit balances submitted to APRA in ARF 320.0)
,	Total transaction and non-transaction deposit balances from the non-financial corporations sector for all licensed banks that submit to APRA
Retail Deposits	BWA Deposits from Residents excluding those by Banks, other ADIs and Governments and also excluding FX AUD equivalent
	Total RBA: Current Deposits with banks + Term (excl CD's) + Other with banks (from RBA monthly bulletin statistics)